

NEW JERSEY ADULT MOSQUITO SURVEILLANCE

Report for 5 July to 11 July 2015, CDC Week 27

Prepared by Lisa M. Reed, Scott Crans and Mark Robson

Center for Vector Biology



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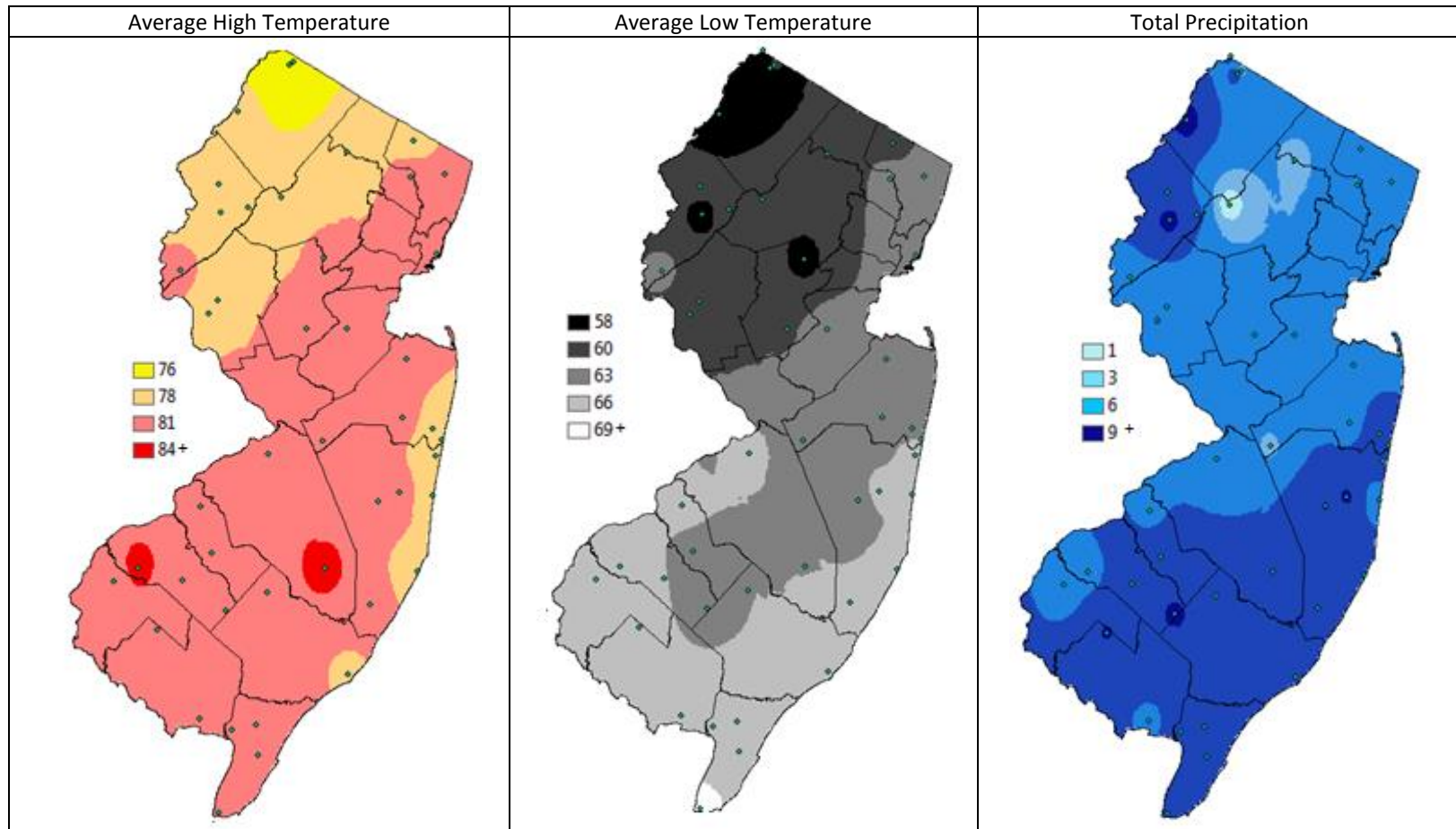
Summary Table – Week 27

Region	<i>Aedes vexans</i>			<i>Culex Mix</i>			<i>Coquillettidia perturbans</i>			<i>Aedes sollicitans</i>		
	This Week	Average*	Increase	This Week	Average*	Increase	This Week	Average*	Increase	This Week	Average*	Increase
Agricultural	0.91	3.40	0	1.10	2.55	0	0.97	0.71	1	0.29	0.09	4
Coastal	2.29	2.07	1	2.77	4.35	0	0.09	0.39	0	8.54	5.88	1
Delaware Bayshore	nd	3.34	0	nd	18.97	0	nd	2.39	0	nd	1.60	0
Delaware River Basin	nd	12.18	0	nd	1.03	0	nd	0.21	0	nd	0.00	0
New York Metro	3.69	5.39	0	4.59	6.32	0	0.16	0.13	1	0.67	0.60	1
North Central Rural	0.33	0.75	0	1.92	0.63	4	0.39	0.23	2	0.00	0.00	0
Northwest Rural	nd	22.53	0	nd	5.71	0	nd	1.83	0	nd	0.00	0
Philadelphia Metro	nd	13.41	0	nd	5.88	0	nd	0.81	0	nd	0.00	0
Pinelands	0.27	1.31	0	0.65	2.31	0	0.88	1.42	0	0.01	0.05	0
Suburban Corridor	0.69	6.35	0	0.40	2.54	0	0.05	1.47	0	0.00	0.01	0

*Averages represent data from, at most, the previous 5 years. Increase is a scale of current values from historical values where no difference or a decrease is represented by 0 (blue), up to 50% greater difference by 1 (green), up to 100% greater difference by 2 (yellow), up to 150% greater difference by 3 (orange) and greater than 150% increase by 4 (red). White cells in the increase column denote increases from an historic zero and thus no value can be appropriately given. nd=no data reported.

State Summary: For the current week, *Aedes vexans* is mildly elevated in the Coastal region and *Culex Mix* is significantly higher in the North Central Rural region. *Coquillettidia perturbans* numbers continue to be elevated in several regions (Agricultural, New York Metro and the North Central) while *Aedes sollicitans* is significantly higher in the Agricultural region and mildly elevated in the Coastal and New York Metro regions.

