

VECTOR SURVEILLANCE IN NEW JERSEY

EEE, WNV, SLE and LAC

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CDC WEEK 29: 13 July to 20 July, 2014

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Culiseta melanura and Eastern Equine Encephalitis

SITE/Boxes	Inland or Coastal	Historic Population Mean	Current Weekly Mean	Total Tested* (Collected)	Total Pools Tested* (Submitted)	EEE Isolation Pools	MFIR
Bass River (Burlington Co.)/5	Coastal	0.00	0.00	4	3		
Green Bank (Burlington Co.)/25	Coastal	2.29	0.48	52 (64)	7 (8)		
Corbin City (Atlantic Co.)/25	Coastal	0.96	0.32	124 (132)	6 (7)		
Dennisville (Cape May Co.)/50	Coastal	3.75	0.48	107	6		
Winslow (Camden Co.)/40	Inland	1.94	0.95	605	15		
Centerton (Salem Co.)/48	Inland	2.15	0.79	257	9		
Turkey Swamp (Monmouth Co.)/50	Inland	1.16	0.16	58 (66)	7 (8)		
Glassboro (Gloucester Co.)/49	Inland	0.55	1.53	305	9		

*Current week (in parentheses) results pending.

Remarks: No EEE activity has been detected in any mosquitoes or vertebrates sampled to date in New Jersey. *Cs. melanura* activity continues to remain low to moderate in most areas (see page 3 population graphs).

Traditional Resting Box Sites: To date, 1512 *Cs. melanura* from 62 pools have been tested for EEE. No positive pools have been detected. Three additional pools containing 28 *Cs. melanura* remain to be tested.

Additional <i>Cs. melanura</i> trapped by counties				
*traps with positives indicated in BOLD .				
County	Trap types*	Number collected (pools)	Number of positive pools	MFIR
Burlington	CO ₂	2315 (44)		
Cape May	RB	83 (5)		
Cumberland	RB	34 (5)		
Gloucester	RB	276 (22)		
Monmouth	Other	2 (1)		
Ocean	CO ₂ , RB	18 (5)		
Salem	CO ₂	6 (3)		
TOTAL		2734 (85)		

Additional *Cs. melanura*: Counties submit additional pools of *Cs. melanura* caught in other trap types as well as resting boxes. Currently, no detection of EEE has occurred in *Cs. melanura* sampled from additional traps.

Species other than <i>Cs. melanura</i>	Pools	Mosquitoes	Positives	MFIR
<i>Aedes canadensis canadensis</i>	3	81		
<i>Aedes taeniorhynchus</i>	1	5		
<i>Aedes vexans</i>	1	14		
<i>Anopheles bradleyi</i>	1	7		
<i>Anopheles punctipennis</i>	14	268		
<i>Anopheles quadrimaculatus</i>	8	198		
<i>Coquillettidia perturbans</i>	15	312		
<i>Culex erraticus</i>	2	14		
<i>Culex restuans</i>	1	1		
<i>Culex salinarius</i>	3	29		
<i>Culex</i> spp.	1	1		
<i>Culiseta morsitans</i>	1	1		
State Total	51	931		

Additional Species: Counties submit additional pools of species other than *Cs. melanura* for EEE virus testing. Currently, no detection of EEE in other species has occurred.

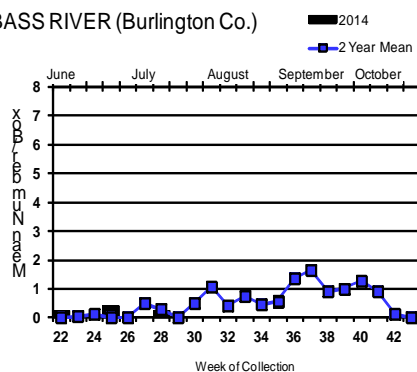
Horses and Humans: Currently there is no reported horse or human cases

Horses and Vaccinations: The fate of unvaccinated equids reinforces the necessity of maintaining a vaccination schedule for arboviruses. For vaccination schedules recommended by the American Association of Equine Practices, see: http://www.aaep.org/vaccination_guidelines.htm

