

NEW JERSEY ADULT MOSQUITO SURVEILLANCE

Report for 30 September to 6 October, 2007, Week 40

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Purpose: Samples from New Jersey light traps throughout the state are collected by county mosquito control agencies for use in their IPM programs. A portion of this data (about 82 traps) is sent to Rutgers and re-calculated to show statewide trends in mosquito populations for species of nuisance or health concerns.

Calculations are based on regional distributions, with emphasis on mosquito habitat and land use. Trends will allow a statewide evaluation of changing mosquito populations, in response to control and/or changes in habitat.

This New Jersey Agricultural Experiment Station report is supported by Rutgers University, Hatch funds, funding from the NJ State Mosquito Control Commission and with the participation of county mosquito control agencies in New Jersey.

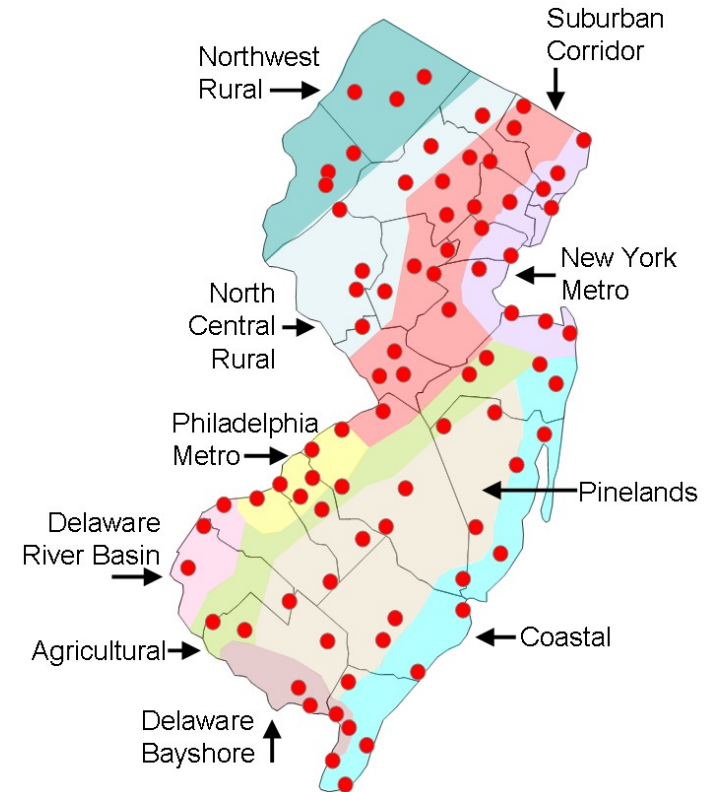


Figure 1: Ten regions selected for the New Jersey Adult Mosquito Surveillance Program overlaid with county borders. Trap locations indicated by red-filled circles.