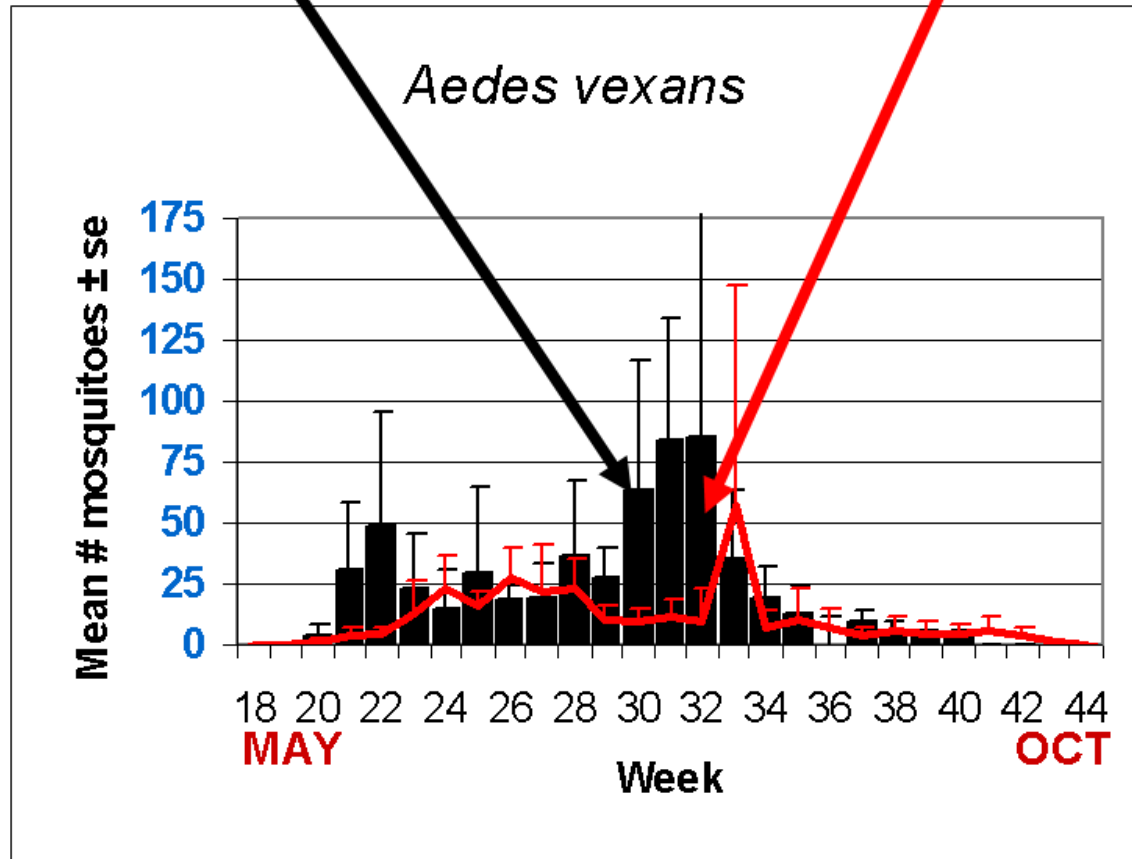
Climate Factors



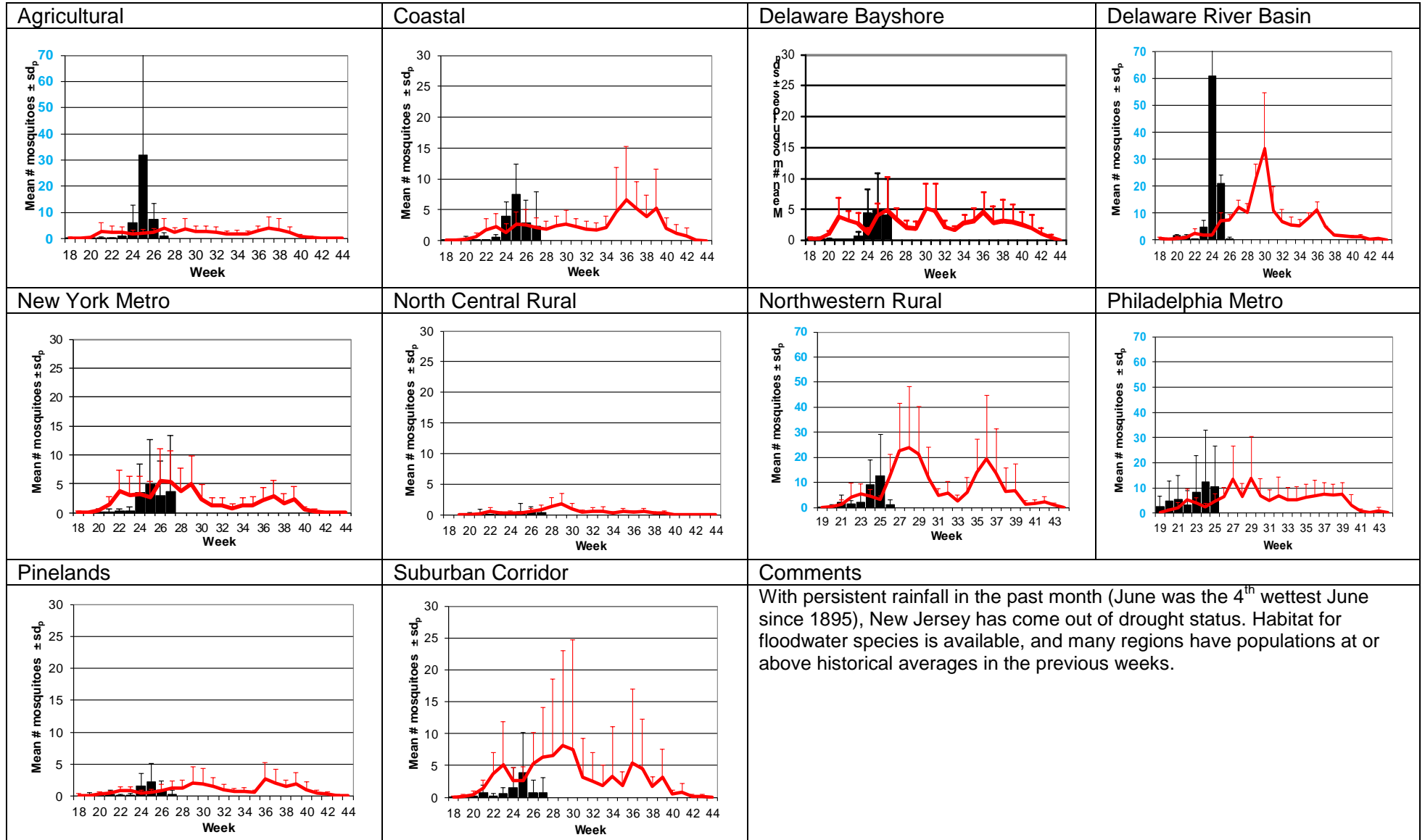
The three figures show the interpolation of average maximum (°F) and minimum temperature (°F) and total precipitation (inches) for 30 days prior to 10 July 2015 in New Jersey. Data points are from about 43 weather stations maintained through the New Jersey Weather & Climate Network and the State Climatologist. Interpolation between points was performed using ArcMap 10.1.