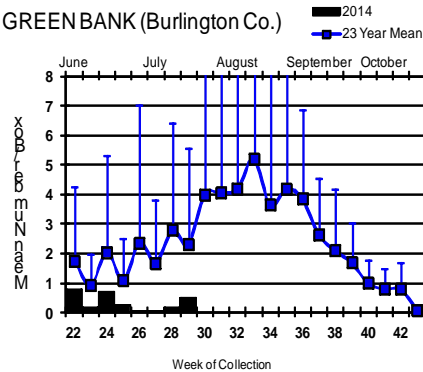
Culiseta melanura Population Graphs

Coastal

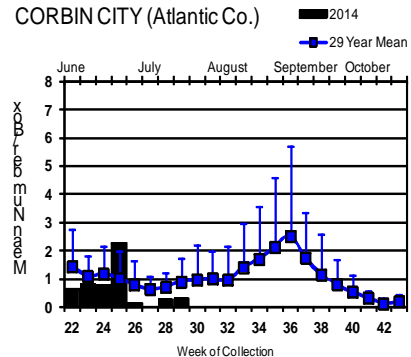
BASS RIVER (Burlington Co.)



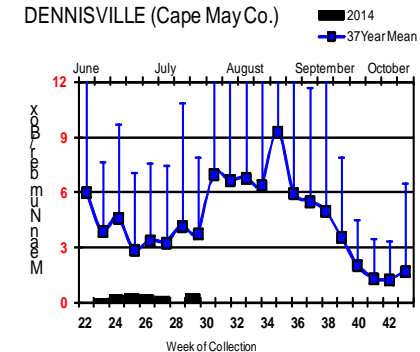
GREEN BANK (Burlington Co.)



CORBIN CITY (Atlantic Co.)

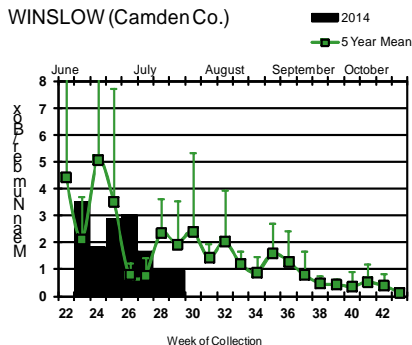


DENNISVILLE (Cape May Co.)

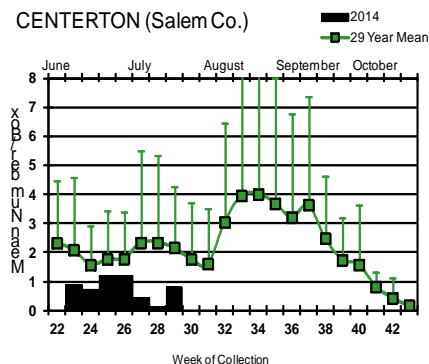


Inland

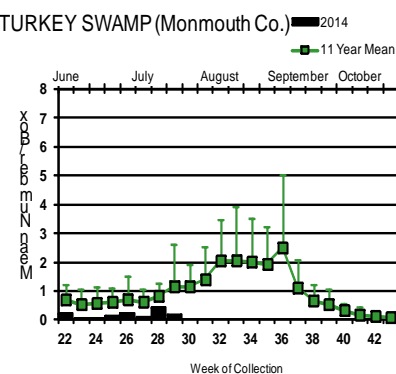
WINSLOW (Camden Co.)



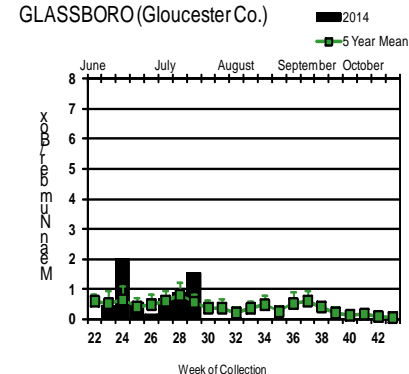
CENTERTON (Salem Co.)




TURKEY SWAMP (Monmouth Co.)



GLASSBORO (Gloucester Co.)



Culiseta melanura populations at Glassboro showed a significant increase from the previous week. Most other sites either maintained current activity levels or showed slight increases. Currently, there is no EEE activity in New Jersey, although detection in mosquitoes continues in states both to the south and to the north of NJ and positive horses continue to be seen in Florida.

