

# VECTOR SURVEILLANCE IN NEW JERSEY

## EEE, WNV, SLE and LAC

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### *Culiseta melanura* and Eastern Equine Encephalitis

SITE/Boxes	Inland / Coastal	Historic Population Mean	Current Weekly Mean	Total (Collected) Tested*	Total Pools (Submitted) Tested	EEE Isolation Pools	MFIR
Bass River (Burlington Co.)/10	Coastal	na	1.40	(53) 49	(9) 8		
Green Bank (Burlington Co.)/25	Coastal	1.73	1.68	(459) 417	(15) 14	1	2.40
Corbin City (Atlantic Co.)/25	Coastal	0.81	0.44	192 <sup>‡</sup>	15		
Dennisville (Cape May Co.)/50	Coastal	2.15	0	178	15	2	11.24
Winslow (Camden Co.)/50	Inland	0.62	0.24	1972	48	8	4.06
Centerton (Salem Co.)/50	Inland	1.83	0.26	526	20	3	5.70
Turkey Swamp (Monmouth Co.)/48	Inland	0.48	0.21	(664) 640	(22) 21	2	3.06
Glassboro (Gloucester Co.)/50	Inland	0.96	0.16	220	17	1	4.55

\*Including trial run last week in May. ‡ Incomplete, to be updated.

**Remarks:** There were no new detections of EEE in *Cs. melanura* at the traditional resting box sites. There was an additional positive pool of *Cs. melanura* in the county sites plus 2 additional positive pools from another species (see next pages). A total of 30 positive pools have been detected in New Jersey.

To date 4207 *Cs. melanura* from 158 pools have been tested from the traditional resting box sites, with three additional pools in the system to be tested. Seventeen positive pools have been detected at these sites, for an MFIR of 4.04. Eleven positive pools of *Cs. melanura* in traps set by individual counties have been detected for a county site MFIR of 1.70 (see below). Overall *Cs. melanura* MFIR value for the state is 2.63.

**Additional Cs. melanura:** Three hundred sixty-seven additional pools containing 6455 *Cs. melanura* have been tested from other sites using other traps in addition to resting boxes. One additional positive pool was found in a CO<sub>2</sub> trap from Cumberland County, collected 19 Sep. A season total of 11 positive *Cs. melanura* pools from these sites have been detected.

<b>Additional Cs. melanura trapped by counties</b>				
*traps with positives indicated in <b>BOLD</b> .				
<b>County</b>	<b>Trap types*</b>	<b>Number collected (pools)</b>	<b>Number of positives pools</b>	<b>MFIR</b>
Atlantic	<b>CO<sub>2</sub></b>	18 (1)	1	55.56
Burlington	<b>CO<sub>2</sub></b> , Other	4133 (96)	2	0.48
Cape May	Gravid, RB	595 (119)		
Cumberland	CO <sub>2</sub> , Gravid, <b>RB</b>	338 (24)	1	2.96
Gloucester	CO <sub>2</sub> , <b>RB</b>	1239 (95)	6	4.84
Monmouth	Gravid	9 (2)		
Ocean	<b>CO<sub>2</sub></b> , Gravid, RB	120 (27)	1	8.13
Salem	CO <sub>2</sub>	3 (3)		
<b>TOTAL</b>		<b>6455 (367)</b>	<b>11</b>	1.70

**Additional Species:** The table below indicates non-*Cs. melanura* mosquitoes tested for EEE. An additional 22 species of mosquitoes have been tested. Two positive pools have been detected in *Culex erraticus*, both collected on 19 Sep, with one in the traditional resting box site at Turkey Swamp and the other in Cumberland County, where the additional positive *Culiseta melanura* pool was also detected. *Culex erraticus* is a known enzootic vector in the southern US. It is also cosmopolitan in its diet, making it a potential bridge vector.

<b>Species other than Cs. melanura</b>	<b>Pools</b>	<b>Mosquitoes</b>	<b>Positives</b>	<b>MFIR</b>
<i>Aedes albopictus</i>	9	41		
<i>Aedes canadensis canadensis</i>	13	310		
<i>Aedes cantator</i>	36	472		
<i>Aedes japonicus</i>	18	72		
<i>Aedes mitchellae</i>	4	60		
<i>Aedes sollicitans</i>	21	172		
<i>Aedes sticticus</i>	1	8		
<i>Aedes taeniorhynchus</i>	1	1		
<i>Aedes triseriatus</i>	7	8		
<i>Aedes trivittatus</i>	1	2		
<i>Aedes vexans</i>	7	83		
<i>Anopheles bradleyi</i>	66	399		
<i>Anopheles crucians</i>	5	39		
<i>Anopheles punctipennis</i>	29	137		

<i>Anopheles quadrimaculatus</i>	24	140		
<i>Coquillettidia perturbans</i>	70	1637		
<i>Culex erraticus</i>	267	8817	2	0.227
<i>Culex pipiens</i>	663	6128		
<i>Culex restuans</i>	14	68		
<i>Culex salinarius</i>	182	896		
<i>Culex sp.</i>	156	4587		
<i>Psorophora columbiae</i>	3	17		
<i>Psorophora ferox</i>	1	50		
State Total	<b>1598</b>	<b>24144</b>	<b>2</b>	<b>0.083</b>

