

# VECTOR SURVEILLANCE IN NEW JERSEY

## EEE, WNV, SLE and LAC

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CDC WEEK 29: July 15 to July 21, 2012

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### *Culiseta melanura* and Eastern Equine Encephalitis

SITE/Boxes	Inland / Coastal	Historic Population Mean	Current Weekly Mean	Total (Collected) Tested*	Total Pools (Submitted) Tested	EEE Isolation Pools	MFIR
Bass River (Burlington Co.)/10	Coastal	na	0	1	1		
Green Bank (Burlington Co.)/25	Coastal	2.51	0	7	3		
Corbin City (Atlantic Co.)/25	Coastal	0.91	0.32	113 <sup>‡</sup>	7		
Dennisville (Cape May Co.)/50	Coastal	3.96	0.06	72	7	1	13.89
Winslow (Camden Co.)/50	Inland	0.99	1.56	1511	32	5	3.31
Centerton (Salem Co.)/50	Inland	2.21	0.18	287	10	1	3.48
Turkey Swamp (Monmouth Co.)/48	Inland	1.27	0.33	(455) 439	(13) 12		
Glassboro (Gloucester Co.)/50	Inland	0.52	0.24	137	7		

\*Including trial run last week in May. ‡ Adjusted.

**Remarks:** Eastern equine encephalitis virus has been detected in 2 additional *Culiseta melanura* pools collected from the Winslow resting boxes on 16 July, resulting in an increase in the MFIR value for that site. No other positives were detected at the other traditional resting box sites.

To date 2567 *Cs. melanura* from 79 pools have been tested, with one pool in the system to be tested.

One hundred ninety-eight additional pools containing 4346 *Cs. melanura* have tested negative from other county trapping sites using other traps in addition to resting boxes. No detection of EEE has occurred at these sites.

<b>Additional <i>Cs. melanura</i> trapped by counties</b>				
*traps with positives indicated in <b>BOLD</b> .				
<b>County</b>	<b>Trap types*</b>	<b>Number collected (pools)</b>	<b>Number of positives pools</b>	<b>MFIR</b>
Burlington	CO2, Other	2836 (62)	0	
Cape May	Gravid, RB	347 (48)	0	
Cumberland	CO2, Gravid, RB	204 (16)	0	
Gloucester	RB	871 (53)	0	
Monmouth	Gravid	9 (2)	0	
Ocean	CO2, RB	77 (15)	0	
Salem	CO2	2 (2)	0	
<b>TOTAL</b>		<b>4346 (198)</b>	<b>0</b>	

**Horses and Humans:** A presumptive positive horse with an unusually early onset date of 25 May has been reported for Burlington County. The horse was reportedly vaccinated in early May. No positive EEE mosquito pools have been collected in Burlington County.

**Horses and Vaccinations:** The fate of unvaccinated equids reinforces the necessity of maintaining a vaccination schedule for arboviruses. For vaccination schedules recommended by the American Association of Equine Practices, see: [http://www.aep.org/vaccination\\_guidelines.htm](http://www.aep.org/vaccination_guidelines.htm)

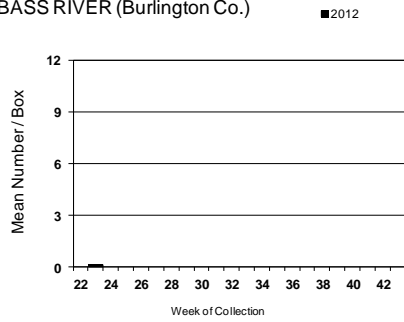
Species other than <i>Cs. melanura</i>	Pools	Mosquitoes	Positives	MFIR
<i>Aedes albopictus</i>	6	34		
<i>Aedes canadensis canadensis</i>	7	238		
<i>Aedes cantator</i>	31	464		
<i>Aedes japonicus</i>	18	72		
<i>Aedes mitchellae</i>	4	60		
<i>Aedes sollicitans</i>	3	11		
<i>Aedes sticticus</i>	1	8		
<i>Aedes triseriatus</i>	4	4		
<i>Aedes trivittatus</i>	1	2		
<i>Aedes vexans</i>	4	65		
<i>Anopheles bradleyi</i>	14	38		
<i>Anopheles crucians</i>	3	37		
<i>Anopheles punctipennis</i>	14	60		
<i>Anopheles quadrimaculatus</i>	14	50		
<i>Coquillettidia perturbans</i>	58	1550		
<i>Culex erraticus</i>	51	1756		
<i>Culex pipiens</i>	190	2153		
<i>Culex restuans</i>	3	55		
<i>Culex salinarius</i>	58	331		
<i>Culex sp.</i>	108	4343		
<i>Psorophora columbiae</i>	1	5		
State Total	<b>593</b>	<b>11336</b>		

The table to the left indicates non-*Cs. melanura* mosquitoes tested for EEE. An additional 20 species of mosquitoes have been tested with no detection of EEE.

