

NEW JERSEY STATEWIDE SURVEILLANCE

Week 40 Report for 2 October to 8 October, 2006

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Purpose: Data from 84 New Jersey light traps contributed by county mosquito control agencies are used to calculate trends in mosquito populations for species of nuisance or health concerns.

Calculations are based on regional distributions, with emphasis on mosquito habitat and land use. Trends will allow a statewide evaluation of changing mosquito populations, in response to control and/or changes in habitat.

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Figure 1a: Map of ten regions selected for the New Jersey Surveillance Program overlaid with county borders.

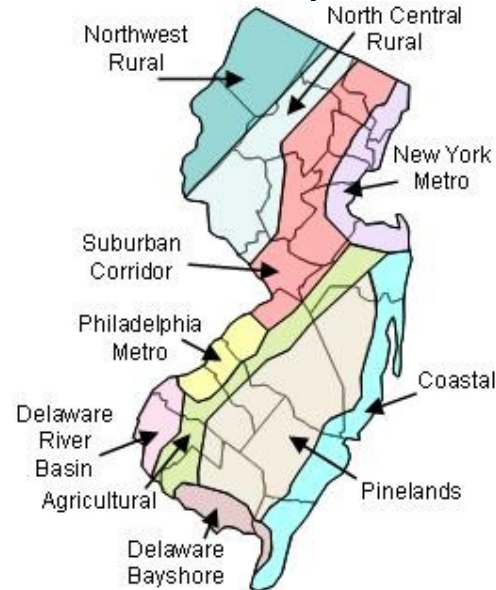


Figure 1b. Trap lat-long locations.



Summary table – Week 40

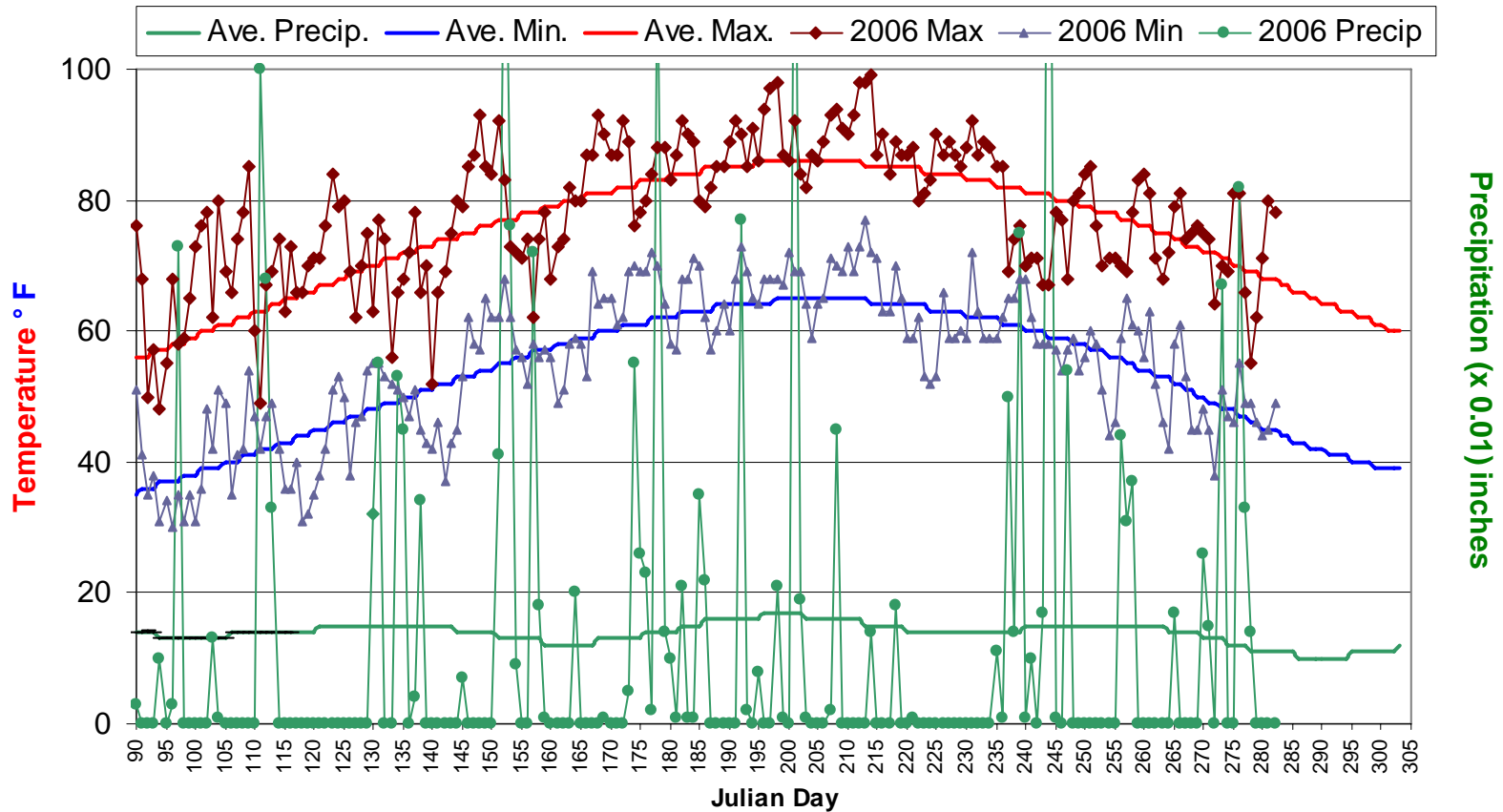
	<i>Aedes vexans</i>		<i>Culex complex</i>		<i>Coquillettidia perturbans</i>		<i>Ochlerotatus sollicitans</i>	
Region	This Week	Average*	This Week	Average*	This Week	Average*	This Week	Average*
Agricultural	1.00	2.17	0.98	2.83	0.00	0.00	0.14	0.27
Coastal	0.70	1.59	0.13	1.35	0.00	0.00	0.10	6.26
Delaware Bayshore	0.29	0.21	2.69	4.41	0.00	0.00	1.50	22.95
Delaware River Basin	0.00	2.14	0.00	1.66	0.00	0.01	0.00	0.19
New York Metro	1.20	1.61	1.37	2.63	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.82
North Central Rural	0.00	0.20	0.00	0.14	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Northwest Rural	0.26	2.48	0.07	0.59	0.00	0.02	0.00	0.00
Philadelphia Metro	8.51	5.00	1.00	2.00	0.00	0.03	0.00	0.00
Pinelands	0.16	0.84	0.34	1.74	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.40
Suburban Corridor	0.45	1.30	0.12	0.80	0.00	0.01	0.00	0.01