The Species Graphs: The species graph pages include a graph with two plots for each of the ten regions defined on the first page (Agricultural, Coastal, Delaware Bayshore, Delaware River, New York Metro, North-Central, Northwestern, Philadelphia Metro, Pinelands, and Suburban Corridor). Below is an example of one graph from one species within one region. The bar plot show the average number of mosquitoes per trap within the region (weekly means) and line plots show the historical trend as the average number of mosquitoes from the previous 5 years (5-year average). In general, historical data are running means from the previous 5 years, but on occasion, will include data from fewer years. Adjustments are made to account for year discrepancies. Data for this week are from Hudson, Monmouth, Morris, Ocean and Union counties. Data for the previous week are from Atlantic, Bergen, Cape May, Cumberland, Hudson, Monmouth, Morris, Ocean, Salem, Sussex and Union counties.

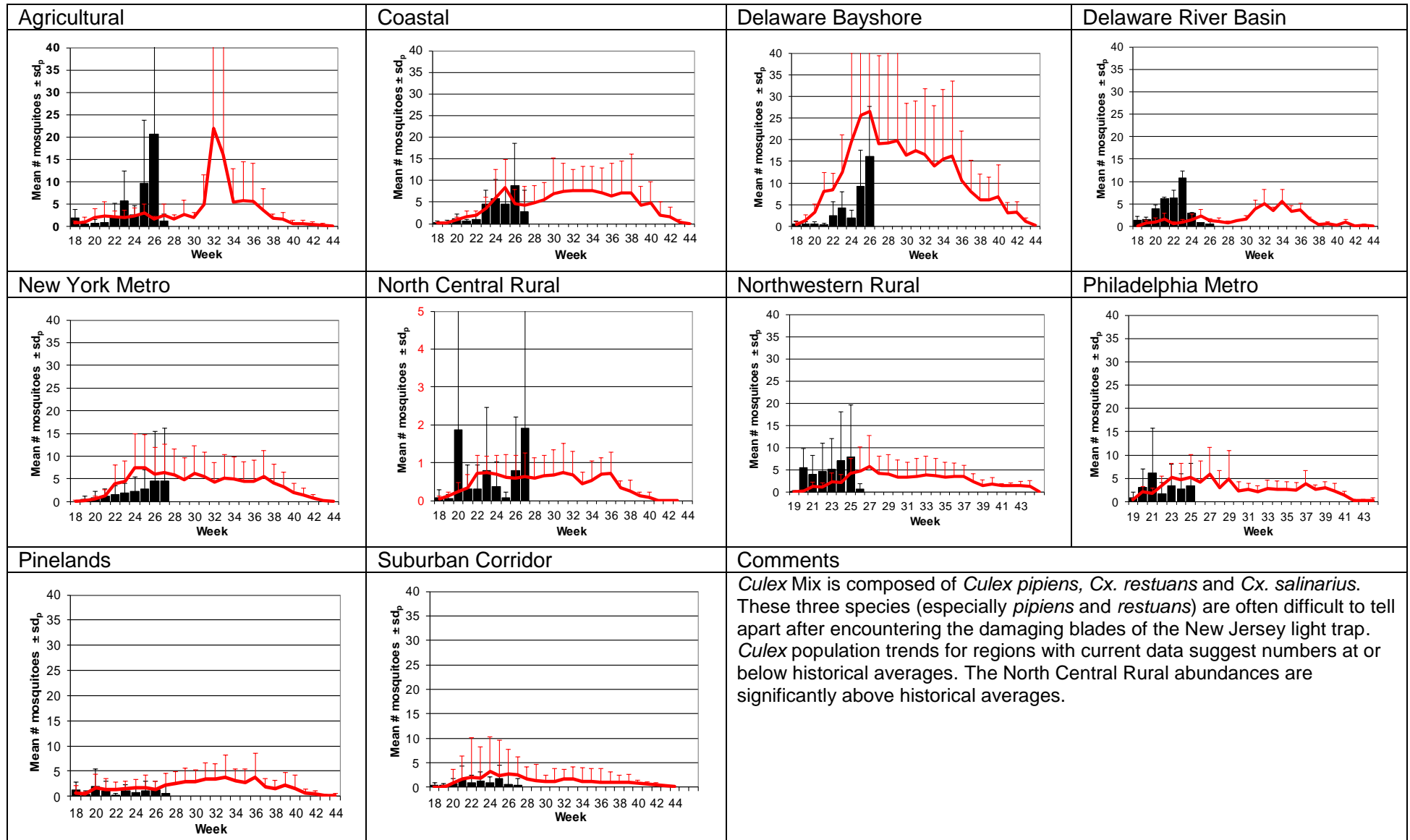
Weekly Means Against 5-year Average



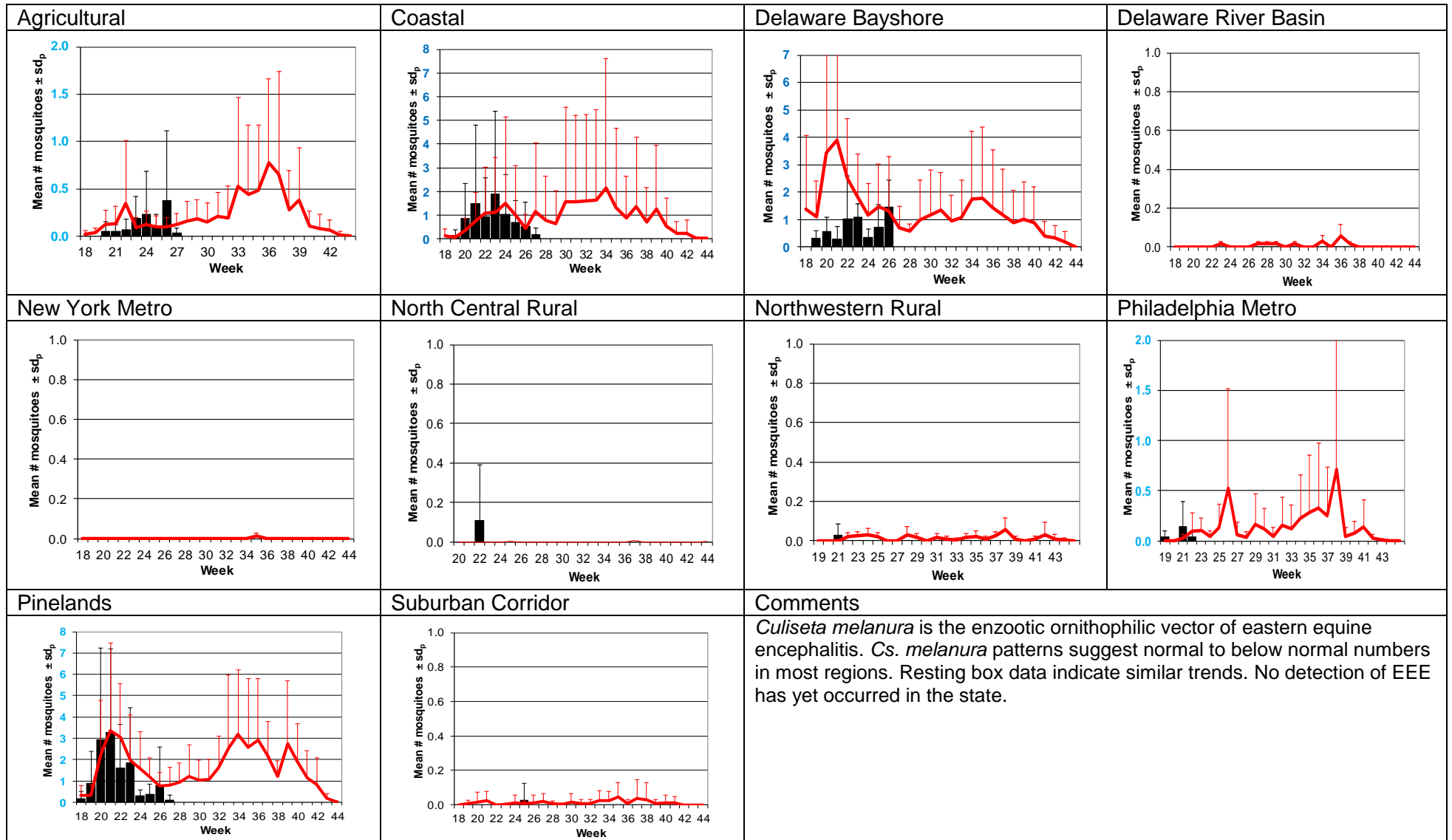
Aedes vexans - Fresh Floodwater Species Multivoltine Aedine (Ae. vexans Type)



Culex Mix – Permanent Water Species Multivoltine *Culex/Anopheles* (*Cx. pipiens* Type)



Culiseta melanura – Miscellaneous Group Unique (*Cs. melanura* Type)

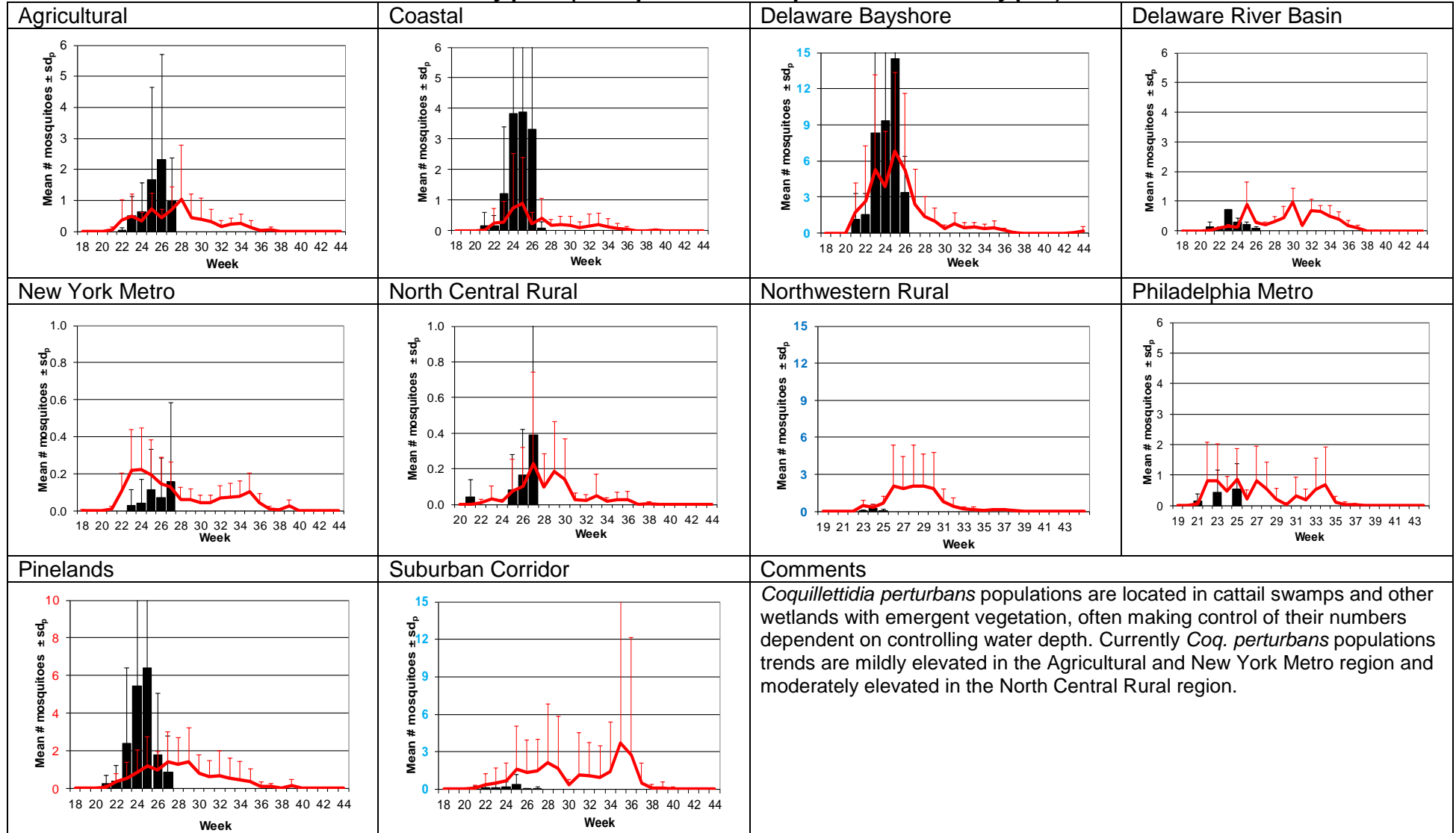


Aedes sollicitans - Salt Floodwater Species Multivoltine Aedine (Ae. sollicitans Type)