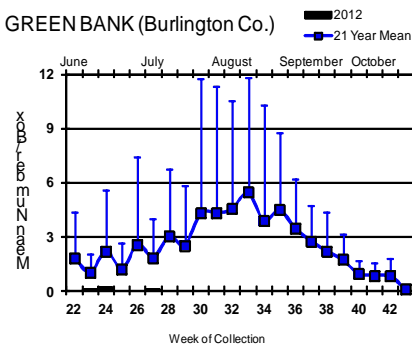
# Culiseta melanura Population Graphs

## Coastal

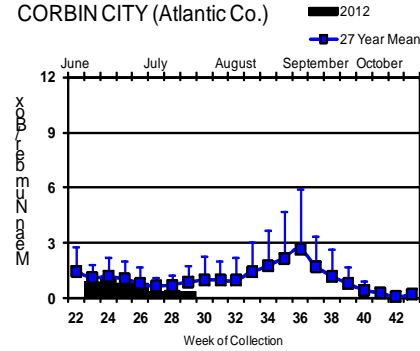
BASS RIVER (Burlington Co.)



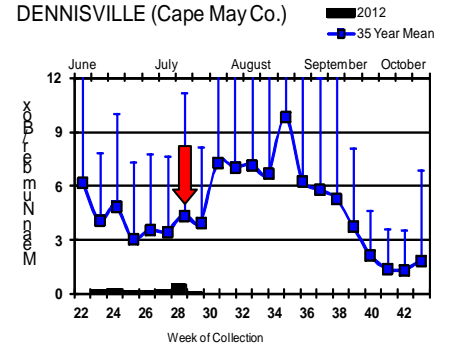
GREEN BANK (Burlington Co.)



CORBIN CITY (Atlantic Co.)

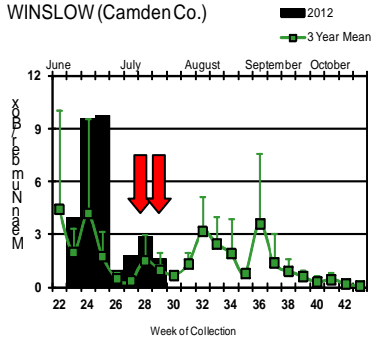


DENNISVILLE (Cape May Co.)

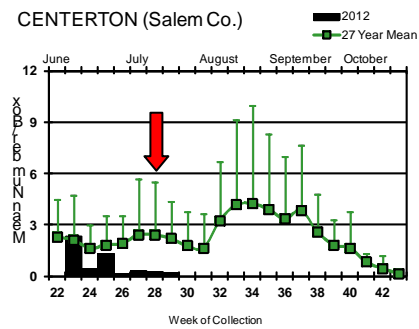


## Inland

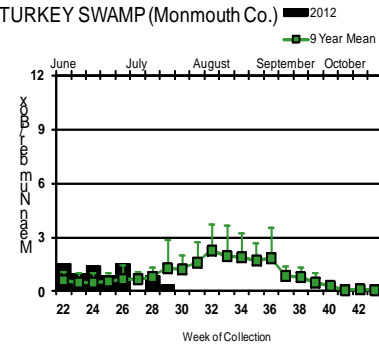
WINSLOW (Camden Co.)



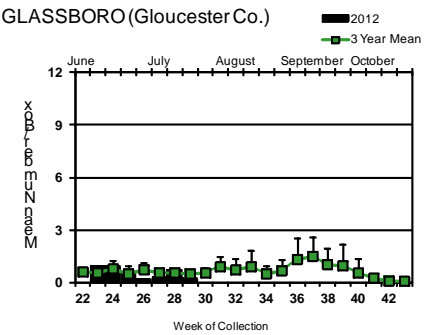
CENTERTON (Salem Co.)



TURKEY SWAMP (Monmouth Co.)



GLASSBORO (Gloucester Co.)



All of the traditional resting box sites other than Winslow report *Culiseta melanura* populations below historical values. The populations at Winslow are closer to historical values, within error bars for this week that produced two additional positive pools.

↓ = Positive pool(s) detected.

EEE in US (2012 cumulative cases): (Black or Red = previous + new reported cases occurring)

- equine: 12(FL) 4(GA) 10(LA) 10(MS) 2(NC) 1(NJ) 3(SC)
- mosquito pools: 19(MA) 7(NJ)
- sentinel: 27(FL) 2 wild(ME)
- human: 1(FL)

## West Nile Virus

West Nile in US (2012 cumulative cases): Single black values indicate no change from previous week. Black values / red values equals previous week/**New totals**.