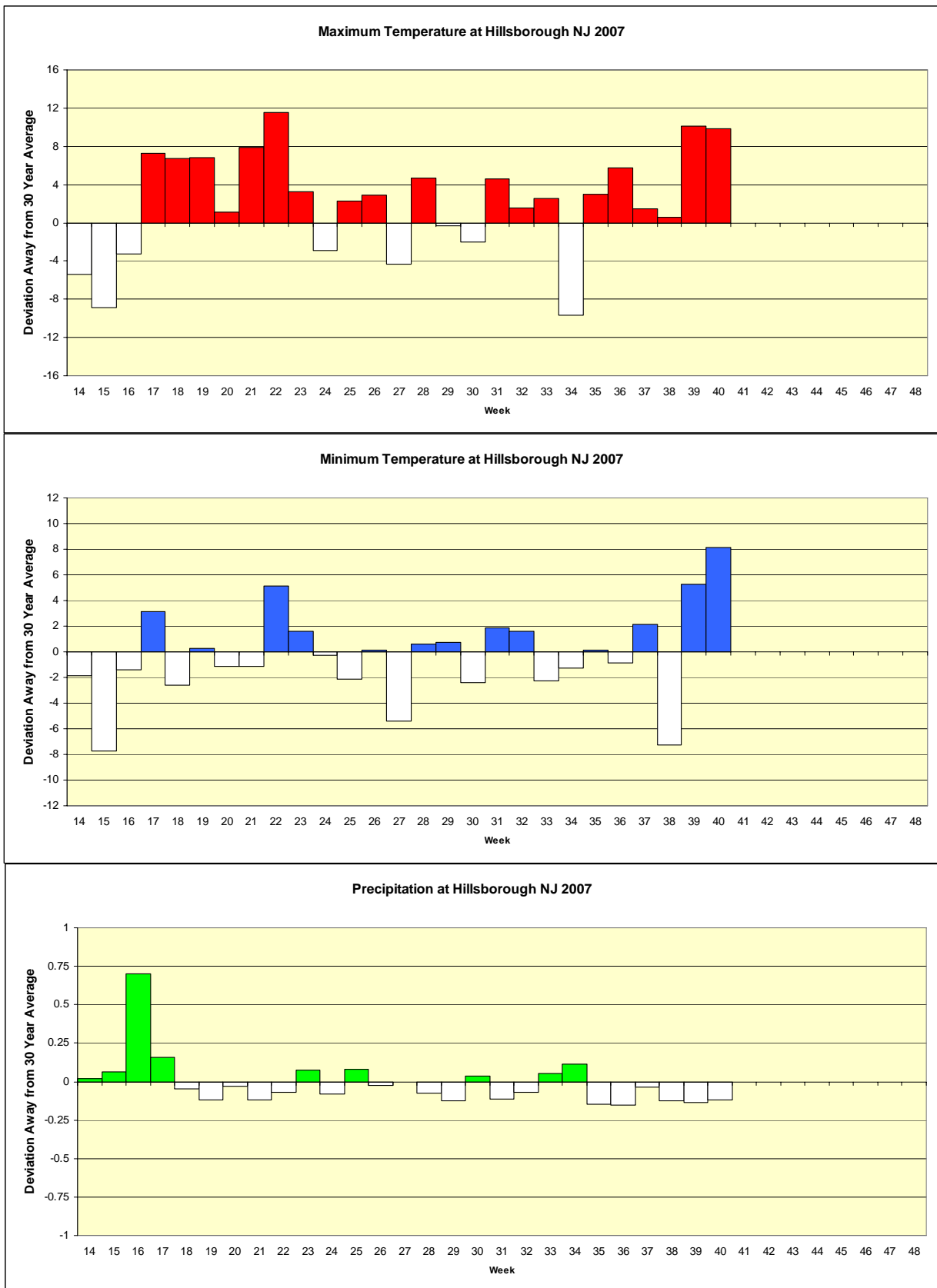
Summary table – Week 40

	<i>Aedes vexans</i>			<i>Culex Mix</i>			<i>Coquillettidia perturbans</i>			<i>Aedes sollicitans</i>		
Region	This Week	Average*	Increase	This Week	Average*	Increase	This Week	Average*	Increase	This Week	Average*	Increase
Agricultural	0.21	2.15	0	0.02	2.56	0	0.02	0.00		0.00	0.00	0
Coastal	0.03	3.12	0	0.17	2.32	0	0.00	0.00	0	0.00	3.47	0
Delaware Bayshore	0.00	1.14	0	0.00	4.69	0	0.00	0.00	0	0.00	1.93	0
Delaware River Basin	0.00	2.22	0	0.00	1.46	0	0.00	0.04	0	0.00	0.02	0
New York Metro	0.30	1.76	0	3.11	2.60	1	0.00	0.00	0	0.00	0.04	0
North Central Rural	0.00	0.30	0	0.00	0.04	0	0.00	0.00	0	0.00	0.00	0
Northwest Rural	0.11	5.24	0	0.06	1.05	0	0.00	0.04	0	0.00	0.00	0
Philadelphia Metro	0.86	4.91	0	0.33	1.66	0	0.00	0.10	0	0.00	0.00	0
Pinelands	0.00	1.15	0	0.01	1.66	0	0.00	0.00	0	0.00	0.01	0
Suburban Corridor	0.00	1.50	0	0.00	0.61	0	0.00	0.02	0	0.00	0.05	0

* Averages represent data from, at most, the previous 5 years. Increase is a scale of current values from historical values where no difference or a decrease is represented by 0 (blue), up to 50% greater difference by 1 (green), up to 100% greater difference by 2 (yellow), up to 150% greater difference by 3 (orange) and greater than 150% increase by 4 (red). White cells denote increases from an historic zero and thus no value can be appropriately given. These end-of-year changes are generally minor unless otherwise noted.