<p>Agricultural</p>	<p>Coastal</p>	<p>Delaware Bayshore</p>	<p>Delaware River Basin</p>
<p>New York Metro</p>	<p>North Central Rural</p>	<p>Northwestern Rural</p>	<p>Philadelphia Metro</p>
<p>Pinelands</p>	<p>Suburban Corridor</p>	<p>Comments</p> <p><i>Aedes sollicitans</i> is a salt floodwater species and responds to both lunar tidal patterns as well as rainfall. For the past few years, numbers of <i>Ae. sollicitans</i> have been severely reduced. Currently data shows significantly higher numbers in the Agricultural region and marginally higher numbers in the Coastal and New York Metro region.</p> <p>The next full moon is 31 July, 2015.</p>	

Coquillettidia perturbans

Monotypic (*Coquillettidia perturbans* Type)

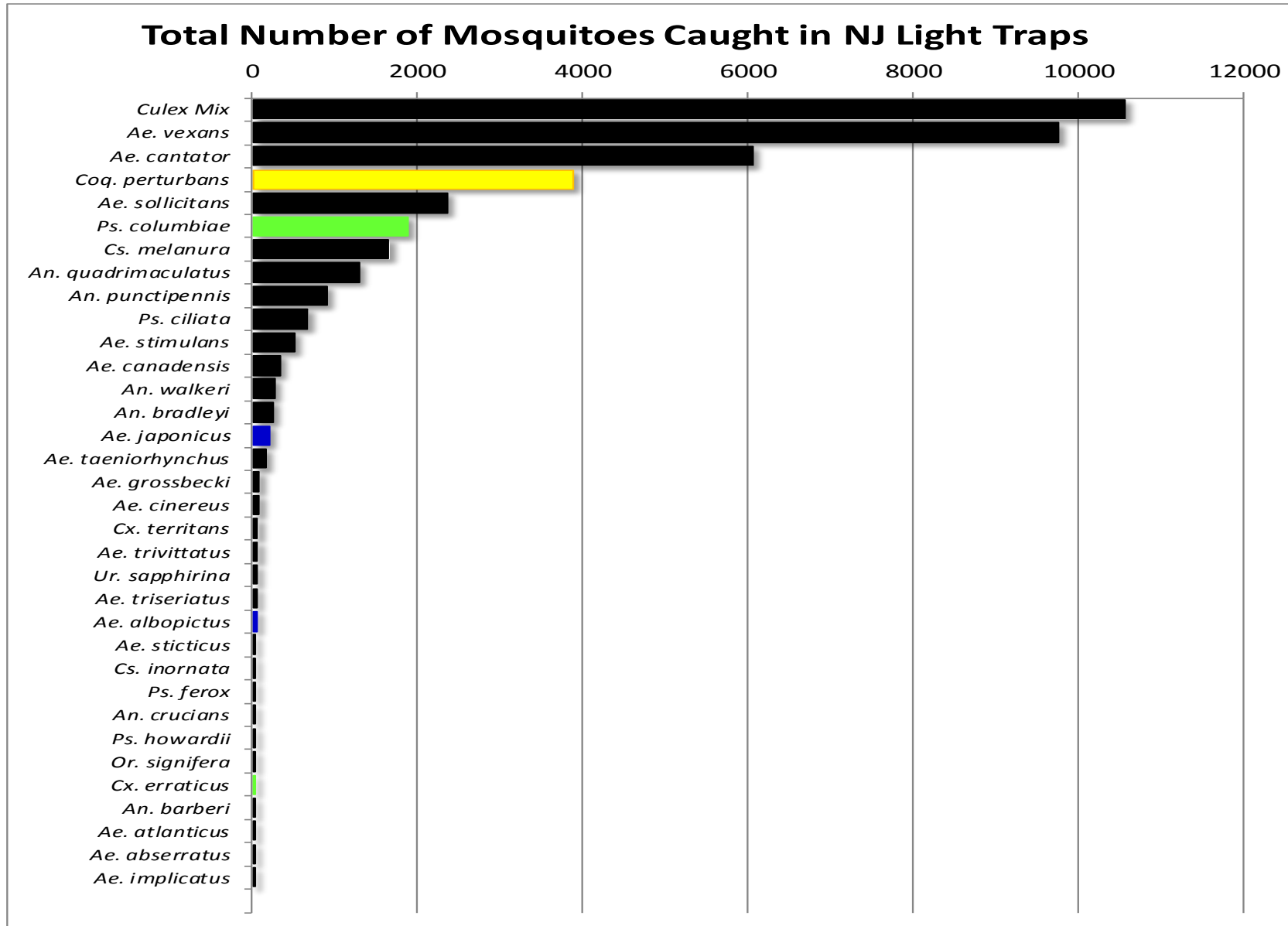


WNV

EEE

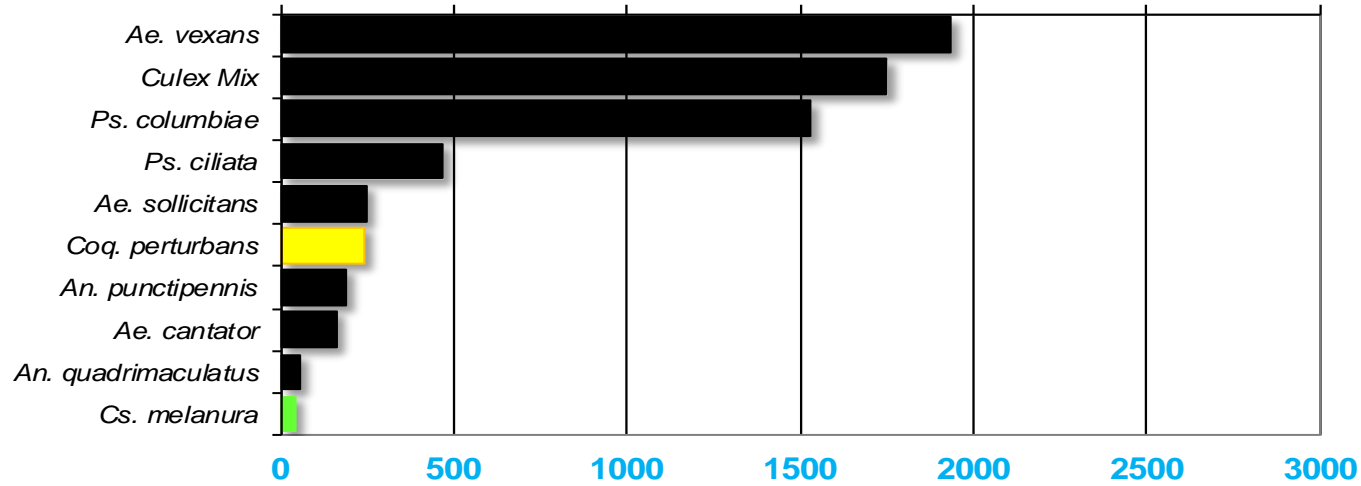
Top Ten Mosquito Species/Region - ■ *Ae. albopictus*, ■ *Ae. japonicus* (invasives); ■ *Cs. melanura* or *Cx. erraticus* ■ *Coq. perturbans*