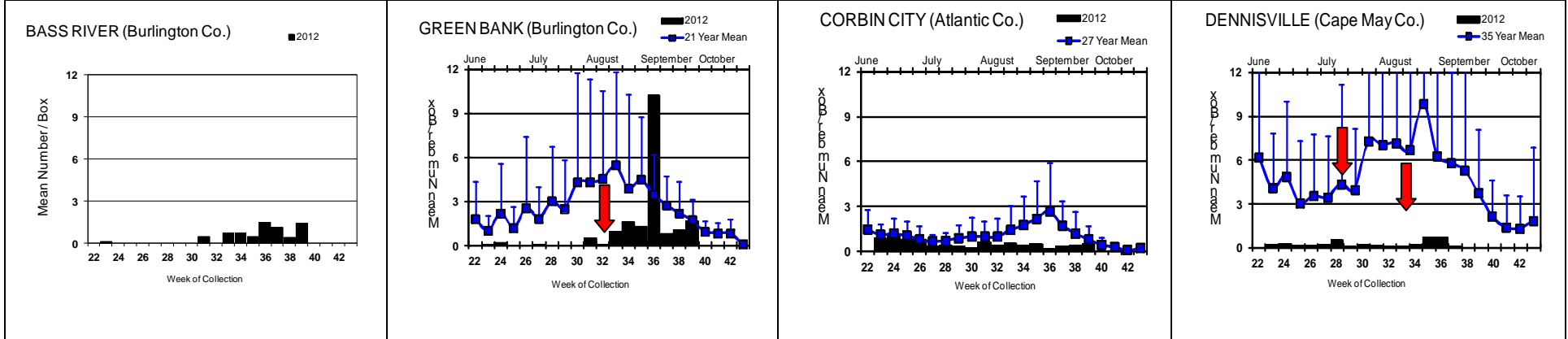
**Horses and Humans:** To date, six EEE positive horses have been identified, including with the above: 1) A presumptive positive horse with an unusually early onset date of 25 May has been reported for Burlington County. The horse was reportedly vaccinated in early May. 2) A second horse has been reported, also from Burlington County. Date of onset was 22 July, with the 3.9 yo mare euthanized on the same date and no reported vaccination history. 3) A 3 yo mare from Atlantic County with date of onset of 10 Aug was euthanized on the same day (no vaccination history), 4) a 4 yo mare from Camden County with date of onset 18 Aug was euthanized on same date, no vaccination history and 5/6) two 2 yo colts from Camden County with onset date of 9 Sep, both euthanized on 10 Sep, both with no vaccination or travel history.

In Burlington County, 300 out of 3000 birds died September 1<sup>st</sup>/2<sup>nd</sup> in a flock of ring-necked pheasants (*Phasianus colchicus*). Three birds of the 300 were tested out of state and returned positive for EEE. This non-native species can be susceptible to EEE effects, including hemorrhagic enteritis and sick birds can become aggressive targets of healthier birds.

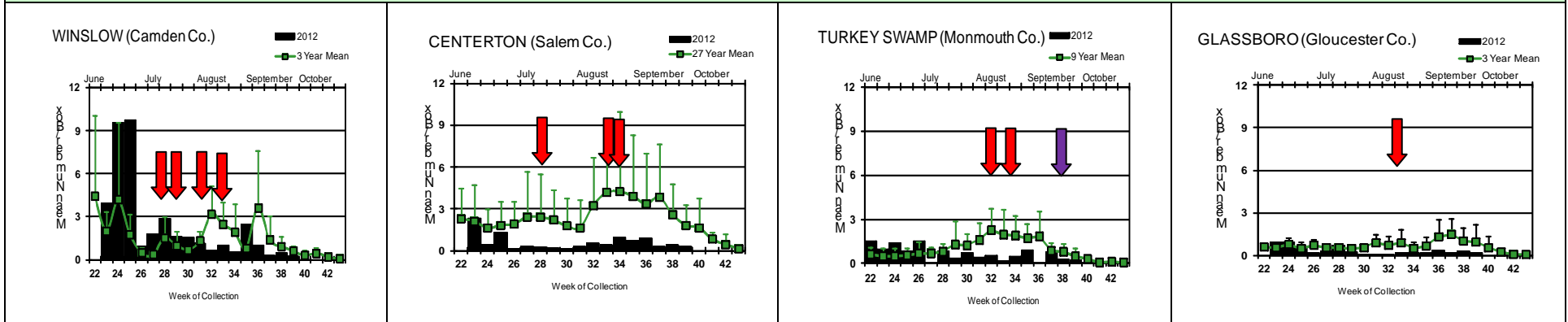
**Horses and Vaccinations:** The fate of unvaccinated equids reinforces the necessity of maintaining a vaccination schedule for arboviruses. For vaccination schedules recommended by the American Association of Equine Practices, see: [http://www.aaep.org/vaccination\\_guidelines.htm](http://www.aaep.org/vaccination_guidelines.htm)

# Culiseta melanura Population Graphs

## Coastal



## Inland



Increases in populations of *Culiseta melanura* occurred at Bass River, Green Bank and Corbin City, while decreases continued at all other sites. Dennisville has had no *Cs. melanura* recorded there for the past two weeks. No new positive EEE pools in *Cs. melanura* occurred, although Turkey Swamp was the site where a positive EEE pool of *Culex erraticus* was detected.

= Positive pool(s) detected (red = melanura, purple = other).

EEE in US (2012 cumulative cases): (Black or Red = previous + new reported cases occurring)

- equine: 9(AL) 22(FL) 8(GA) 44(LA) 5(MA) 1(MI) 28(MS) 17(NC) 3(NH) 6(NJ) 2(NY) 12(SC) 2(VT) 4(WI)
- mosquito pools: 9(CT) 2(GA) 3(LA) 288(MA) 5(NH) 30(NJ) 1(NY) 5(RI) 137(VA) 10(VT)
- sentinel: 1(AL) 1(DE) 48(FL) 1[2 wild](ME) 3(NC) (2 emu NH) 33(VA)
- human: 1(FL) 7(MA) 1(NC) 1(VA) 2(VT)

## West Nile Virus

West Nile in US (2012 cumulative cases): Single black values indicate no change from previous week. Black values / red values equals previous week/**New totals**.