State Summary: Mosquito abundance for the four pestiferous species appears to plummet this week. However, data from several counties have not come in. Participation varies considerably as some counties close down for the season, and caution should be used in the interpretation of abundances. *Culex* *Coquillettidia perturbans* numbers are likely true as this is a mid-season mosquito.

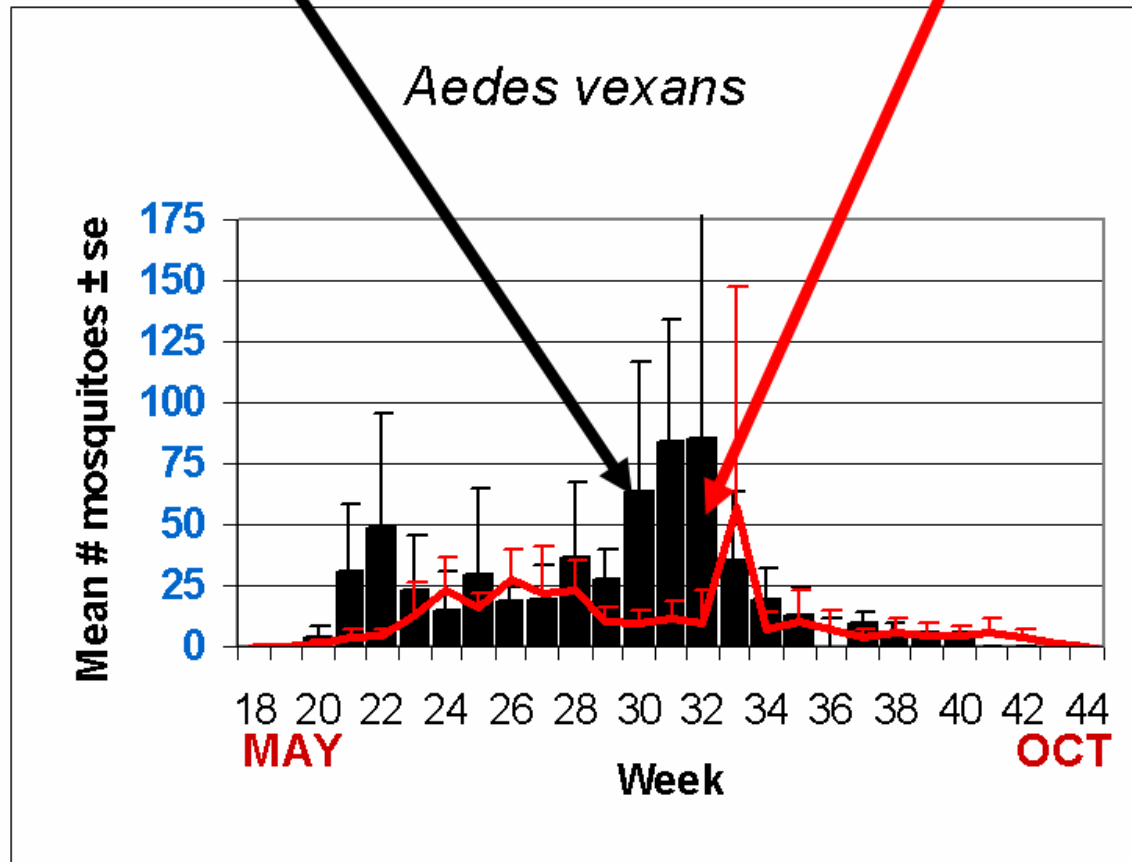
Climate Deviations



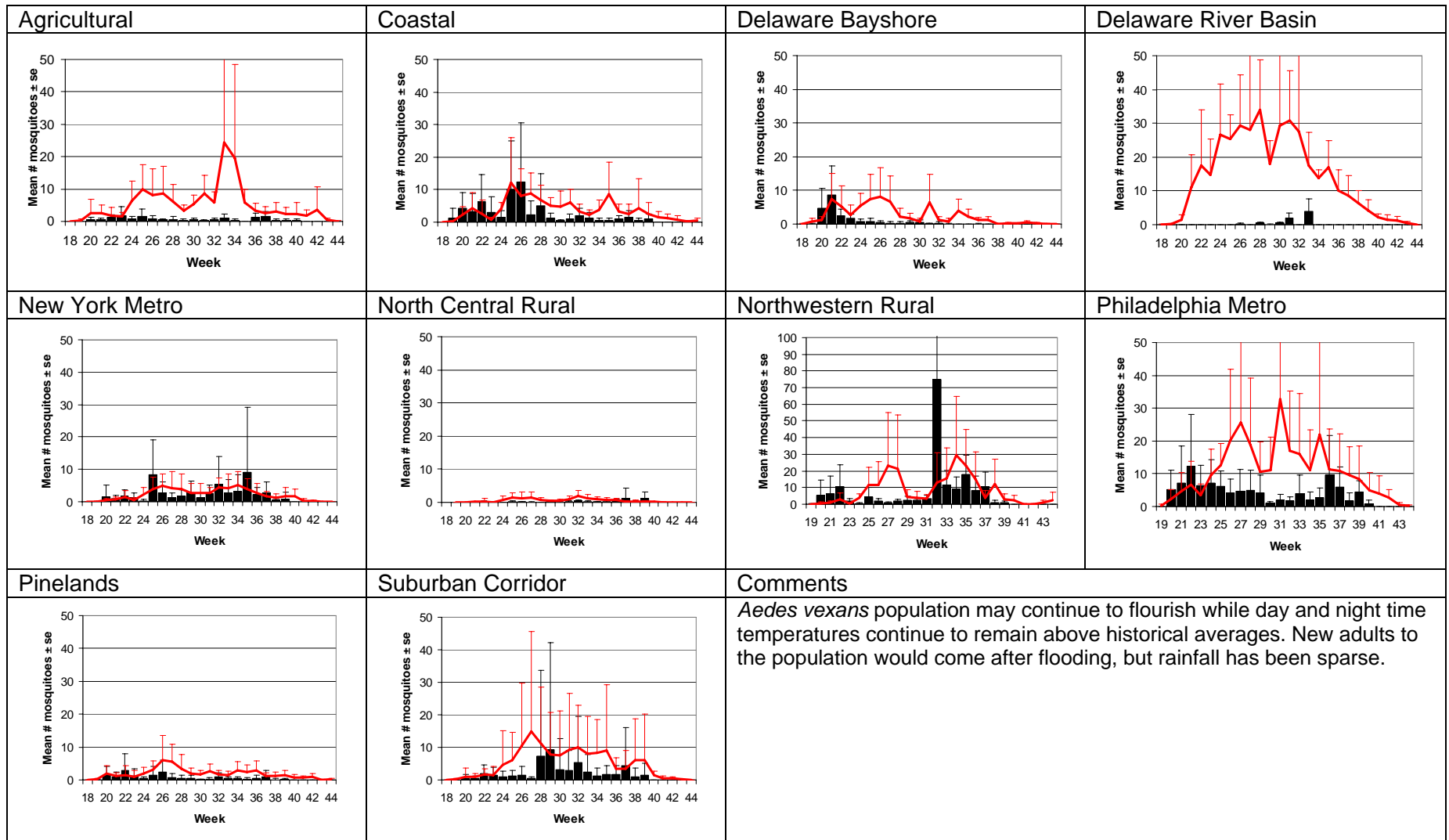
The figures show the average maximum temperature, minimum temperature and precipitation deviations from 30 year averages. Current data is from the Hillsborough NJ weather station (a station close to central NJ which recorded all three parameters and was available online at the NJ state climatologist) while historical data was from the New Brunswick weather station. Color bars above the zero line indicate warmer maximum or minimum temperatures and wetter conditions while white bars indicate cooler temperatures and drier conditions.

The Species Graphs: The species graph pages include a graph with two plots for each of the ten regions defined on the first page (Agricultural, Coastal, Delaware Bayshore, Delaware River, New York Metro, North-Central, Northwestern, Philadelphia Metro, Pinelands, and Suburban Corridor). Below is an example of one graph from one species within one region. The bar plot show the average number of mosquitoes per trap within the region (weekly means) and line plots show the historical trend as the average number of mosquitoes from the previous 5 years (5-year average). In general, historical data are running means from the previous 5 years, but on occasion, will include data from fewer years. Adjustments are made to account for year discrepancies. Data for Week 40 are from Camden, Hudson, Hunterdon, Monmouth and Warren counties.