 = Positive pool(s) detected (red = melanura, purple = other).

EEE in US (2014 cumulative cases): (Black or Red = previous + new reported cases occurring)

- equine: AL(1) FL (27 +2 deer) GA(1)
- mosquito pools: GA(1) MA(4) NY(1) VA(1) VT(1)
- sentinel: AL(3) FL(100)
- human:

West Nile Virus Positive Organisms in US

West Nile in US (2014 cumulative cases): Single black values indicate no change from previous week. Black values / red values equals previous week/**New totals**.

Note: Data reported by all states should be considered provisional and subject to change. Sources for this table can be found [here](#).

	Birds	Mosquito Pools	Sentinels	Horses	Humans
Alabama				1	
Alaska					
Arizona	1	1			1
Arkansas					
California	537/708	520/771	9/14		9/11
Colorado		12/16			2
Connecticut					0
Delaware					
DC					
Florida			6		
Georgia					1
Hawaii					
Idaho		7/11			
Illinois	2/7	40/58			
Indiana		5/6			
Iowa					1/2
Kansas		0			0
Kentucky					
Louisiana		23/119	1		1
Maine		0		0	0
Maryland					
Mass.		1/3		0	0
Michigan		1			
Minnesota	1	2			1
Mississippi		1		0	2
Missouri		0		0	1

	Birds	Mosquito Pools	Sentinels	Horses	Humans
Montana					
Nebraska	0	2		0	0
Nevada					
New Hampshire		0		0	0
New Jersey	1/2	3/16			
New Mexico					
New York		2/5			1
North Carolina					
North Dakota	0	1		0	0
Ohio					
Oklahoma					1
Oregon	0	0	0	0	0
Pennsylvania		41/118			
Rhode Island		0			
South Carolina					
South Dakota		2/7			6/8
Tennessee	0	9/14		0	1
Texas	14	156/266		0	1
Utah	1/2	3			
Vermont					
Virginia					
Washington	0	2		0	0
West Virginia					
Wisconsin	7/10	0		0	1
Wyoming		1			

* Can include other species (e.g., dogs, cows) reported positive.

Protocol: New Jersey Department of Health (NJDH Public Health Environmental and Agricultural Laboratories, PHEAL) and the Cape May County Department of Mosquito Control tests mosquito pools using RT-PCR Taqman techniques.

Mosquito Species Submitted and Tested for West Nile Virus Testing through 22 July 2014

Species	Pools	Mosquitoes	Positives	MFIR
<i>Aedes albopictus</i>	73	442		
<i>Aedes canadensis canadensis</i>	23	473		
<i>Aedes cantator</i>	8	183		
<i>Aedes japonicus</i>	145	788		
<i>Aedes sollicitans</i>	1	1		
<i>Aedes sticticus</i>	3	7		
<i>Aedes taeniorhynchus</i>	2	6		
<i>Aedes triseriatus</i>	49	225		
<i>Aedes trivittatus</i>	3	4		
<i>Aedes vexans</i>	20	101		
<i>Anopheles bradleyi</i>	2	9		
<i>Anopheles punctipennis</i>	23	284		
<i>Anopheles quadrimaculatus</i>	16	422		
<i>Coquillettidia perturbans</i>	38	647		
<i>Culex erraticus</i>	6	22		
<i>Culex pipiens</i>	208	6340		
<i>Culex restuans</i>	96	2582		
<i>Culex salinarius</i>	6	34		
<i>Culex spp.</i>	1093	45644	16	0.351
<i>Culiseta melanura</i>	165	4279		
<i>Culiseta morsitans</i>	1	1		
<i>Psorophora columbiae</i>	1	1		
<i>Psorophora ferox</i>	5	9		
State Total	1987	62504	16	0.256

Remarks: To date, 1987 pools of 62,504 mosquitoes from 22 species have been tested, with 16 positive pools detected, all *Culex*. First positive was detected in a Mixed *Culex* pool collected on 20 May in Camden County. Second positive in Mixed *Culex* collected on 25 June in Bergen County and third positive Mixed *Culex* pool collected 2 July in Camden County. Six counties have now detected positive pools, including Bergen, Burlington, Camden, Hudson, Middlesex and Union counties.