Note: Data reported by all states should be considered provisional and subject to change. Sources for this table can be found [here](#).

	Birds	Mosquito Pools	Sentinels	Horses	Humans
Alabama	15		13/21	3/5	20/21
Alaska					0
Arizona	1	134/151	2	1	50/67
Arkansas					43/48
California	1290/1376	2417/2541	389/420	17/20	147/182
Colorado		209		9/10	75/92
Connecticut		231/233		0	15/17
Delaware	17/24		9/17	0	6
DC					2
Florida	1	4	181/194	4/6	40/43
Georgia	0	97/109	0	4	42/55
Hawaii					
Idaho	2	35		8	13
Illinois	97/98	3759/3852		5	120/138
Indiana	2	702/713		21	56/61
Iowa		3/14	12	18/21	14/19
Kansas		2		1	31
Kentucky		2		12/13	6
Louisiana		2418/2447	104/120	42	251/281
Maine		7			1
Maryland		8/10		1	30/33
Mass.		241/244		2	17/20
Michigan	26/30	16/23		3/5	162/178
Minnesota	26	95/102		8	60/61
Mississippi		55/56		10	186/200
Missouri		119/150		6	13/16

	Birds	Mosquito Pools	Sentinels	Horses	Humans
Montana	1	11		6	3/5
Nebraska	13	221		11	85
Nevada		2		1	2
New Hampshire		40		0	1
New Jersey	117/123	952/975		3	31/35
New Mexico	1	20		9	30/31
New York		963/975		1/2	62/67
North Carolina				2	6
North Dakota	2	0		14	70/79
Ohio		1172/1206		7/8	79/89
Oklahoma	1	30		5/8	150/154
Oregon	1	58/71	0	1/2	2/4
Pennsylvania	123/129	3321/3353		39	22/23
Rhode Island		4/5		0	4
South Carolina	16	1		4	33
South Dakota	4/5	77/82		9/10	158/175
Tennessee	3	732/742		4	24/25
Texas	166/177	1305/1334		49/58	1375/1442
Utah		16	1	1	3
Vermont		1		0	1
Virginia		208	19		9
Washington	0	5		1	4
West Virginia	1	238/266			3
Wisconsin	26/30	0		1	25
Wyoming	3	13		4/5	7

\* Can include other species (e.g., dogs, cows) reported positive.

Protocol: New Jersey Department of Health (NJDH Public Health Environmental and Agricultural Laboratories, PHEAL) and the Cape May County Department of Mosquito Control tests mosquito pools using RT-PCR Taqman techniques.

### Mosquito Species Submitted and Tested for West Nile Virus Testing through 1 October 2012

Species	Pools	Mosquitoes	Positives	MFIR
<i>Aedes albopictus</i>	1348	10158	5	0.492
<i>Aedes atlanticus</i>	10	14		
<i>Aedes atropalpus</i>	10	23		
<i>Aedes canadensis canadensis</i>	70	1639		
<i>Aedes cantator</i>	73	884		
<i>Aedes grossbecki</i>	2	2		
<i>Aedes japonicus</i>	527	2796	6	2.146
<i>Aedes mitchellae</i>	4	60		
<i>Aedes sollicitans</i>	25	184		
<i>Aedes sticticus</i>	8	125		
<i>Aedes taeniorhynchus</i>	40	461		
<i>Aedes triseriatus</i>	291	686		
<i>Aedes trivittatus</i>	7	11		
<i>Aedes vexans</i>	127	899	1	1.112
<i>Anopheles bradleyi</i>	97	737		
<i>Anopheles crucians</i>	13	59		
<i>Anopheles punctipennis</i>	122	430	1	2.326
<i>Anopheles quadrimaculatus</i>	152	564	1	1.773
<i>Coquillettidia perturbans</i>	92	1881		
<i>Culex erraticus</i>	298	9079		
<i>Culex pipiens</i>	1458	32087	139	4.332
<i>Culex restuans</i>	393	1891	3	1.586
<i>Culex salinarius</i>	226	1173	1	0.853
<i>Culex sp.</i>	3547	122667	807	6.579
<i>Culex territans</i>	50	102		
<i>Culiseta melanura</i>	564	10774	11	1.021
<i>Culiseta minnesotae</i>	1	2		
<i>Orthopodomyia signifera</i>	15	15		
<i>Psorophora ciliata</i>	1	1		
<i>Psorophora columbiae</i>	22	185		
<i>Psorophora ferox</i>	16	120		
<i>Psorophora howardii</i>	2	2		
<i>Uranotaenia sapphirina</i>	4	8		
<b>State Total</b>	<b>9615</b>	<b>199719</b>	<b>975</b>	<b>4.882</b>

**Remarks:** To date, there have been 199,719 mosquitoes tested in 9,615 pools from 32 species. Currently, 975 positive pools have been detected in *Aedes albopictus*, *Ae. japonicus*, *Ae. vexans*, *Anopheles punctipennis*, *An. quadrimaculatus*, *Culex pipiens*, Mixed *Cx.* species, *Cx. restuans*, *Cx. salinarius* and *Culiseta melanura*.