Note: Data reported by all states should be considered provisional and subject to change. Sources for this table can be found [here](#).

	Birds	Mosquito Pools	Sentinels	Horses	Humans
Alabama					
Alaska					
Arizona	1	3/8	1/2	0	2
Arkansas					
California	353/432	448/593	5/19	0	1/6
Colorado		10			
Connecticut		2/9		0	0
Delaware					
DC					
Florida	0		51/57	0	0
Georgia	0	3	0	0	0
Hawaii					
Idaho					
Illinois	17/21	106/375		0	0
Indiana	0	21/25		0	0
Iowa		0	0	0	0
Kansas					
Kentucky				0	
Louisiana		337/499	8/21	8	10/14
Maine					
Maryland					
Mass.		5/15		0	0
Michigan	0	1		0	0
Minnesota					1
Mississippi		11/37		6?	4/5
Missouri		17		0	0

	Birds	Mosquito Pools	Sentinels	Horses	Humans
Montana					
Nebraska	2	2/24			1
Nevada					
New Hampshire		0		0	0
New Jersey	3/14	120/201		0	0
New Mexico					0
New York		15/75			
North Carolina					
North Dakota	0	0		0	0
Ohio		62			
Oklahoma		1			1
Oregon	0	6	0	0	0
Pennsylvania	7/10	290/402		1	
Rhode Island		1		0	0
South Carolina	1	1		1	0
South Dakota		7/19			1
Tennessee	0	123/189		0	0
Texas	5	204/379		2	28/53
Utah		0	0	0	0
Vermont					
Virginia					
Washington	0	1		0	0
West Virginia		1			
Wisconsin	0	0		0	0
Wyoming		2/4		0	0

\* Can include other species (e.g., dogs, cows) reported positive.

Protocol: New Jersey Department of Health and Senior Services (NJDHSS Public Health and Environmental Laboratories, PHEL) and the Cape May County Division of Mosquito Control tests mosquito pools using RT-PCR Taqman techniques.

### Mosquito Species Submitted and Tested for West Nile Virus Testing through 23 July 2012

Species	Pools	Mosquitoes	Positives	MFIR
<i>Aedes albopictus</i>	290	2009		
<i>Aedes canadensis canadensis</i>	58	1548		
<i>Aedes cantator</i>	56	852		
<i>Aedes grossbecki</i>	2	2		
<i>Aedes japonicus</i>	230	1405	3	2.135
<i>Aedes mitchellae</i>	4	60		
<i>Aedes sollicitans</i>	5	13		
<i>Aedes sticticus</i>	7	124		
<i>Aedes taeniorhynchus</i>	9	179		
<i>Aedes triseriatus</i>	117	281		
<i>Aedes trivittatus</i>	3	6		
<i>Aedes vexans</i>	51	463		
<i>Anopheles bradleyi</i>	27	103		
<i>Anopheles crucians</i>	3	37		
<i>Anopheles punctipennis</i>	46	144		
<i>Anopheles quadrimaculatus</i>	50	160		
<i>Coquillettidia perturbans</i>	65	1605		
<i>Culex erraticus</i>	55	1802		
<i>Culex pipiens</i>	546	16383	28	1.709
<i>Culex restuans</i>	141	1081	1	0.925
<i>Culex salinarius</i>	81	474		
<i>Culex sp.</i>	1618	65377	163	2.493
<i>Culex territans</i>	14	30		
<i>Culiseta melanura</i>	294	6960	6	0.862
<i>Culiseta minnesotae</i>	1	2		
<i>Orthopodomyia signifera</i>	4	4		
<i>Psorophora columbiae</i>	3	30		
<i>Psorophora ferox</i>	5	27		
<b>State Total</b>	<b>3785</b>	<b>101161</b>	<b>201</b>	<b>1.987</b>