Note: In early season when fewer species are caught, graphs may show less than ten species/region or 25 statewide.



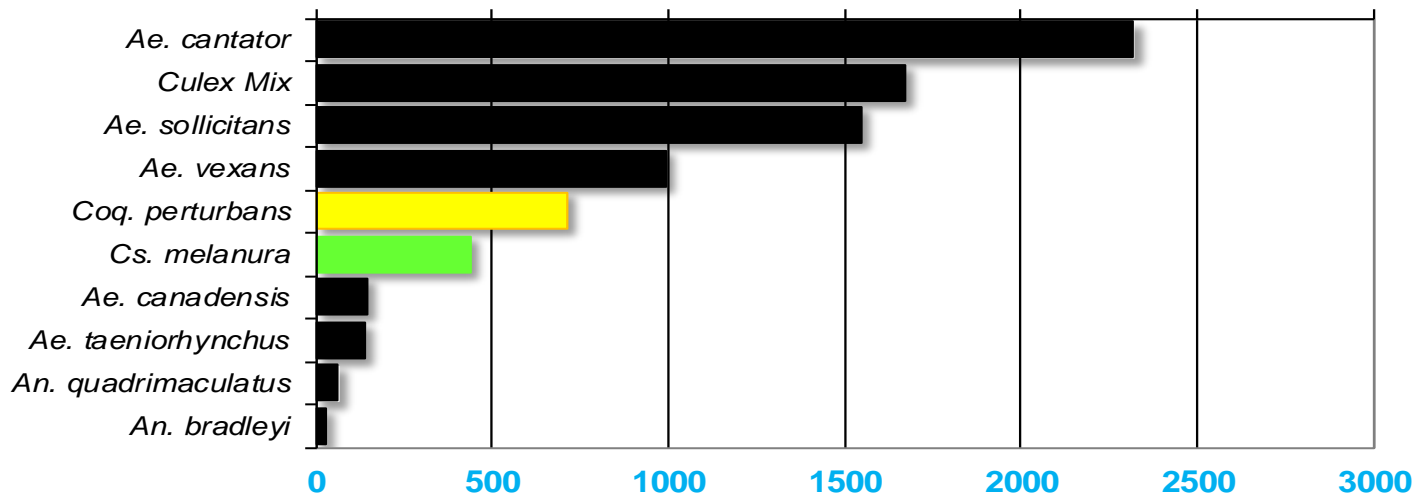
Agricultural

Total # mosquitoes



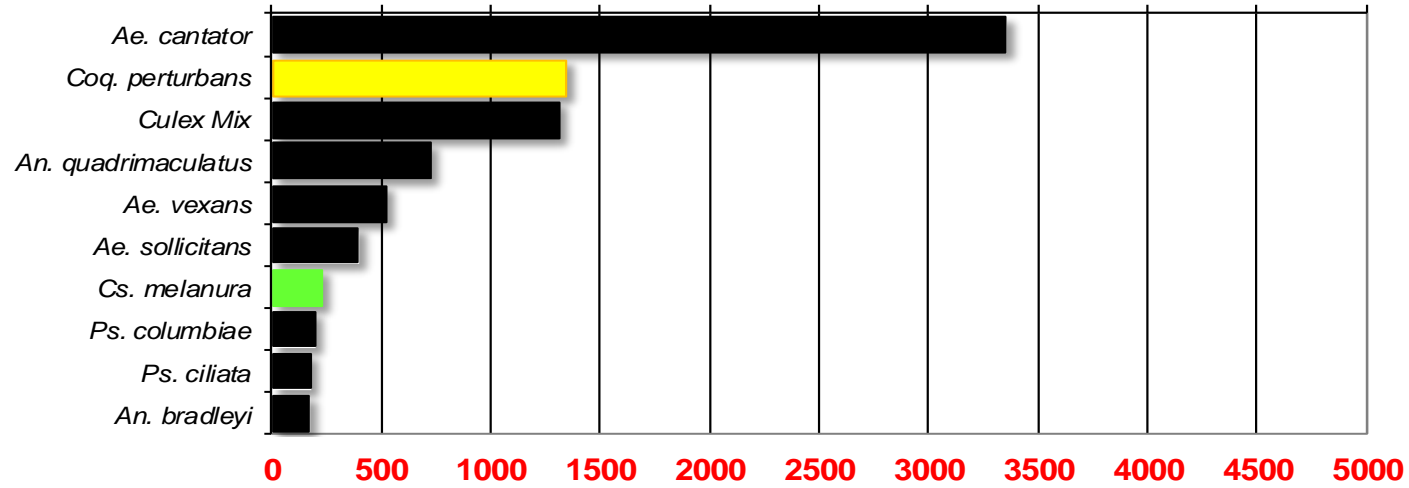
Coastal

Total # mosquitoes