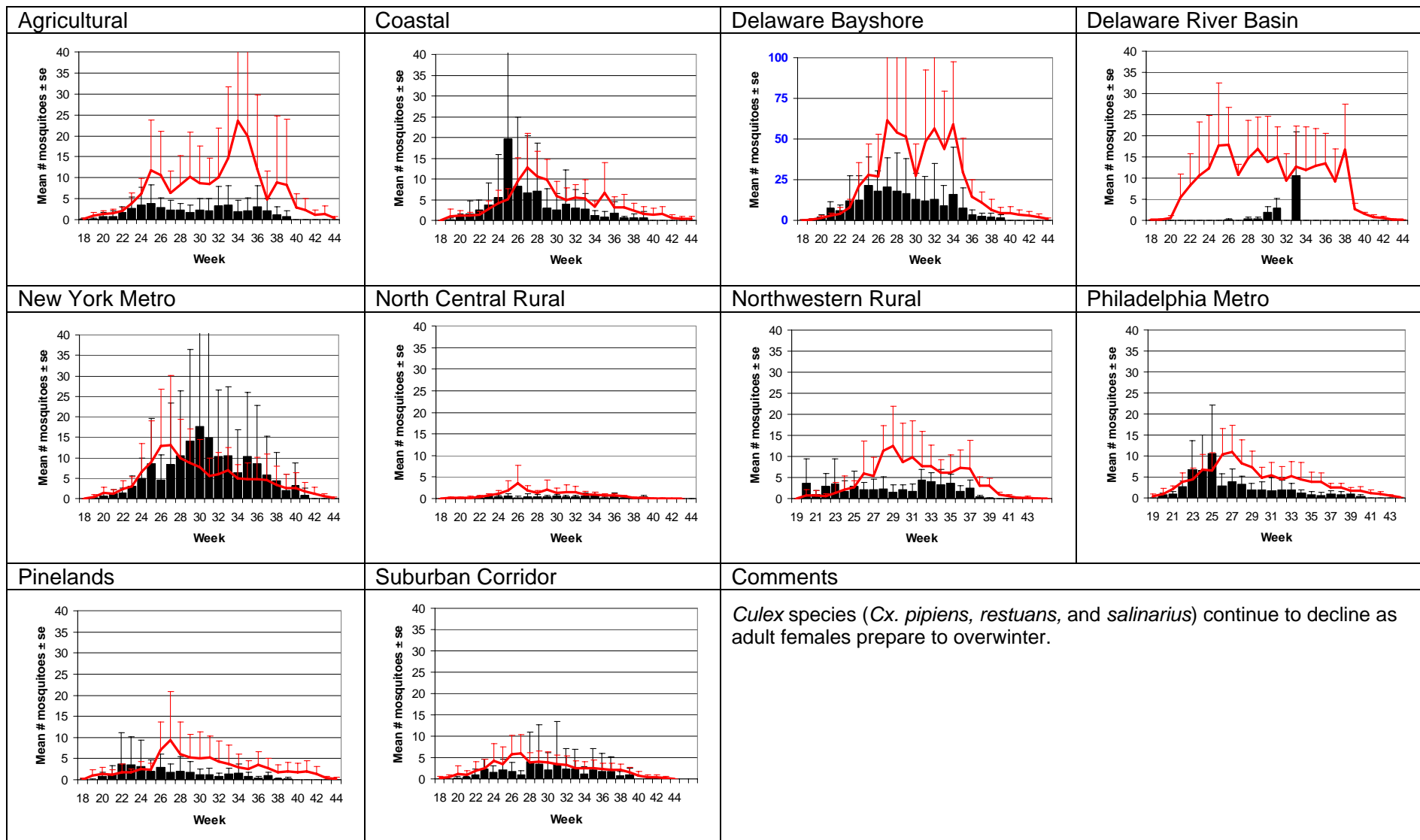
Weekly Means Against 5-year Average



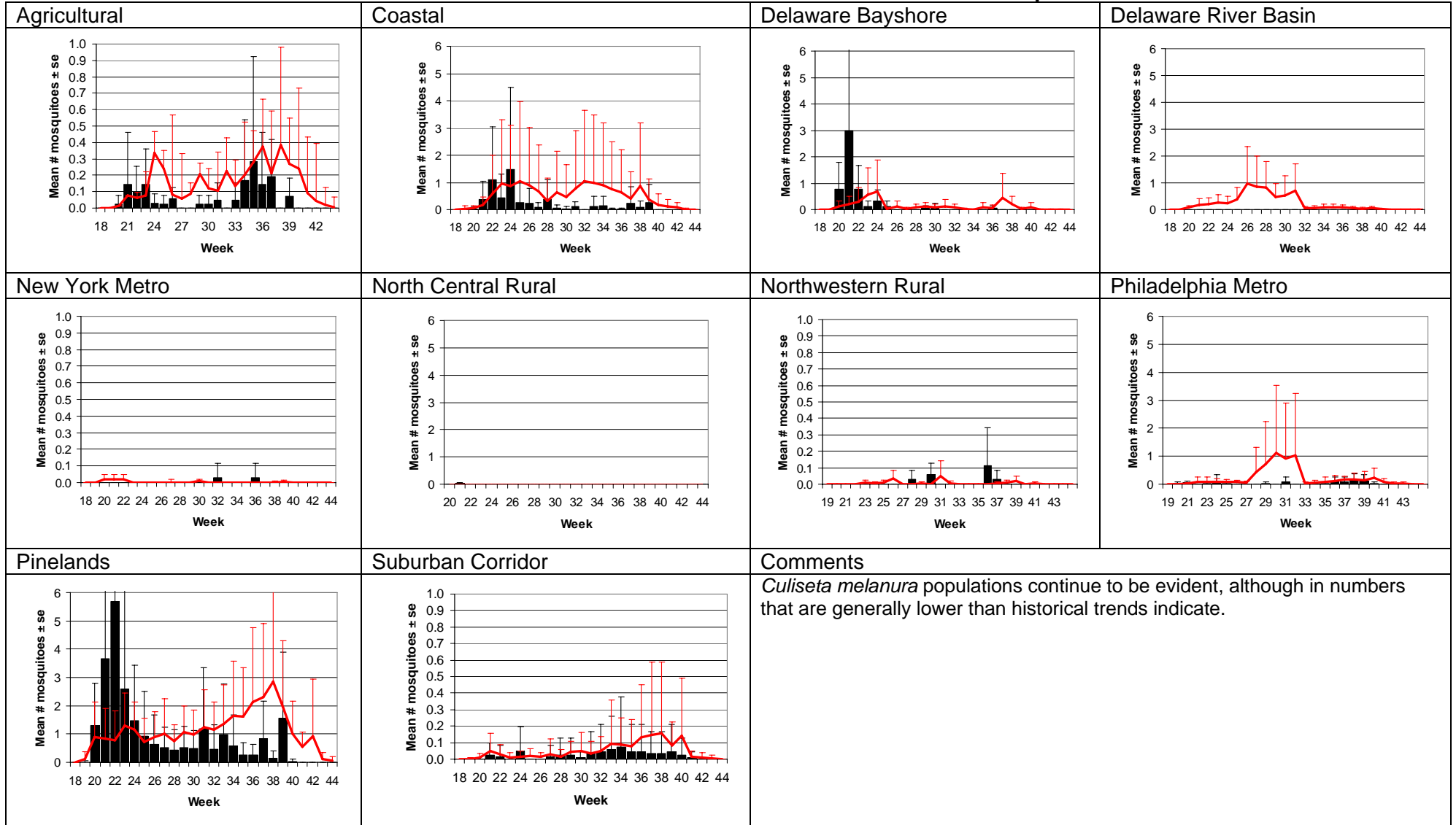
Aedes vexans - Fresh Floodwater Species



Culex Mix - Multivoltine Culex Species



Culiseta melanura – Miscellaneous Group



Aedes sollicitans - Salt Marsh Floodwater Species

<p>Agricultural</p>	<p>Coastal</p>	<p>Delaware Bayshore</p>	<p>Delaware River Basin</p>
<p>New York Metro</p>	<p>North Central Rural</p>	<p>Northwestern Rural</p>	<p>Philadelphia Metro</p>
<p>Pinelands</p>	<p>Suburban Corridor</p>	<p>Comments</p> <p><i>Aedes sollicitans</i> have essentially finished their season. There appears to have been three distinct brood emergences after a very small initial emergence.</p>	