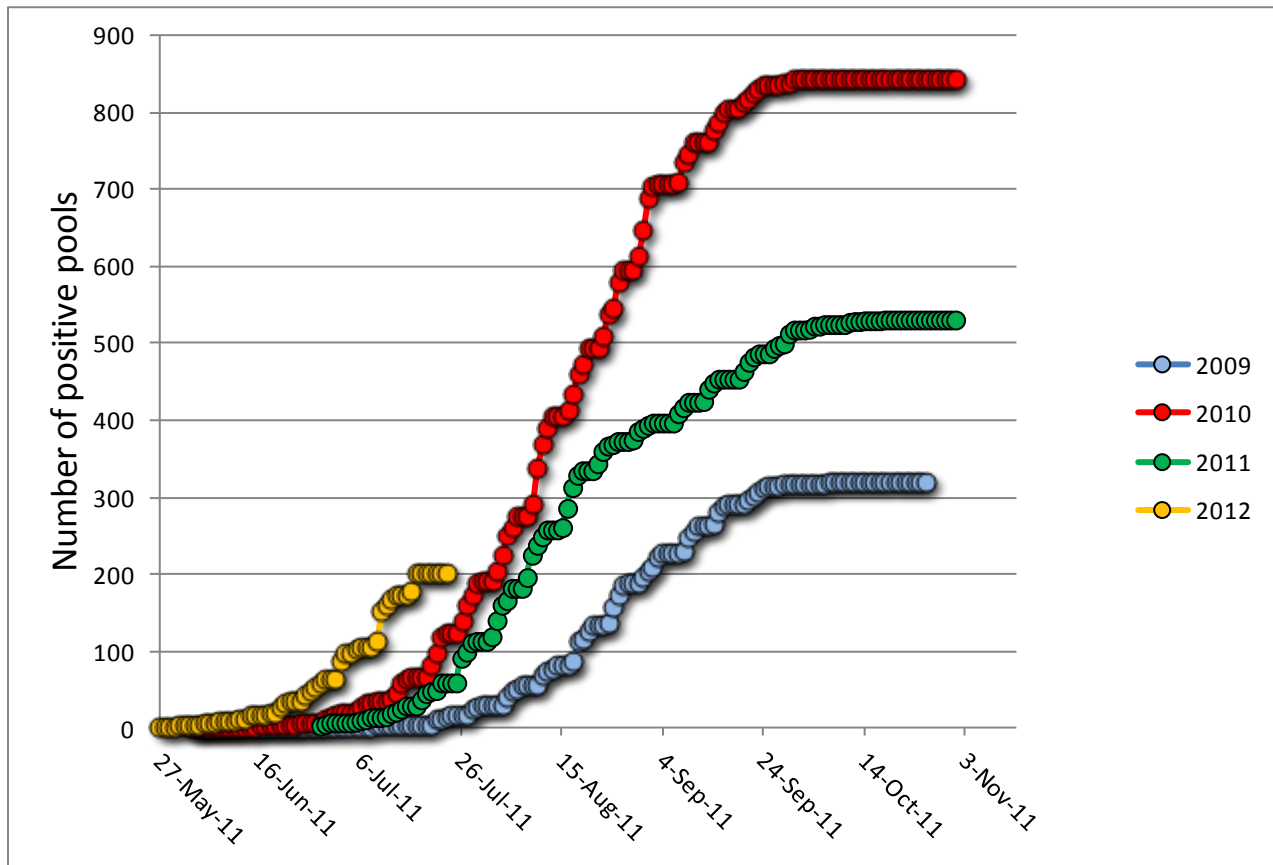
**Remarks:** To date, there have been 101,161 mosquitoes tested in 3,785 pools from 27 species. Currently, 201 positive pools have been detected in *Aedes japonicus*, *Culex pipiens*, Mixed Cx. species, *Culiseta melanura* and *Culex restuans*. Mixed Culex pools again increased significantly from 94 to 163, with MFIR values increasing from 1.679 to 2.493. As with last week, most of the increased activity occurred in the northern half of New Jersey, particularly Middlesex and Union counties. Positive pools have now been detected in Atlantic, Bergen, Burlington, Camden, Cape May, Essex, Gloucester, Hudson, Hunterdon, Mercer, Middlesex, Monmouth, Morris, Ocean, Passaic, Somerset, Sussex, Union and Warren counties.

**Humans, Horses and Wild Birds:** There is no reported horse or human cases to date. See <http://www.state.nj.us/health/cd/westnile/techinfo.shtml> for further information.

Bird testing began in mid-April. To date, WNV has been detected in fourteen birds out of 78 tested. WNV was first detected in an American Crow (*Corvus brachyrhynchos*) from Morris County, collected 9 April. To date, testing includes: American Crow (*Corvus brachyrhynchos* 2/6), Fish Crow (*Corvus ossifragus* 5/22), unidentified Crow (*Corvus* spp. 4/9), Blue Jay (*Cyanocitta cristata* 2/7), Hawk (0/3) and other avian species (1/29). Counties submitting birds are Atlantic, Bergen, Burlington, Cape May, Essex, Gloucester, Hunterdon, Mercer, Middlesex, Monmouth, Morris, Ocean, Sussex and Warren. County participation in submitting dead birds varies across the state.