**Humans, Horses and Wild Birds:** Thirty-five human cases have been reported in the following counties: Atlantic (1), Bergen (2), Burlington (2), Camden (5), Cape May (1), Essex (3), Gloucester (2), Hudson (1), Mercer (1), Middlesex (4), Monmouth (2), Ocean (7), Passaic (1) Salem (1) and Somerset (2). DOH noted that a change in protocol has occurred to include WNV results from commercial laboratories. See <http://www.state.nj.us/health/cd/westnile/techinfo.shtml> for further information.

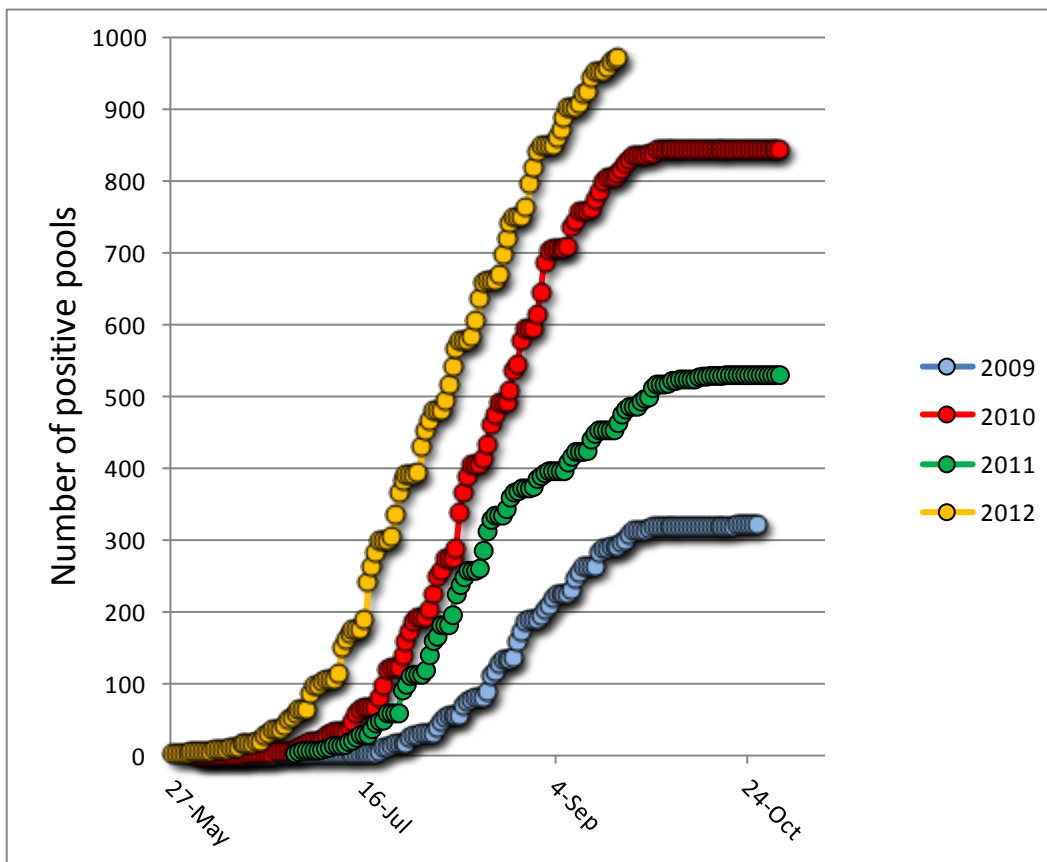
Three positive WNV horses have been reported to date: 1) A 11 yo quarter horse from Salem County, with onset of symptoms on 4<sup>th</sup> August. The horse was put down the same day. Generally horses have either an unknown or no vaccination history, but this horse was reported as vaccinated. See

[http://www.esrutgers.com/downloads/NJDA\\_08102012.pdf](http://www.esrutgers.com/downloads/NJDA_08102012.pdf) In the very active year of 2010, the first WNV horse case had an onset date of 17 August. 2) A 25 yo gelding from Monmouth County, onset of symptoms 14 July, was vaccinated and is recovering. 3) An additional Monmouth County horse (2 yo mare) with date of onset on Sep 15 was euthanized Sep 17. No vaccination history was reported.

Bird testing began in mid-April. To date, WNV has been detected in 124 birds out of 286 tested. WNV was first detected in an American Crow (*Corvus brachyrhynchos*) from Morris County, collected 9 April. To date, testing includes: American Crow (*Corvus brachyrhynchos* 58/64), Fish Crow (*Corvus ossifragus* 14/42), unidentified Crow (*Corvus* spp. 15/25), Blue Jay (*Cyanocitta cristata* 31/41), Hawk/Raptor (1/10) and other avian species (5/104). Counties submitting birds are Atlantic, Bergen, Burlington, Cape May, Cumberland, Essex, Gloucester, Hunterdon, Mercer, Middlesex, Monmouth, Morris, Ocean, Somerset, Sussex and Warren.

2012 Positive Mosquito pools to date / Total Mosquito Pools Submitted	This time last year
952 / 9124 (0.104)	481 / 6023 (0.080)
2012 Positive Birds to date / Total Birds Submitted	This time last year
117 / 269 (0.435)	30 / 101 (0.297)

Activity, as seen by plotting cumulative positive pools (graph below) has now gone above 2010 levels. It should be noted that testing began earlier this year.