Graphs include *Ae. vexans*, *Culex complex* (*Cx. pipiens*, *Cx. restuans*, and *Cx. salinarius*), *Oc. sollicitans*, *Cs. melanura* and *Cx. erraticus*..

10 of 21 counties in one or both weeks; 20 of 21 counties reporting.

Climate Data

New Brunswick 1971-2000 Historical/Hillsborough 2006

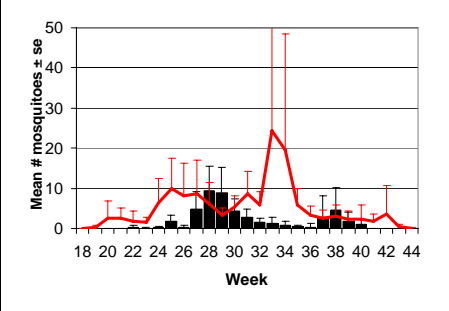
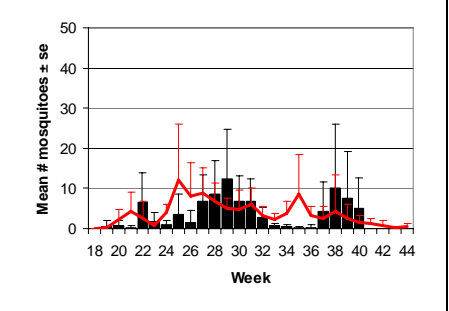
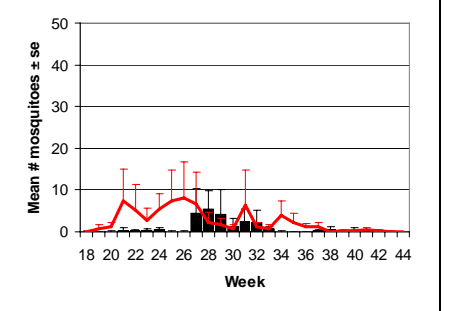
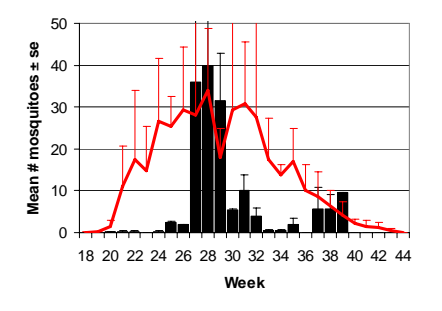
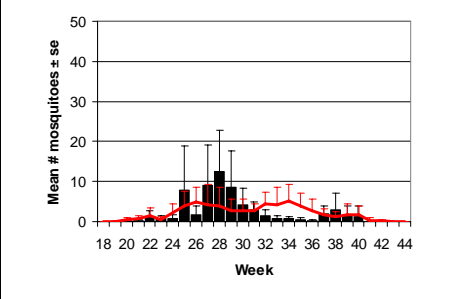
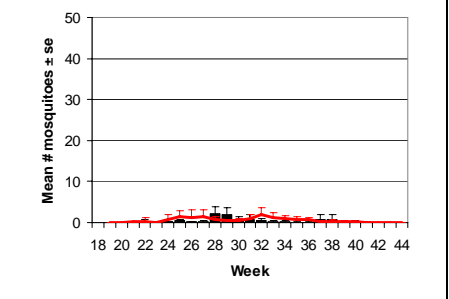
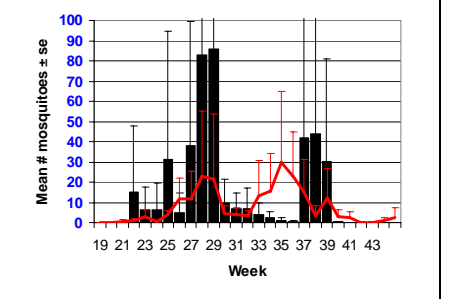
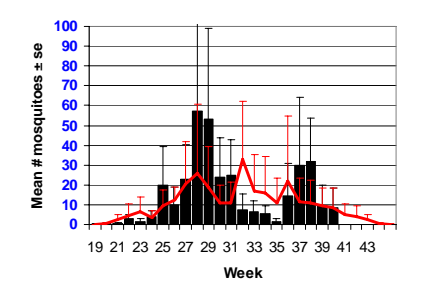
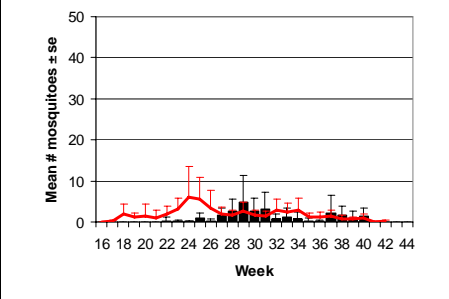
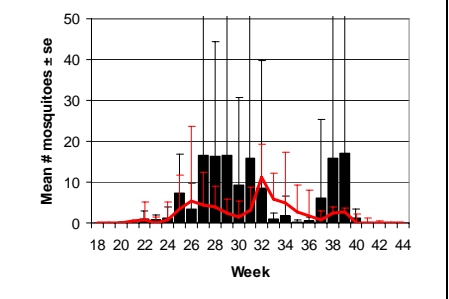


This figure shows historical average maximum and minimum temperatures and average precipitation recorded in the New Brunswick, NJ weather station over a recent 30 year period. Also graphed are the current year's minimum and maximum temperatures as recorded at the Hillsborough NJ weather station (a station close to central NJ which recorded all three parameters and was available online at the NJ state climatologist).