2012 Positive Mosquito pools to date / Total Mosquito Pools Submitted	This time last year
201 / 3785 (0.053)	59 / 2397 (0.025)
2012 Positive Birds to date / Total Birds Submitted	This time last year
14 / 78 (0.179)	0 / 31 (0.0)

This season may have begun early, with detection of virus activity in a horse in eastern Pennsylvania and a crow in Morris County. Because of these activities, testing began earlier, with first positives detected in mid May. With various start times used over the years, correlations with intensity of activity is low. But plotting cumulative positive pools suggests that activity could be high this year (graph below). 2010 was a very active year for New Jersey, with 846 positive pools (highest number) and 30 human cases. The previous year of 2009 was very low activity, with 322 positive pools and 1 human case. It remains to be seen if the increasing trends of this year continue, or if activity declines.



### WNV Results by County through 23 July 2012

County	Species	Pools	Mosquitoes	Positives	MFIR
Atlantic		<b>38</b>	<b>1048</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>0.954</b>
	<i>Aedes albopictus</i>	4	75		
	<i>Aedes canadensis canadensis</i>	1	2		
	<i>Aedes cantator</i>	1	10		
	<i>Aedes japonicus</i>	1	1		
	<i>Aedes taeniorhynchus</i>	2	89		
	<i>Aedes vexans</i>	1	9		
	<i>Anopheles bradleyi</i>	1	3		
	<i>Coquillettidia perturbans</i>	2	3		
	<i>Culex erraticus</i>	1	30		
	<i>Culex</i> spp.	17	713	1	1.403

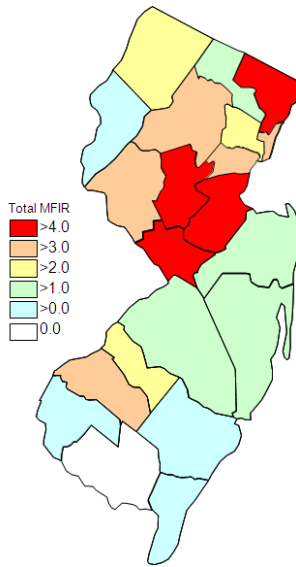
<i>Culiseta melanura</i>	7	113		
<b>Bergen</b>	<b>60</b>	<b>4500</b>	<b>25</b>	<b>5.556</b>
<i>Culex</i> spp.	60	4500	25	5.556
<b>Burlington</b>	<b>291</b>	<b>9961</b>	<b>11</b>	<b>1.104</b>
<i>Aedes albopictus</i>	7	69		
<i>Aedes canadensis canadensis</i>	6	214		
<i>Aedes cantator</i>	2	30		
<i>Aedes japonicus</i>	19	78	1	12.821
<i>Aedes mitchellae</i>	4	60		
<i>Aedes sticticus</i>	1	8		
<i>Aedes triseriatus</i>	3	3		
<i>Aedes trivittatus</i>	1	2		
<i>Aedes vexans</i>	4	65		
<i>Anopheles bradleyi</i>	1	4		
<i>Anopheles crucians</i>	3	37		
<i>Anopheles punctipennis</i>	3	14		
<i>Anopheles quadrimaculatus</i>	3	11		
<i>Coquillettidia perturbans</i>	21	921		
<i>Culex erraticus</i>	4	73		
<i>Culex pipiens</i>	6	222		
<i>Culex restuans</i>	3	55		
<i>Culex salinarius</i>	10	182		
<i>Culex</i> spp.	123	5064	8	1.580
<i>Culiseta melanura</i>	66	2844	2	0.703
<i>Psorophora columbiae</i>	1	5		
<b>Camden</b>	<b>128</b>	<b>4920</b>	<b>7</b>	<b>1.423</b>
<i>Aedes albopictus</i>	5	12		
<i>Aedes japonicus</i>	9	19	1	52.632
<i>Aedes triseriatus</i>	1	5		
<i>Aedes trivittatus</i>	1	2		
<i>Anopheles punctipennis</i>	1	2		
<i>Culex</i> spp.	79	3369	5	1.484
<i>Culiseta melanura</i>	32	1511	1	0.662
<b>Cape May</b>	<b>905</b>	<b>8815</b>	<b>4</b>	<b>1.454</b>
<i>Aedes albopictus</i>	110	254		
<i>Aedes canadensis canadensis</i>	5	63		
<i>Aedes cantator</i>	30	430		
<i>Aedes japonicus</i>	38	70		
<i>Aedes sollicitans</i>	3	11		
<i>Aedes taeniorhynchus</i>	6	89		
<i>Aedes triseriatus</i>	61	110		
<i>Aedes vexans</i>	6	36		
<i>Anopheles bradleyi</i>	13	34		
<i>Anopheles punctipennis</i>	12	15		
<i>Anopheles quadrimaculatus</i>	28	93		
<i>Coquillettidia perturbans</i>	4	23		
<i>Culex erraticus</i>	44	1667		
<i>Culex pipiens</i>	277	4858	4	0.823
<i>Culex restuans</i>	104	276		
<i>Culex salinarius</i>	54	193		
<i>Culex</i> spp.	32	134		
<i>Culex territans</i>	13	29		