### WNV Results by County through 1 October 2012

County	Species	Pools	Mosquitoes	Positives	MFIR
Atlantic		<b>130</b>	<b>2493</b>	<b>5</b>	<b>2.006</b>
	<i>Aedes albopictus</i>	19	278		
	<i>Aedes canadensis canadensis</i>	1	2		
	<i>Aedes cantator</i>	2	11		

<i>Aedes japonicus</i>	8	32		
<i>Aedes sollicitans</i>	1	9		
<i>Aedes taeniorhynchus</i>	2	89		
<i>Aedes triseriatus</i>	5	18		
<i>Aedes trivittatus</i>	1	2		
<i>Aedes vexans</i>	7	88		
<i>Anopheles bradleyi</i>	3	7		
<i>Anopheles punctipennis</i>	2	16		
<i>Anopheles quadrimaculatus</i>	2	5		
<i>Coquillettidia perturbans</i>	2	3		
<i>Culex erraticus</i>	10	79		
<i>Culex</i> spp.	40	1598	5	3.129
<i>Culiseta melanura</i>	20	238		
<i>Psorophora columbiae</i>	2	2		
<i>Psorophora ferox</i>	2	15		
<i>Psorophora howardii</i>	1	1		
<b>Bergen</b>	<b>245</b>	<b>12565</b>	<b>159</b>	<b>12.654</b>
<i>Aedes albopictus</i>	2	43	1	23.256
<i>Aedes japonicus</i>	3	13	2	153.846
<i>Aedes triseriatus</i>	1	1		
<i>Aedes vexans</i>	1	4		
<i>Anopheles punctipennis</i>	1	1		
<i>Anopheles quadrimaculatus</i>	1	1	1	1000.000
<i>Culex salinarius</i>	1	3	1	333.333
<i>Culex</i> spp.	235	12499	154	12.321
<b>Burlington</b>	<b>470</b>	<b>14280</b>	<b>31</b>	<b>2.171</b>
<i>Aedes albopictus</i>	26	444		
<i>Aedes atropalpus</i>	1	2		
<i>Aedes canadensis canadensis</i>	9	281		
<i>Aedes cantator</i>	2	30		
<i>Aedes japonicus</i>	25	126	1	7.937
<i>Aedes mitchellae</i>	4	60		
<i>Aedes sollicitans</i>	1	9		
<i>Aedes sticticus</i>	1	8		
<i>Aedes triseriatus</i>	6	55		
<i>Aedes trivittatus</i>	1	2		
<i>Aedes vexans</i>	11	235		
<i>Anopheles bradleyi</i>	7	127		
<i>Anopheles crucians</i>	3	37		
<i>Anopheles punctipennis</i>	7	28		
<i>Anopheles quadrimaculatus</i>	3	11		
<i>Coquillettidia perturbans</i>	25	983		
<i>Culex erraticus</i>	10	106		
<i>Culex pipiens</i>	6	222		
<i>Culex restuans</i>	4	56		
<i>Culex salinarius</i>	11	257		
<i>Culex</i> spp.	183	6529	26	3.982
<i>Culiseta melanura</i>	118	4599	4	0.870
<i>Orthopodomyia signifera</i>	1	1		
<i>Psorophora columbiae</i>	3	19		
<i>Psorophora ferox</i>	1	50		
<i>Uranotaenia sapphirina</i>	1	3		
<b>Camden</b>	<b>285</b>	<b>8266</b>	<b>47</b>	<b>5.686</b>



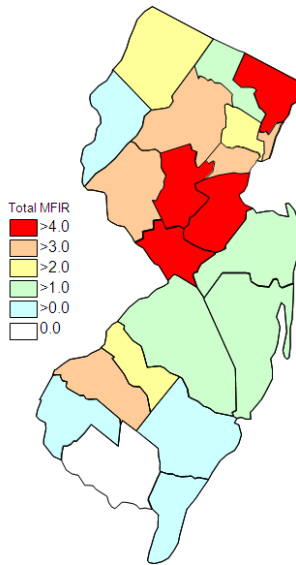
<i>Aedes albopictus</i>	42	178	1	5.618
<i>Aedes japonicus</i>	23	41	1	24.390
<i>Aedes triseriatus</i>	2	6		
<i>Aedes trivittatus</i>	1	2		
<i>Aedes vexans</i>	3	7		
<i>Anopheles crucians</i>	1	1		
<i>Anopheles punctipennis</i>	1	2		
<i>Culex erraticus</i>	1	1		
<i>Culex</i> spp.	163	6065	44	7.255
<i>Culiseta melanura</i>	47	1960	1	0.510
<i>Uranotaenia sapphirina</i>	1	3		
<b>Cape May</b>	<b>3215</b>	<b>26309</b>	<b>20</b>	<b>0.760</b>
<i>Aedes albopictus</i>	642	1794		
<i>Aedes atlanticus</i>	6	9		
<i>Aedes atropalpus</i>	9	21		
<i>Aedes canadensis canadensis</i>	10	79		
<i>Aedes cantator</i>	46	461		
<i>Aedes japonicus</i>	116	169		
<i>Aedes sollicitans</i>	21	164		
<i>Aedes taeniorhynchus</i>	37	371		
<i>Aedes triseriatus</i>	162	296		
<i>Aedes vexans</i>	30	73		
<i>Anopheles bradleyi</i>	64	353		
<i>Anopheles punctipennis</i>	24	28		
<i>Anopheles quadrimaculatus</i>	100	368		
<i>Coquillettidia perturbans</i>	6	25		
<i>Culex erraticus</i>	229	8449		
<i>Culex pipiens</i>	882	10711	17	1.587
<i>Culex restuans</i>	345	1007	2	1.986
<i>Culex salinarius</i>	185	711		
<i>Culex</i> spp.	83	299		
<i>Culex territans</i>	46	98		
<i>Culiseta melanura</i>	149	799	1	1.252
<i>Orthopodomyia signifera</i>	14	14		
<i>Psorophora columbiae</i>	5	6		
<i>Psorophora ferox</i>	2	2		
<i>Uranotaenia sapphirina</i>	2	2		
<b>Cumberland</b>	<b>194</b>	<b>1774</b>		
<i>Aedes albopictus</i>	23	92		
<i>Aedes atlanticus</i>	3	3		
<i>Aedes canadensis canadensis</i>	4	25		
<i>Aedes cantator</i>	3	11		
<i>Aedes japonicus</i>	17	37		
<i>Aedes triseriatus</i>	9	17		
<i>Aedes vexans</i>	5	17		
<i>Anopheles crucians</i>	4	158		
<i>Anopheles bradleyi</i>	6	10		
<i>Anopheles punctipennis</i>	9	18		
<i>Anopheles quadrimaculatus</i>	4	4		
<i>Coquillettidia perturbans</i>	6	89		
<i>Culex erraticus</i>	14	165		
<i>Culex pipiens</i>	22	357		
<i>Culex restuans</i>	11	90		
<i>Culex salinarius</i>	12	150		