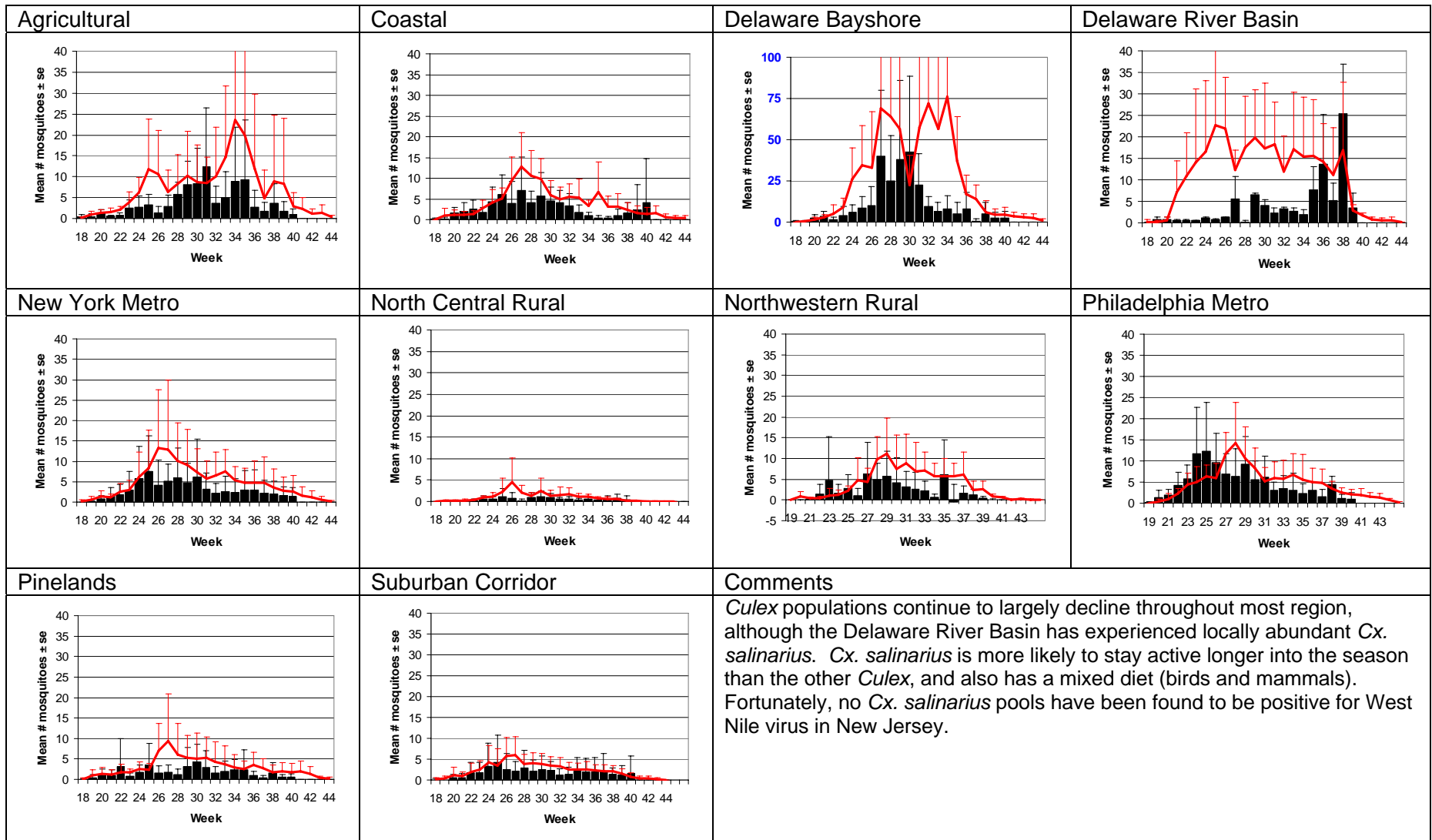
The state climatologist has an extensive amount of climatological historical data as well as stations reporting current conditions and forecasts:

<http://climate.rutgers.edu/stateclim/>

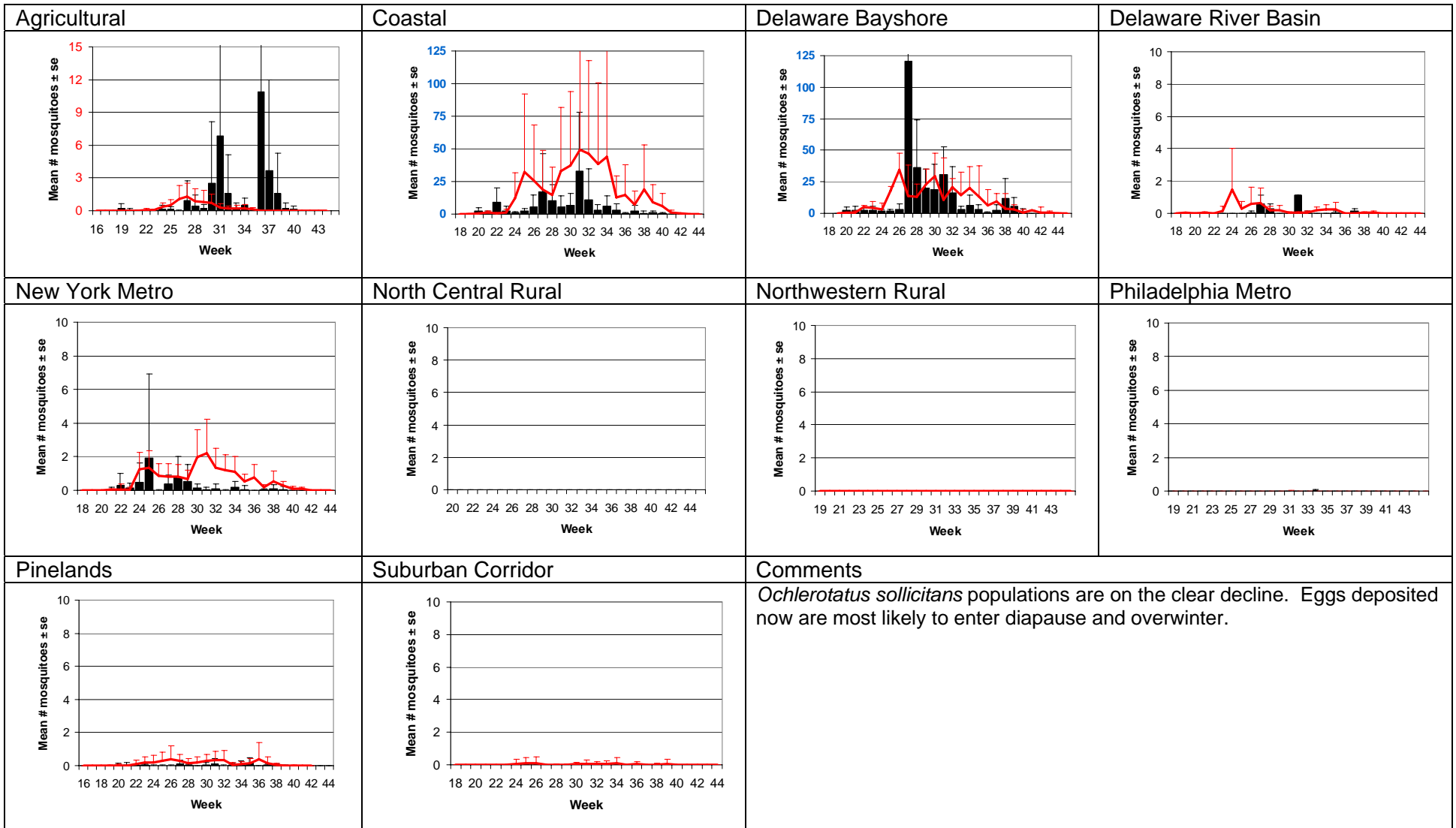
Aedes vexans - Fresh Floodwater Species

Agricultural	Coastal	Delaware Bayshore	Delaware River Basin
			
New York Metro	North Central Rural	Northwestern Rural	Philadelphia Metro
			
Pinelands	Suburban Corridor	Comments	
		<p>The recent spectacular emergences of <i>Aedes vexans</i> in most regions have begun to slow, in many areas at a rapid rate. The Northwestern Rural region continues to produce healthy <i>Ae. vexans</i> numbers, primarily due to the same location that produced significant emergences during weeks 28 and 29. This location is the confluence of two medium order streams that occurs on a floodplain and provides generous floodwater habitat under the appropriate conditions (rainfall both locally and upstream). Although biting activity may have shifted earlier from twilight to late afternoon, nighttime low temperatures will quickly curtail the activity of this species over the next two weeks.</p> <p><i>Errata</i> Week 39 report: "...those that partake of that significant first meal can produce a considerable number of eggs rafts during their 3-month life."</p>	