Humans, Horses and Wild Birds: To date, no human cases have been reported. For further information, see <http://www.state.nj.us/health/cd/westnile/techinfo.shtml>.

Bird testing began in mid-April. First positive bird (Fish Crow in Mercer County collected 8 July) has been reported. To date, 49 birds have been tested. Species includes: Fish Crow (*Corvus ossifragus* 2/16), Blue Jay (*Cyanocitta cristata* 0/3), Hawk/Raptor (0/3) and other avian species (0/27). Counties (**positives**) submitting birds are Atlantic, Bergen, Burlington, Cape May, Essex, Hunterdon, **Mercer**, Monmouth, Morris, **Ocean**, Salem, Sussex and Warren.

WNV Results by County through 22 July 2014

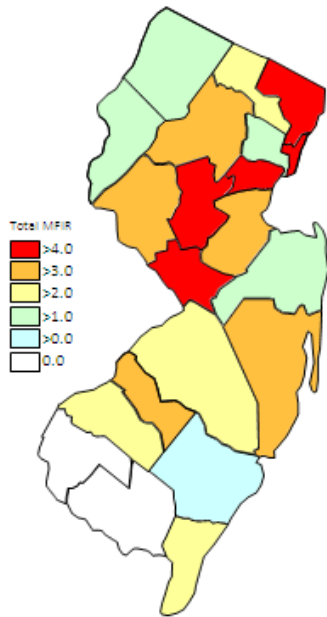
County	Species	Pools	Mosquitoes	Positives	MFIR
Atlantic		39	938		
	<i>Aedes albopictus</i>	2	8		
	<i>Aedes canadensis canadensis</i>	3	26		
	<i>Aedes cantator</i>	2	5		
	<i>Aedes japonicus</i>	1	13		
	<i>Aedes sticticus</i>	1	1		

	<i>Aedes taeniorhynchus</i>	1	1		
	<i>Aedes vexans</i>	3	21		
	<i>Anopheles punctipennis</i>	1	1		
	<i>Coquillettidia perturbans</i>	2	17		
	<i>Culex</i> spp.	15	714		
	<i>Culiseta melanura</i>	7	127		
	<i>Psorophora ferox</i>	1	4		
Bergen		60	4500	3	0.667
	<i>Culex</i> spp.	60	4500	3	0.667
Burlington		120	4593	3	0.653
	<i>Aedes canadensis canadensis</i>	1	75		
	<i>Aedes japonicus</i>	6	103		
	<i>Aedes taeniorhynchus</i>	1	5		
	<i>Aedes triseriatus</i>	2	28		
	<i>Anopheles punctipennis</i>	1	1		
	<i>Coquillettidia perturbans</i>	1	64		
	<i>Culex salinarius</i>	2	25		
	<i>Culex</i> spp.	52	1921	3	1.562
	<i>Culiseta melanura</i>	54	2371		
Camden		162	5167	2	0.387
	<i>Aedes albopictus</i>	8	10		
	<i>Aedes japonicus</i>	35	91		
	<i>Culex</i> spp.	104	4461	2	0.448
	<i>Culiseta melanura</i>	15	605		
Cape May		114	1435		
	<i>Aedes triseriatus</i>	5	29		
	<i>Anopheles bradleyi</i>	1	7		
	<i>Anopheles quadrimaculatus</i>	8	224		
	<i>Culex erraticus</i>	1	12		
	<i>Culex pipiens</i>	61	669		
	<i>Culex restuans</i>	26	300		
	<i>Culex salinarius</i>	1	4		
	<i>Culiseta melanura</i>	11	190		
Cumberland		28	302		
	<i>Aedes canadensis canadensis</i>	1	2		
	<i>Aedes japonicus</i>	1	1		
	<i>Aedes vexans</i>	3	35		
	<i>Anopheles bradleyi</i>	1	2		
	<i>Anopheles punctipennis</i>	2	13		
	<i>Coquillettidia perturbans</i>	3	74		
	<i>Culex</i> spp.	10	136		
	<i>Culiseta melanura</i>	6	38		
	<i>Psorophora ferox</i>	1	1		
Essex		120	1461		
	<i>Aedes albopictus</i>	4	7		
	<i>Aedes japonicus</i>	14	24		
	<i>Aedes triseriatus</i>	1	3		
	<i>Aedes vexans</i>	1	4		
	<i>Culex</i> spp.	98	1421		