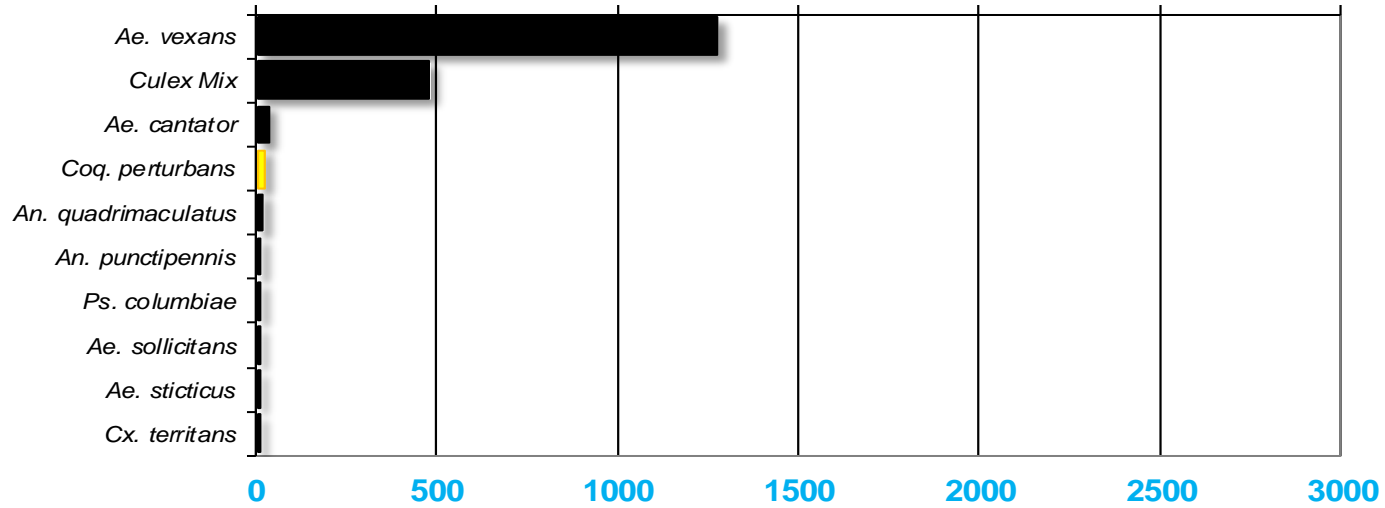
Delaware Bayshore

Total # mosquitoes



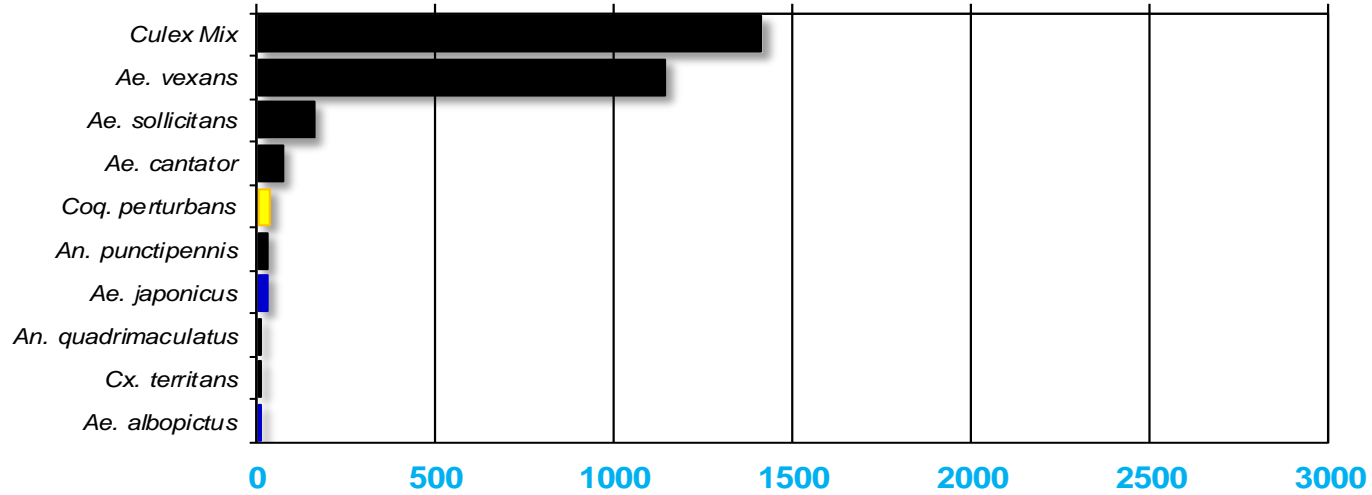
Delaware River Basin

Total # mosquitoes



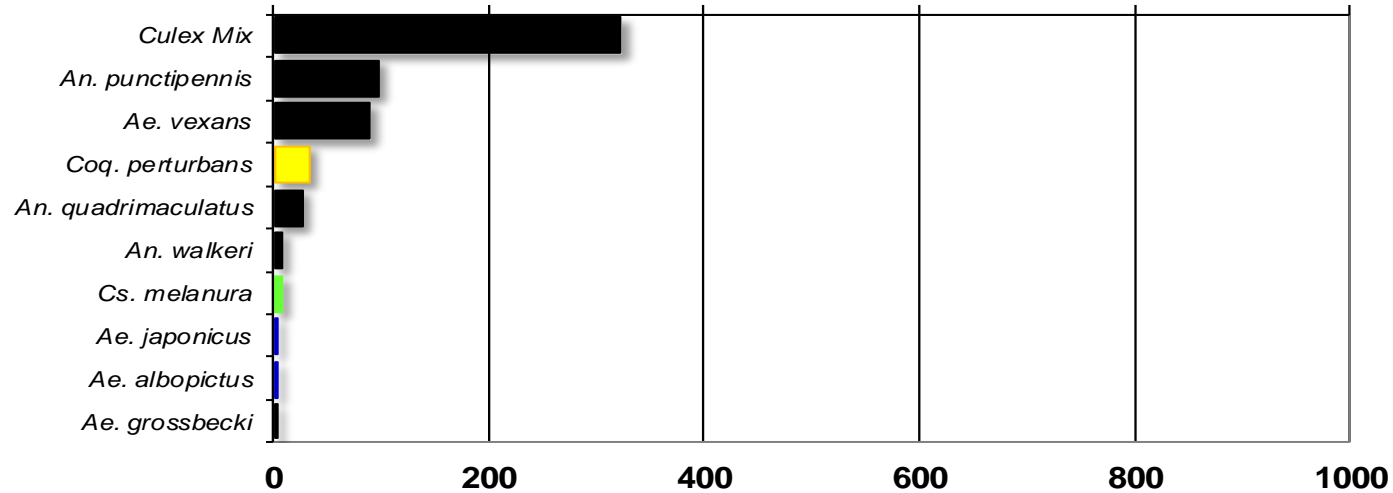
New York Metropolitan

Total # mosquitoes



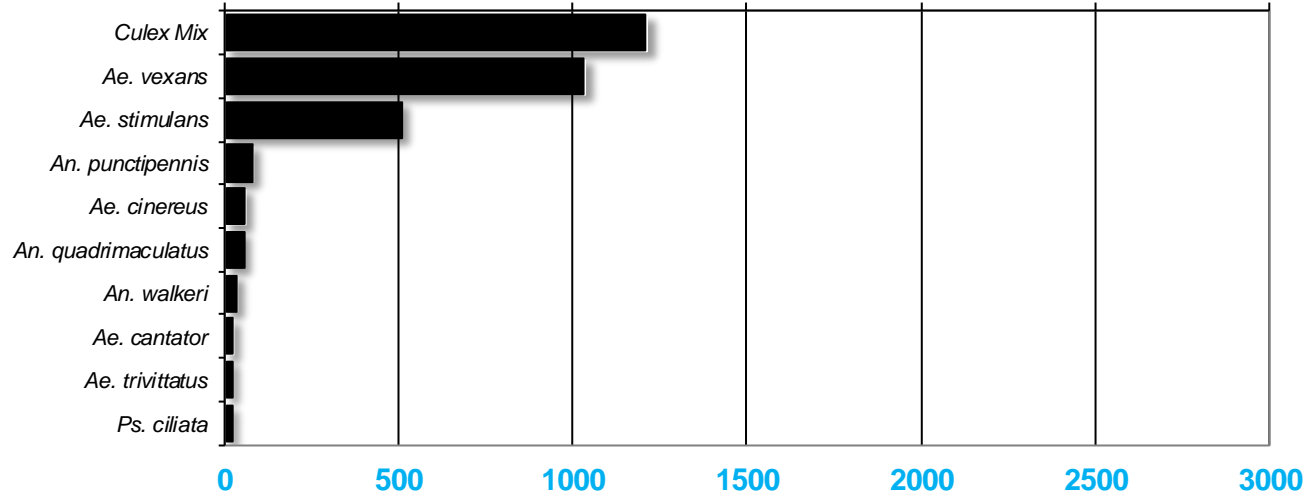