	<i>Culex</i> spp.	9	30		
	<i>Culex territans</i>	3	3		
	<i>Culiseta melanura</i>	25	372		
	<i>Psorophora columbiae</i>	2	104		
	<i>Psorophora ferox</i>	3	22		
<b>Essex</b>		<b>461</b>	<b>6432</b>	<b>28</b>	<b>4.353</b>
	<i>Aedes albopictus</i>	84	586		
	<i>Aedes canadensis canadensis</i>	2	2		
	<i>Aedes grossbecki</i>	2	2		
	<i>Aedes japonicus</i>	55	457	1	2.188
	<i>Aedes sticticus</i>	5	113		
	<i>Aedes triseriatus</i>	12	31		
	<i>Aedes vexans</i>	19	226		
	<i>Culex</i> spp.	281	5011	27	5.388
	<i>Psorophora ferox</i>	1	4		
<b>Gloucester</b>		<b>583</b>	<b>17402</b>	<b>61</b>	<b>3.505</b>
	<i>Aedes albopictus</i>	49	1245		
	<i>Aedes japonicus</i>	7	141		
	<i>Aedes triseriatus</i>	1	7		
	<i>Aedes vexans</i>	3	12		
	<i>Anopheles punctipennis</i>	23	139		
	<i>Anopheles quadrimaculatus</i>	21	133		
	<i>Coquillettidia perturbans</i>	1	2		
	<i>Culex pipiens</i>	366	14269	57	3.995
	<i>Culiseta melanura</i>	112	1454	4	2.751
<b>Hudson</b>		<b>241</b>	<b>13496</b>	<b>79</b>	<b>5.854</b>
	<i>Culex</i> spp.	241	13496	79	5.854
<b>Hunterdon</b>		<b>310</b>	<b>13498</b>	<b>62</b>	<b>4.593</b>
	<i>Culex</i> spp.	310	13498	62	4.593
<b>Mercer</b>		<b>342</b>	<b>8554</b>	<b>70</b>	<b>8.183</b>
	<i>Aedes albopictus</i>	90	931		
	<i>Aedes japonicus</i>	39	214		
	<i>Aedes triseriatus</i>	5	11		
	<i>Aedes vexans</i>	1	3		
	<i>Culex erraticus</i>	3	10		
	<i>Culex pipiens</i>	173	6442	65	10.090
	<i>Culex restuans</i>	22	533	1	1.876
	<i>Culex</i> spp.	9	410	4	9.756
<b>Middlesex</b>		<b>273</b>	<b>10024</b>	<b>86</b>	<b>8.579</b>
	<i>Aedes albopictus</i>	19	222		
	<i>Aedes japonicus</i>	15	120		
	<i>Aedes triseriatus</i>	3	14		
	<i>Culex</i> spp.	236	9668	86	8.895
<b>Monmouth</b>		<b>378</b>	<b>4595</b>	<b>11</b>	<b>2.394</b>
	<i>Aedes albopictus</i>	74	386	1	2.591
	<i>Aedes canadensis canadensis</i>	12	129		
	<i>Aedes cantator</i>	8	43		
	<i>Aedes japonicus</i>	54	185	1	5.405