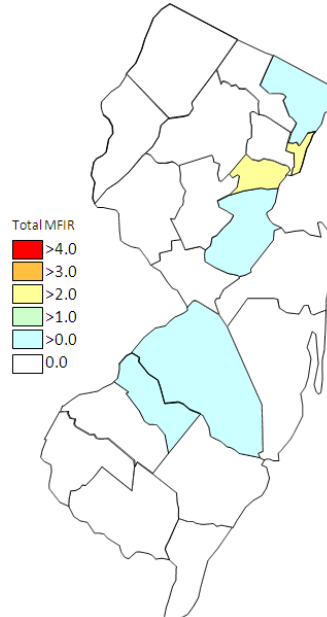
<i>Psorophora ferox</i>	2	2		
Gloucester	189	6640		
<i>Aedes albopictus</i>	7	132		
<i>Aedes japonicus</i>	5	78		
<i>Aedes triseriatus</i>	4	45		
<i>Anopheles punctipennis</i>	11	255		
<i>Anopheles quadrimaculatus</i>	7	197		
<i>Culex pipiens</i>	124	5352		
<i>Culiseta melanura</i>	31	581		
Hudson	15	729	2	2.743
<i>Culex</i> spp.	15	729	2	2.743
Hunterdon	120	5949		
<i>Culex</i> spp.	120	5949		
Mercer	133	3161		
<i>Aedes albopictus</i>	11	50		
<i>Aedes canadensis canadensis</i>	1	3		
<i>Aedes japonicus</i>	14	50		
<i>Aedes triseriatus</i>	8	18		
<i>Aedes vexans</i>	1	5		
<i>Culex pipiens</i>	21	315		
<i>Culex restuans</i>	68	2279		
<i>Culex salinarius</i>	1	2		
<i>Culex</i> spp.	8	439		
Middlesex	103	5678	3	0.528
<i>Aedes triseriatus</i>	2	14	3	0.530
<i>Culex</i> spp.	101	5664	3	0.530
Monmouth	146	2474		
<i>Aedes albopictus</i>	12	39		
<i>Aedes canadensis canadensis</i>	13	268		
<i>Aedes cantator</i>	3	43		
<i>Aedes japonicus</i>	19	83		
<i>Aedes sollicitans</i>	1	1		
<i>Aedes triseriatus</i>	8	32		
<i>Aedes trivitatus</i>	3	4		
<i>Aedes vexans</i>	5	10		
<i>Anopheles punctipennis</i>	4	5		
<i>Anopheles quadrimaculatus</i>	1	1		
<i>Coquillettidia perturbans</i>	2	2		
<i>Culex erraticus</i>	2	6		
<i>Culex restuans</i>	1	1		
<i>Culex salinarius</i>	1	1		
<i>Culex</i> spp.	61	1916		
<i>Culiseta melanura</i>	8	60		
<i>Culiseta morsitans</i>	1	1		
<i>Psorophora columbiae</i>	1	1		
Morris	80	3568		
<i>Aedes albopictus</i>	1	39		
<i>Coquillettidia perturbans</i>	4	200		