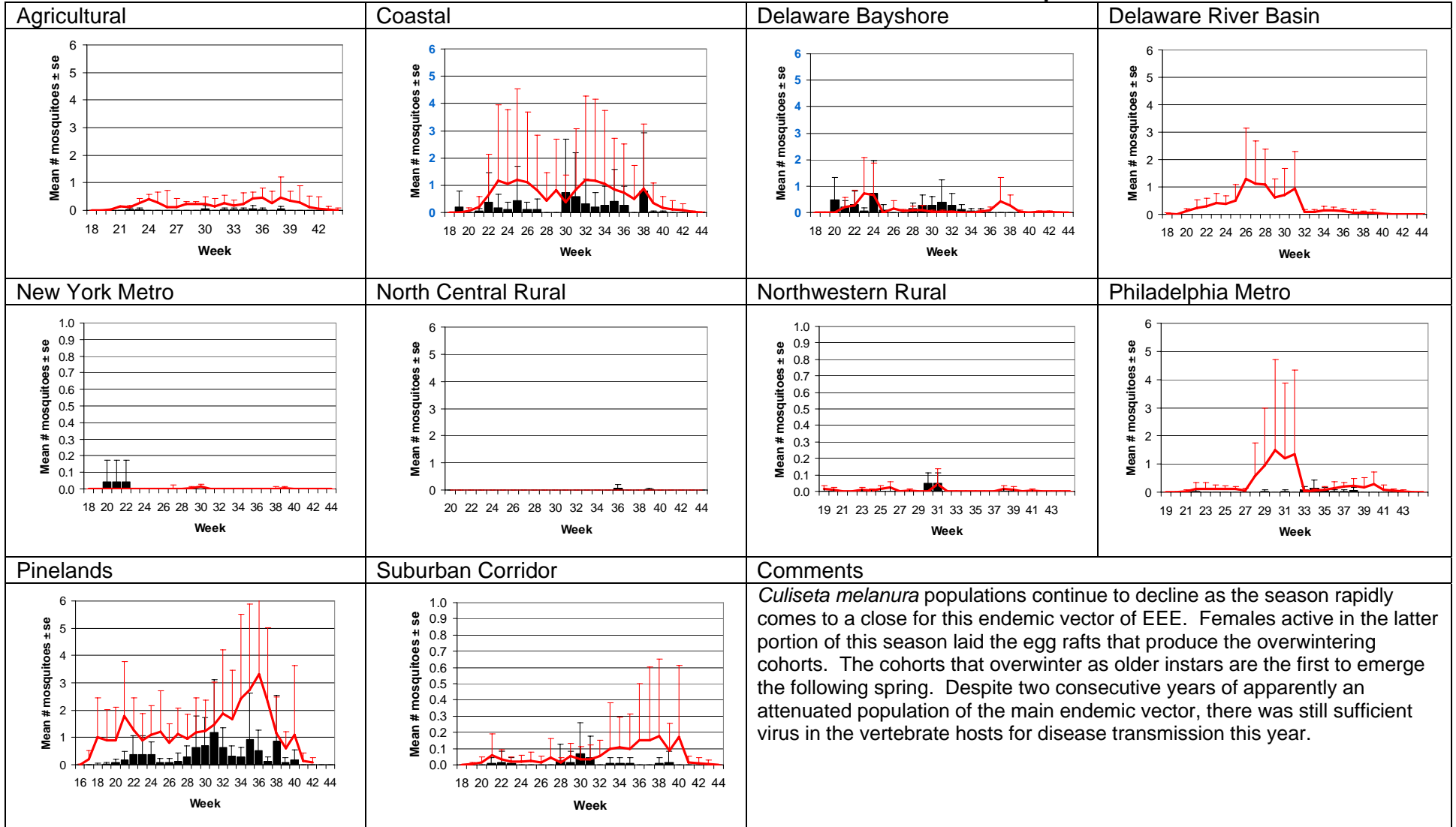
Culex Complex - Multivoltine Culex Species



Ochlerotatus sollicitans - Salt Marsh Floodwater Species



Culiseta melanura – Miscellaneous Group



Culex erraticus in New Jersey is at its northern range of distribution. This species does not seem particularly attracted to light trap, but can be found readily in resting boxes. This year, activity appears to be on the increase, particularly in the regions below. Note the Y-scale differences between the Agricultural and Suburban Corridors (more typical) and the Delaware River Basin and the Philadelphia Metro regions.