North Central Rural

Total # mosquitoes



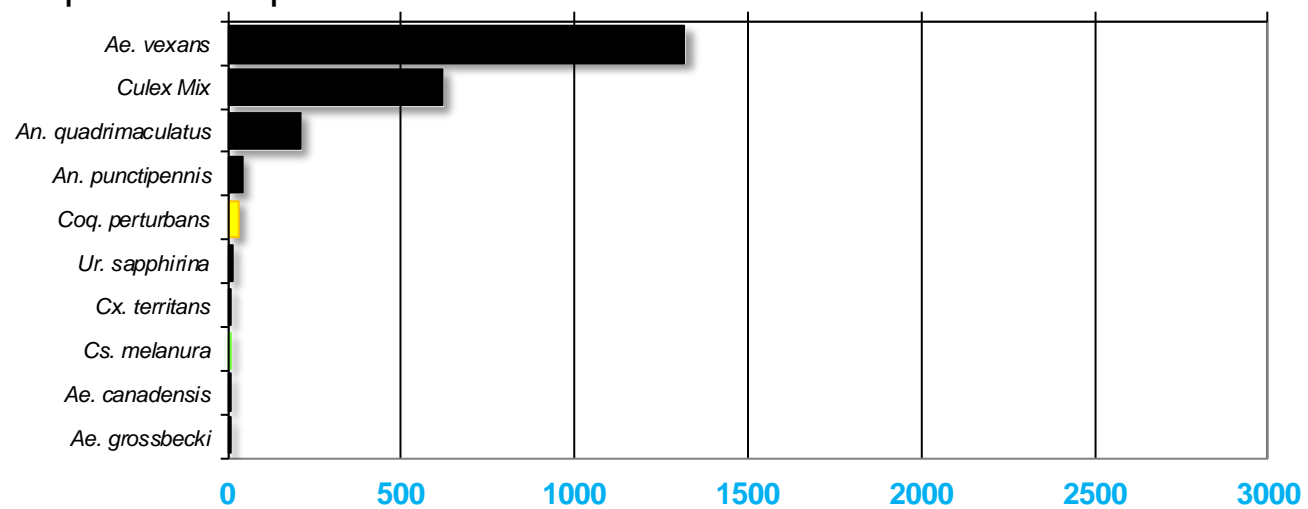
Northwest Rural

Total # mosquitoes



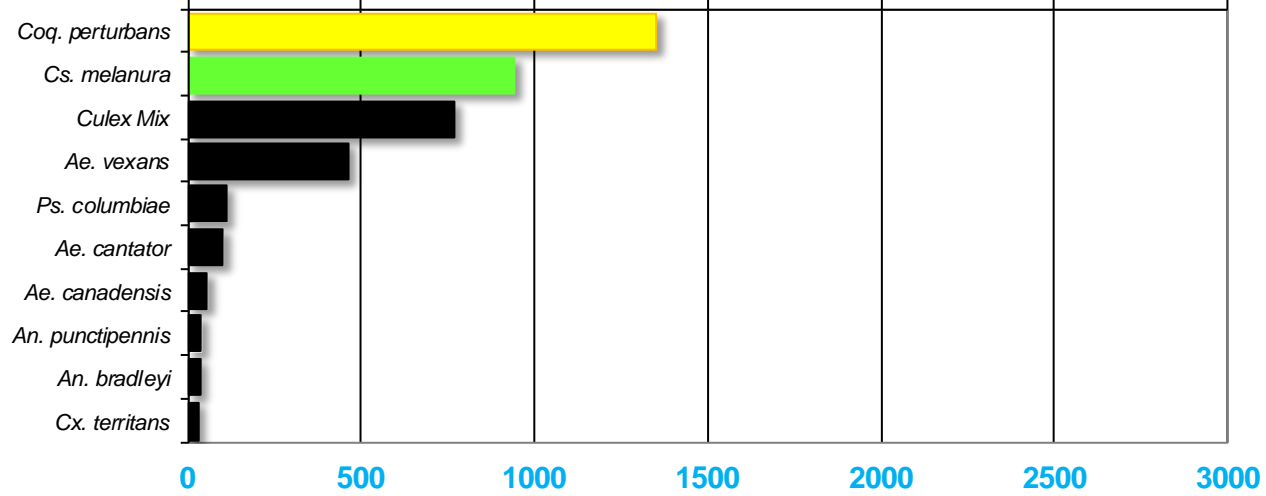
Philadelphia Metropolitan

Total # mosquitoes



Pinelands

Total # mosquitoes



Suburban Corridor

Total # mosquitoes