<i>Culex</i> spp.	75	3329		
Ocean	127	1643		
<i>Aedes albopictus</i>	21	115		
<i>Aedes canadensis canadensis</i>	3	96		
<i>Aedes cantator</i>	3	135		
<i>Aedes japonicus</i>	16	63		
<i>Aedes sticticus</i>	2	6		
<i>Aedes triseriatus</i>	4	18		
<i>Aedes vexans</i>	6	23		
<i>Coquillettidia perturbans</i>	10	46		
<i>Culex erraticus</i>	2	3		
<i>Culex salinarius</i>	1	2		
<i>Culex</i> spp.	37	1090		
<i>Culiseta melanura</i>	21	44		
<i>Psorophora ferox</i>	1	2		
Passaic	36	1160		
<i>Aedes albopictus</i>	1	1		
<i>Aedes japonicus</i>	10	120		
<i>Aedes triseriatus</i>	2	5		
<i>Aedes vexans</i>	1	3		
<i>Culex</i> spp.	22	1031		
Salem	97	1175		
<i>Aedes albopictus</i>	4	12		
<i>Aedes japonicus</i>	11	29		
<i>Aedes triseriatus</i>	10	24		
<i>Anopheles punctipennis</i>	3	7		
<i>Coquillettidia perturbans</i>	16	244		
<i>Culex erraticus</i>	1	1		
<i>Culex pipiens</i>	2	4		
<i>Culex restuans</i>	1	2		
<i>Culex</i> spp.	37	589		
<i>Culiseta melanura</i>	12	263		
Somerset	105	2589		
<i>Aedes canadensis canadensis</i>	1	3		
<i>Aedes japonicus</i>	9	88		
<i>Aedes triseriatus</i>	3	9		
<i>Anopheles punctipennis</i>	1	2		
<i>Culex</i> spp.	91	2487		
Sussex	39	1533		
<i>Culex</i> spp.	39	1533		
Union	30	1421	3	2.111
<i>Aedes albopictus</i>	1	12		
<i>Aedes japonicus</i>	2	14		
<i>Culex</i> spp.	27	1395	3	2.151
Warren	124	6388		
<i>Aedes albopictus</i>	1	17		
<i>Aedes japonicus</i>	2	31		
<i>Culex</i> spp.	121	6340		

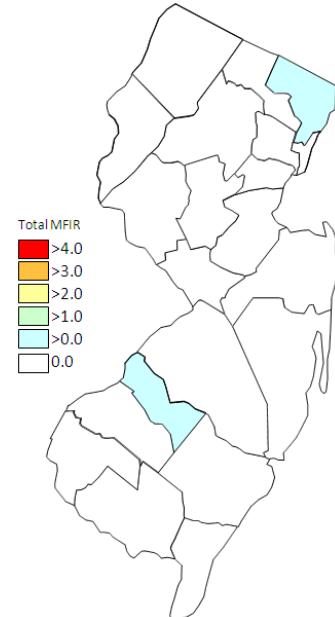
Grand Total		1987	62504	16	0.256
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Cumulative WNV activity in 2013.



WNV activity to 22 July 2014.



WNV activity last week, 2014.

Saint Louis Encephalitis (SLE) to 22 July 2014.

New Jersey will be selectively testing for SLE this year. SLE has had previous activity in New Jersey, most notably in 1964 and 1975 (CDC's SLE [website](#)), the latter prompting the surveillance reporting by Rutgers. SLE is a flavivirus and has a similar transmission pattern to West Nile, with *Culex* species as the predominant vectors.

No pools have been detected positive for SLE in 2014.

County	Species	Pools	Mosquitoes	Positives	MFIR
Burlington		55	1993		
	<i>Aedes japonicus</i>	5	93		
	<i>Culex</i> spp.	50	1900		
Grand Total		55	1993		

La Crosse Encephalitis (LAC) through 22 July 2014.

New Jersey will be selectively testing for La Crosse (LAC) virus this year. New Jersey has had 3 cases of this encephalitic disease since 1964 (see CDC's LAC [website](#)). The mortality is low but like other encephalitides, LAC can have both personal (lasting neurological sequelae) and economic impacts. LAC is a bunyavirus with a transmission cycle involving mosquitoes such as *Aedes triseriatus* and small mammals such as squirrels and chipmunks. LAC can not only infect *Aedes albopictus* but transovarial transmission was also demonstrated. (Tesh and Gubler 1975 Laboratory studies of transovarial transmission of La Crosse and other arboviruses by *Aedes albopictus* and *Culex fatigans*. American Journal of Tropical Medicine and Hygiene 24(5):876-880).

No pools have been detected positive for LAC in 2014.

County	Species	Pools	Mosquitoes	Positives	MFIR
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Burlington		2	28		
	<i>Aedes triseriatus</i>	2	28		
Cape May		5	29		
	<i>Aedes triseriatus</i>	5	29		
Salem		3	5		
	<i>Aedes triseriatus</i>	3	5		
Grand Total		10	63		