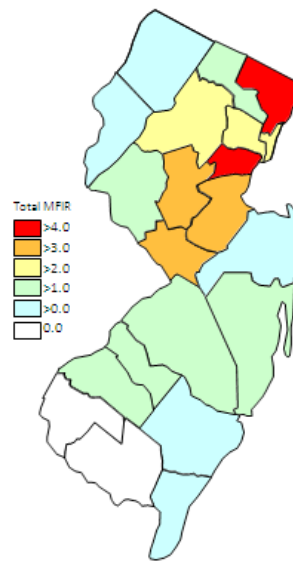
<i>Culiseta melanura</i>	61	426		
<i>Orthopodomyia signifera</i>	4	4		
<b>Cumberland</b>	<b>81</b>	<b>790</b>		
<i>Aedes albopictus</i>	6	11		
<i>Aedes canadensis canadensis</i>	4	25		
<i>Aedes cantator</i>	3	11		
<i>Aedes japonicus</i>	7	23		
<i>Aedes triseriatus</i>	5	10		
<i>Aedes vexans</i>	2	6		
<i>Anopheles bradleyi</i>	1	2		
<i>Anopheles punctipennis</i>	4	10		
<i>Coquillettidia perturbans</i>	5	81		
<i>Culex erraticus</i>	1	5		
<i>Culex pipiens</i>	11	250		
<i>Culex restuans</i>	7	84		
<i>Culex salinarius</i>	5	54		
<i>Culex</i> spp.	3	13		
<i>Culex territans</i>	1	1		
<i>Culiseta melanura</i>	16	204		
<b>Essex</b>	<b>229</b>	<b>4494</b>	<b>9</b>	<b>2.003</b>
<i>Aedes albopictus</i>	30	93		
<i>Aedes canadensis canadensis</i>	2	2		
<i>Aedes grossbecki</i>	2	2		
<i>Aedes japonicus</i>	32	303	1	3.300
<i>Aedes sticticus</i>	5	113		
<i>Aedes triseriatus</i>	9	22		
<i>Aedes vexans</i>	16	220		
<i>Culex</i> spp.	132	3735	8	2.142
<i>Psorophora ferox</i>	1	4		
<b>Gloucester</b>	<b>297</b>	<b>10614</b>	<b>19</b>	<b>1.790</b>
<i>Aedes albopictus</i>	15	418		
<i>Aedes japonicus</i>	5	75		
<i>Aedes triseriatus</i>	1	7		
<i>Aedes vexans</i>	1	2		
<i>Anopheles punctipennis</i>	12	68		
<i>Anopheles quadrimaculatus</i>	12	41		
<i>Culex pipiens</i>	189	8976	16	1.783
<i>Culiseta melanura</i>	62	1027	3	2.921
<b>Hudson</b>	<b>103</b>	<b>7041</b>	<b>15</b>	<b>2.130</b>
<i>Culex</i> spp.	103	7041	15	2.130
<b>Hunterdon</b>	<b>123</b>	<b>6150</b>	<b>9</b>	<b>1.463</b>
<i>Culex</i> spp.	123	6150	9	1.463
<b>Mercer</b>	<b>122</b>	<b>2628</b>	<b>9</b>	<b>3.425</b>
<i>Aedes albopictus</i>	22	65		
<i>Aedes japonicus</i>	22	97		
<i>Aedes triseriatus</i>	4	7		
<i>Aedes vexans</i>	1	3		
<i>Culex pipiens</i>	55	1992	8	4.016
<i>Culex restuans</i>	18	464	1	2.155