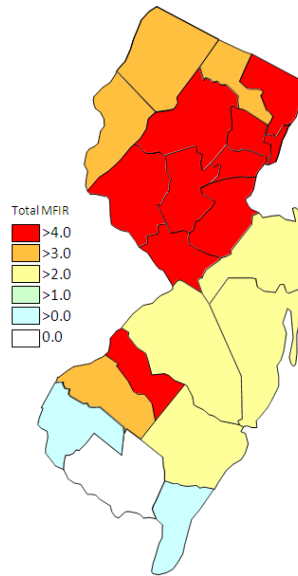
<i>Aedes triseriatus</i>	17	23		
<i>Aedes vexans</i>	9	19		
<i>Anopheles crucians</i>	1	1		
<i>Anopheles punctipennis</i>	21	29		
<i>Anopheles quadrimaculatus</i>	1	1		
<i>Coquillettidia perturbans</i>	4	5		
<i>Culex erraticus</i>	11	128		
<i>Culex pipiens</i>	1	1		
<i>Culex salinarius</i>	3	14		
<i>Culex</i> spp.	130	2947	9	3.054
<i>Culex territans</i>	1	1		
<i>Culiseta melanura</i>	28	678		
<i>Psorophora columbiae</i>	2	3		
<i>Psorophora ferox</i>	1	2		
<b>Morris</b>	<b>361</b>	<b>12324</b>	<b>73</b>	<b>5.923</b>
<i>Aedes albopictus</i>	2	25		
<i>Aedes japonicus</i>	24	327		
<i>Aedes triseriatus</i>	3	14		
<i>Aedes vexans</i>	1	1		
<i>Anopheles punctipennis</i>	3	66		
<i>Coquillettidia perturbans</i>	3	149		
<i>Culex</i> spp.	325	11742	73	6.217
<b>Ocean</b>	<b>422</b>	<b>6649</b>	<b>15</b>	<b>2.256</b>
<i>Aedes albopictus</i>	111	2617	1	0.382
<i>Aedes atlanticus</i>	1	2		
<i>Aedes canadensis canadensis</i>	29	1112		
<i>Aedes cantator</i>	11	327		
<i>Aedes japonicus</i>	34	141		
<i>Aedes sollicitans</i>	2	2		
<i>Aedes sticticus</i>	1	1		
<i>Aedes taeniorhynchus</i>	1	1		
<i>Aedes triseriatus</i>	18	39		
<i>Aedes trivittatus</i>	1	2		
<i>Aedes vexans</i>	17	58	1	17.241
<i>Anopheles bradleyi</i>	11	46		
<i>Anopheles crucians</i>	2	10		
<i>Anopheles punctipennis</i>	2	2		
<i>Anopheles quadrimaculatus</i>	4	5		
<i>Coquillettidia perturbans</i>	21	431		
<i>Culex erraticus</i>	5	7		
<i>Culex restuans</i>	1	1		
<i>Culex salinarius</i>	13	37		
<i>Culex</i> spp.	104	1682	13	7.729
<i>Culiseta melanura</i>	27	120		
<i>Psorophora columbiae</i>	1	1		
<i>Psorophora ferox</i>	4	4		
<i>Psorophora howardii</i>	1	1		
<b>Passaic</b>	<b>160</b>	<b>2778</b>	<b>11</b>	<b>3.960</b>
<i>Aedes albopictus</i>	29	128	1	7.813
<i>Aedes japonicus</i>	34	335		
<i>Aedes triseriatus</i>	13	29		
<i>Anopheles punctipennis</i>	4	15		
<i>Coquillettidia perturbans</i>	1	2		

<i>Culex</i> spp.	79	2269	10	4.407
<b>Salem</b>	<b>287</b>	<b>2754</b>	<b>2</b>	<b>0.726</b>
<i>Aedes albopictus</i>	49	140		
<i>Aedes canadensis canadensis</i>	2	6		
<i>Aedes cantator</i>	1	1		
<i>Aedes japonicus</i>	10	24		
<i>Aedes sticticus</i>	1	3		
<i>Aedes triseriatus</i>	5	6		
<i>Aedes vexans</i>	13	123		
<i>Anopheles bradleyi</i>	8	46		
<i>Anopheles punctipennis</i>	10	16		
<i>Anopheles quadrimaculatus</i>	11	31		
<i>Coquillettidia perturbans</i>	20	144		
<i>Culex erraticus</i>	15	134		
<i>Culex pipiens</i>	4	26		
<i>Culex restuans</i>	4	18		
<i>Culex</i> spp.	95	1424	1	0.702
<i>Culiseta melanura</i>	28	538	1	1.859
<i>Culiseta minnesotae</i>	1	2		
<i>Psorophora ciliata</i>	1	1		
<i>Psorophora columbiae</i>	7	50		
<i>Psorophora ferox</i>	2	21		
<b>Somerset</b>	<b>268</b>	<b>4795</b>	<b>41</b>	<b>8.551</b>
<i>Aedes albopictus</i>	19	122		
<i>Aedes canadensis canadensis</i>	1	3		
<i>Aedes japonicus</i>	20	148		
<i>Aedes triseriatus</i>	4	42		
<i>Aedes vexans</i>	1	8		
<i>Anopheles punctipennis</i>	4	25	1	40.000
<i>Culex</i> spp.	219	4447	40	8.995
<b>Sussex</b>	<b>321</b>	<b>9330</b>	<b>36</b>	<b>3.859</b>
<i>Aedes albopictus</i>	3	3		
<i>Aedes japonicus</i>	4	45		
<i>Coquillettidia perturbans</i>	1	43		
<i>Culex pipiens</i>	4	59		
<i>Culex restuans</i>	6	186		
<i>Culex salinarius</i>	1	1		
<i>Culex</i> spp.	293	8978	36	4.010
<i>Culiseta melanura</i>	9	15		
<b>Union</b>	<b>312</b>	<b>14118</b>	<b>114</b>	<b>8.075</b>
<i>Aedes albopictus</i>	59	838		
<i>Aedes japonicus</i>	5	64		
<i>Aedes triseriatus</i>	1	15		
<i>Culex</i> spp.	247	13201	114	8.636
<b>Warren</b>	<b>357</b>	<b>7283</b>	<b>24</b>	<b>3.295</b>
<i>Aedes albopictus</i>	6	86		
<i>Aedes japonicus</i>	34	177		
<i>Aedes triseriatus</i>	24	62		
<i>Aedes trivittatus</i>	3	3		
<i>Aedes vexans</i>	6	25		

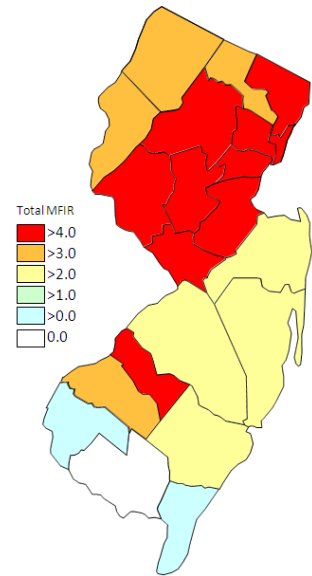
<i>Anopheles punctipennis</i>	11	45		
<i>Anopheles quadrimaculatus</i>	5	5		
<i>Coquillettidia perturbans</i>	2	5		
<i>Culex</i> spp.	265	6874	24	3.491
<i>Culiseta melanura</i>	1	1		
<b>Grand Total</b>	<b>9615</b>	<b>199719</b>	<b>975</b>	<b>4.882</b>



Cumulative WNV activity in 2011.



WNV activity to 1 Oct 2012.



WNV activity last week, 2012.

## Saint Louis Encephalitis (SLE) through 1 October 2012.

New Jersey will be selectively testing for SLE this year. SLE has had previous activity in New Jersey, most notably in 1964 and 1975 (CDC's SLE [website](#)), the latter prompting the surveillance reporting by Rutgers. SLE is a flavivirus and has a similar transmission pattern to West Nile, with *Culex* species as the predominant vectors.

No pools have tested positive for SLE to date in 2012.

County	Species	Pools	Mosquitoes	Positives	MFIR
<b>Burlington</b>		<b>271</b>	<b>9293</b>		
	<i>Aedes albopictus</i>	6	107		
	<i>Aedes canadensis canadensis</i>	6	214		
	<i>Aedes cantator</i>	2	30		
	<i>Aedes japonicus</i>	18	72		
	<i>Aedes mitchellae</i>	4	60		
	<i>Aedes sticticus</i>	1	8		
	<i>Aedes triseriatus</i>	3	3		
	<i>Aedes trivittatus</i>	1	2		
	<i>Aedes vexans</i>	4	65		
	<i>Anopheles bradleyi</i>	1	4		
	<i>Anopheles crucians</i>	3	37		
	<i>Anopheles punctipennis</i>	2	13		
	<i>Anopheles quadrimaculatus</i>	3	11		
	<i>Coquillettidia perturbans</i>	20	892		
	<i>Culex erraticus</i>	3	71		

	<i>Culex pipiens</i>	6	222		
	<i>Culex restuans</i>	3	55		
	<i>Culex salinarius</i>	10	182		
	<i>Culex</i> spp.	119	4693		
	<i>Culiseta melanura</i>	55	2547		
	<i>Psorophora columbiae</i>	1	5		
<b>Camden</b>		<b>75</b>	<b>2601</b>		
	<i>Aedes albopictus</i>	7	31		
	<i>Aedes japonicus</i>	4	6		
	<i>Aedes triseriatus</i>	1	5		
	<i>Anopheles punctipennis</i>	1	2		
	<i>Culex</i> spp.	62	2557		
<b>Essex</b>		<b>200</b>	<b>3900</b>		
	<i>Aedes albopictus</i>	23	48		
	<i>Aedes canadensis canadensis</i>	2	2		
	<i>Aedes grossbecki</i>	2	2		
	<i>Aedes japonicus</i>	30	251		
	<i>Aedes sticticus</i>	5	113		
	<i>Aedes triseriatus</i>	9	22		
	<i>Aedes vexans</i>	16	220		
	<i>Culex</i> spp.	112	3238		
	<i>Psorophora ferox</i>	1	4		
<b>Hudson</b>		<b>74</b>	<b>4966</b>		
	<i>Culex</i> spp.	74	4966		
<b>Salem</b>		<b>1</b>	<b>6</b>		
	<i>Culex</i> spp.	1	6		
<b>Grand Total</b>		<b>621</b>	<b>20766</b>		

## La Crosse Encephalitis (LAC) through 1 October 2012.

New Jersey will be selectively testing for La Crosse (LAC) virus this year. New Jersey has had 3 cases of this encephalitic disease since 1964 (see CDC's LAC [website](#)). The mortality is low but like other encephalitides, LAC can have both personal (lasting neurological sequelae) and economic impacts. LAC is a bunyavirus with a transmission cycle involving mosquitoes such as *Aedes triseriatus* and small mammals such as squirrels and chipmunks. LAC can not only infect *Aedes albopictus* but transovarial transmission was also demonstrated. (Tesh and Gubler 1975 Laboratory studies of transovarial transmission of La Crosse and other arboviruses by *Aedes albopictus* and *Culex fatigans*. American Journal of Tropical Medicine and Hygiene 24(5):876-880).

No pools tested positive to date for 2012.

County	Species	Pools	Mosquitoes	Positives	MFIR
<b>Burlington</b>		<b>1</b>	<b>39</b>		
	<i>Aedes triseriatus</i>	1	39		
<b>Cape May</b>		<b>134</b>	<b>256</b>		
	<i>Aedes taeniorhynchus</i>	1	1		
	<i>Aedes triseriatus</i>	130	250		
	<i>Culex</i> spp.	1	2		
	<i>Orthopodomyia signifera</i>	1	1		
	<i>Psorophora columbiae</i>	1	2		
<b>Cumberland</b>		<b>8</b>	<b>16</b>		
	<i>Aedes triseriatus</i>	8	16		
<b>Salem</b>		<b>2</b>	<b>3</b>		
	<i>Aedes triseriatus</i>	2	3		
<b>Union</b>		<b>1</b>	<b>15</b>		
	<i>Aedes triseriatus</i>	1	15		
<b>Grand Total</b>		<b>146</b>	<b>329</b>		