<b>Middlesex</b>	<b>119</b>	<b>4341</b>	<b>17</b>	<b>3.916</b>
<i>Aedes albopictus</i>	9	113		
<i>Aedes japonicus</i>	13	108		
<i>Aedes triseriatus</i>	2	10		
<i>Culex</i> spp.	95	4110	17	4.136
<b>Monmouth</b>	<b>165</b>	<b>3122</b>	<b>3</b>	<b>0.961</b>
<i>Aedes albopictus</i>	21	95		
<i>Aedes canadensis canadensis</i>	8	121		
<i>Aedes cantator</i>	8	43		
<i>Aedes japonicus</i>	25	97		
<i>Aedes triseriatus</i>	8	11		
<i>Aedes vexans</i>	2	4		
<i>Anopheles punctipennis</i>	3	3		
<i>Coquillettidia perturbans</i>	3	4		
<i>Culex salinarius</i>	3	14		
<i>Culex</i> spp.	67	2272	3	1.320
<i>Culiseta melanura</i>	17	458		
<b>Morris</b>	<b>185</b>	<b>7661</b>	<b>16</b>	<b>2.089</b>
<i>Aedes japonicus</i>	6	92		
<i>Aedes triseriatus</i>	2	7		
<i>Culex</i> spp.	177	7562	16	2.116
<b>Ocean</b>	<b>216</b>	<b>4.48</b>	<b>5</b>	<b>1.235</b>
<i>Aedes albopictus</i>	39	709		
<i>Aedes canadensis canadensis</i>	29	1112		
<i>Aedes cantator</i>	11	327		
<i>Aedes japonicus</i>	19	90		
<i>Aedes sollicitans</i>	2	2		
<i>Aedes taeniorhynchus</i>	1	1		
<i>Aedes triseriatus</i>	7	17		
<i>Aedes trivittatus</i>	1	2		
<i>Aedes vexans</i>	6	27		
<i>Anopheles bradleyi</i>	7	39		
<i>Anopheles punctipennis</i>	2	2		
<i>Coquillettidia perturbans</i>	17	418		
<i>Culex restuans</i>	1	1		
<i>Culex salinarius</i>	9	31		
<i>Culex</i> spp.	48	1191	5	4.198
<i>Culiseta melanura</i>	15	77		
<i>Psorophora ferox</i>	2	2		
<b>Passaic</b>	<b>75</b>	<b>1902</b>	<b>2</b>	<b>1.052</b>
<i>Aedes albopictus</i>	7	20		
<i>Aedes japonicus</i>	16	239		
<i>Aedes triseriatus</i>	6	14		
<i>Anopheles punctipennis</i>	2	4		
<i>Coquillettidia perturbans</i>	1	2		
<i>Culex</i> spp.	43	1623	2	1.232
<b>Salem</b>	<b>124</b>	<b>1324</b>		
<i>Aedes albopictus</i>	8	9		
<i>Aedes canadensis canadensis</i>	2	6		

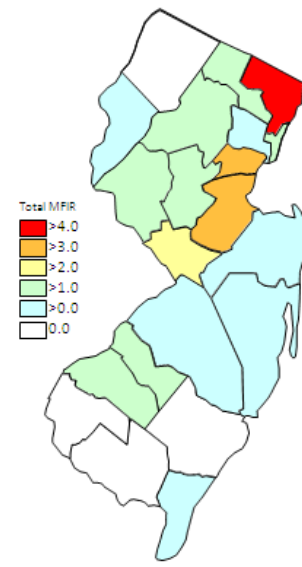
<i>Aedes cantator</i>	1	1		
<i>Aedes japonicus</i>	4	8		
<i>Aedes sticticus</i>	1	3		
<i>Aedes triseriatus</i>	2	2		
<i>Aedes vexans</i>	10	82		
<i>Anopheles bradleyi</i>	4	21		
<i>Anopheles punctipennis</i>	5	7		
<i>Anopheles quadrimaculatus</i>	6	14		
<i>Coquillettidia perturbans</i>	11	110		
<i>Culex erraticus</i>	5	27		
<i>Culex pipiens</i>	4	26		
<i>Culex restuans</i>	2	15		
<i>Culex</i> spp.	42	656		
<i>Culiseta melanura</i>	12	289		
<i>Culiseta minnesotae</i>	1	2		
<i>Psorophora columbiae</i>	2	25		
<i>Psorophora ferox</i>	2	21		
<b>Somerset</b>	<b>103</b>	<b>2541</b>	<b>9</b>	<b>3.542</b>
<i>Aedes albopictus</i>	3	15		
<i>Aedes canadensis canadensis</i>	1	3		
<i>Aedes japonicus</i>	11	82		
<i>Aedes triseriatus</i>	3	39		
<i>Aedes vexans</i>	1	8		
<i>Culex</i> spp.	84	2394	9	3.759
<b>Sussex</b>	<b>147</b>	<b>4670</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>0.214</b>
<i>Coquillettidia perturbans</i>	1	43		
<i>Culex pipiens</i>	4	59		
<i>Culex restuans</i>	6	186		
<i>Culex</i> spp.	130	4371	1	0.229
<i>Culiseta melanura</i>	6	11		
<b>Union</b>	<b>141</b>	<b>7139</b>	<b>38</b>	<b>5.323</b>
<i>Aedes albopictus</i>	4	51		
<i>Aedes japonicus</i>	1	14		
<i>Aedes triseriatus</i>	1	15		
<i>Culex</i> spp.	135	7059	38	5.383
<b>Warren</b>	<b>133</b>	<b>3452</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>0.290</b>
<i>Aedes japonicus</i>	2	9		
<i>Aedes triseriatus</i>	2	2		
<i>Aedes vexans</i>	1	1		
<i>Anopheles punctipennis</i>	2	19		
<i>Anopheles quadrimaculatus</i>	1	1		
<i>Culex</i> spp.	125	3420	1	0.292
<b>Grand Total</b>	<b>3785</b>	<b>101161</b>	<b>201</b>	<b>1.987</b>



Cumulative WNV activity in 2011.



WNV activity to 23 July 2012.



WNV activity last week, 2012.

### Saint Louis Encephalitis (SLE) through 23 July 2012.

New Jersey will be selectively testing for SLE this year. SLE has had previous activity in New Jersey, most notably in 1964 and 1975 (CDC's [SLE website](#)), the latter prompting the surveillance reporting by Rutgers. SLE is a flavivirus and has a similar transmission pattern to West Nile, with *Culex* species as the predominant vectors.

No pools have tested positive for SLE to date in 2012.

County	Species	Pools	Mosquitoes	Positives	MFIR
<b>Burlington</b>		<b>264</b>	<b>9064</b>		
	<i>Aedes albopictus</i>	5	32		
	<i>Aedes canadensis canadensis</i>	6	214		
	<i>Aedes cantator</i>	2	30		
	<i>Aedes japonicus</i>	18	72		
	<i>Aedes mitchellae</i>	4	60		
	<i>Aedes sticticus</i>	1	8		
	<i>Aedes triseriatus</i>	3	3		
	<i>Aedes trivittatus</i>	1	2		
	<i>Aedes vexans</i>	4	65		
	<i>Anopheles bradleyi</i>	1	4		
	<i>Anopheles crucians</i>	3	37		
	<i>Anopheles punctipennis</i>	2	13		
	<i>Anopheles quadrimaculatus</i>	3	11		
	<i>Coquillettidia perturbans</i>	20	892		
	<i>Culex erraticus</i>	3	71		
	<i>Culex pipiens</i>	6	222		
	<i>Culex restuans</i>	3	55		
	<i>Culex salinarius</i>	10	182		
	<i>Culex</i> spp.	113	4539		
	<i>Culiseta melanura</i>	55	2547		
	<i>Psorophora columbiae</i>	1	5		

<b>Camden</b>		<b>50</b>	<b>1713</b>		
	<i>Aedes albopictus</i>	4	11		
	<i>Aedes japonicus</i>	4	6		
	<i>Aedes triseriatus</i>	1	5		
	<i>Anopheles punctipennis</i>	1	2		
	<i>Culex</i> spp.	40	1689		
<b>Essex</b>		<b>200</b>	<b>3900</b>		
	<i>Aedes albopictus</i>	23	48		
	<i>Aedes canadensis canadensis</i>	2	2		
	<i>Aedes grossbecki</i>	2	2		
	<i>Aedes japonicus</i>	30	251		
	<i>Aedes sticticus</i>	5	113		
	<i>Aedes triseriatus</i>	9	22		
	<i>Aedes vexans</i>	16	220		
	<i>Culex</i> spp.	112	3238		
	<i>Psorophora ferox</i>	1	4		
<b>Hudson</b>		<b>74</b>	<b>4966</b>		
	<i>Aedes canadensis canadensis</i>	74	4966		
<b>Grand Total</b>		<b>588</b>	<b>19643</b>		

### La Crosse Encephalitis (LAC) through 23 July 2012.

New Jersey will be selectively testing for La Crosse (LAC) virus this year. New Jersey has had 3 cases of this encephalitic disease since 1964 (see CDC's LAC [website](#)). The mortality is low but like other encephalitides, LAC can have both personal (lasting neurological sequelae) and economic impacts. LAC is a bunyavirus with a transmission cycle involving mosquitoes such as *Aedes triseriatus* and small mammals such as squirrels and chipmunks. LAC can not only infect *Aedes albopictus* but transovarial transmission was also demonstrated. (Tesh and Gubler 1975 Laboratory studies of transovarial transmission of La Crosse and other arboviruses by *Aedes albopictus* and *Culex fatigans*. American Journal of Tropical Medicine and Hygiene 24(5):876-880).

No pools tested positive to date for 2012.

<b>County</b>	<b>Species</b>	<b>Pools</b>	<b>Mosquitoes</b>	<b>Positives</b>	<b>MFIR</b>
<b>Cape May</b>		<b>48</b>	<b>90</b>		
	<i>Aedes triseriatus</i>	48	90		
<b>Cumberland</b>		<b>5</b>	<b>10</b>		
	<i>Aedes triseriatus</i>	5	10		
<b>Salem</b>		<b>1</b>	<b>1</b>		
	<i>Aedes triseriatus</i>	1	1		
<b>Union</b>		<b>1</b>	<b>15</b>		
	<i>Aedes triseriatus</i>	1	15		
<b>Grand Total</b>		<b>55</b>	<b>116</b>		