

# NEW JERSEY ADULT MOSQUITO SURVEILLANCE Report

9 September to 15 September 2018, CDC Week 37

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Center for Vector Biology



This New Jersey Agricultural Experiment Station report is supported by Rutgers University, Hatch funds, funding from the NJ State Mosquito Control Commission and with the participation of the 21 county mosquito control agencies of New Jersey.

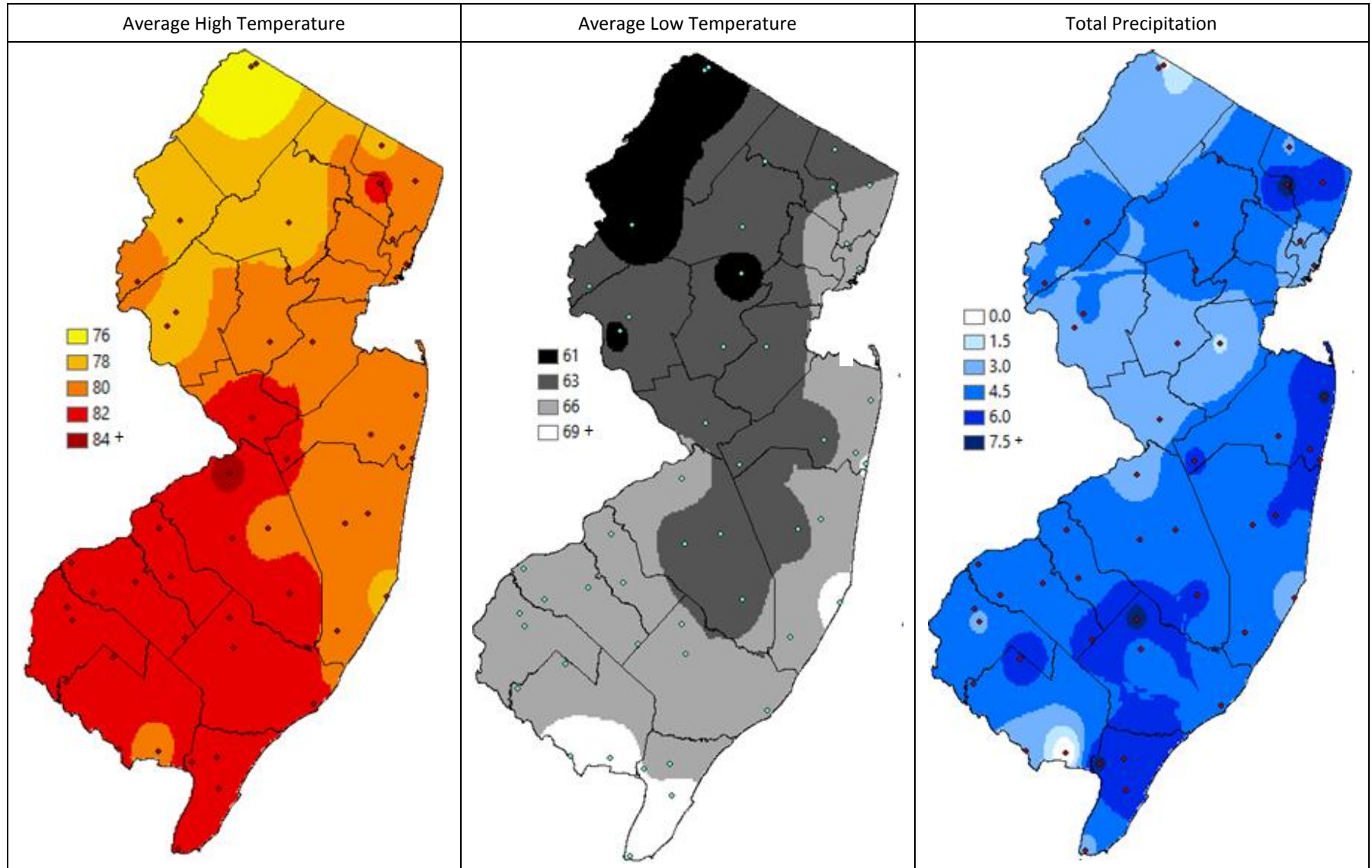
**Summary Table – Week 37**

| Region               | <i>Aedes vexans</i> |          |          | <i>Culex Mix</i> |          |          | <i>Coquillettidia perturbans</i> |          |          | <i>Aedes sollicitans</i> |          |          |
|----------------------|---------------------|----------|----------|------------------|----------|----------|----------------------------------|----------|----------|--------------------------|----------|----------|
|                      | This Week           | Average* | Increase | This Week        | Average* | Increase | This Week                        | Average* | Increase | This Week                | Average* | Increase |
| Agricultural         | 1.67                | 0.99     | 2        | 10.02            | 1.81     | 4        | 0.00                             | 0.04     | 0        | 0.10                     | 0.02     | 4        |
| Coastal              | 0.37                | 2.07     | 0        | 1.37             | 2.18     | 0        | 0.00                             | 0.00     | 0        | 0.19                     | 0.68     | 0        |
| Delaware Bayshore    | 0.00                | 1.02     | 0        | 4.86             | 4.86     | 0        | 0.00                             | 0.02     | 0        | 1.77                     | 0.07     | 4        |
| Delaware River Basin | 8.14                | 2.23     | 4        | 92.14            | 1.10     | 4        | 0.00                             | 0.10     | 0        | 0.00                     | 0.00     | 0        |
| New York Metro       | 0.61                | 0.37     | 2        | 5.37             | 2.25     | 3        | 0.03                             | <0.01    | 4        | 0.04                     | 0.03     | 1        |
| North Central Rural  | 0.20                | 0.13     | 2        | 0.34             | 0.13     | 4        | 0.02                             | 0.00     |          | 0.00                     | 0.00     | 0        |
| Northwest Rural      | 0.00                | 0.70     | 0        | 0.00             | 1.84     | 0        | 0.00                             | 0.02     | 0        | 0.00                     | 0.00     | 0        |
| Philadelphia Metro   | 2.21                | 1.18     | 2        | 6.64             | 1.15     | 4        | 0.00                             | 0.03     | 0        | 0.00                     | 0.00     | 0        |
| Pinelands            | 0.88                | 0.75     | 1        | 1.04             | 1.10     | 0        | 0.03                             | 0.06     | 0        | 0.00                     | <0.01    | 0        |
| Suburban Corridor    | 0.82                | 0.72     | 1        | 0.32             | 0.37     | 0        | 0.00                             | 0.49     | 0        | 0.00                     | <0.01    | 0        |

\*Averages represent data from, at most, the previous 5 years. Increase is a scale of current values from historical values where no difference or a decrease is represented by 0 (blue), up to 50% greater difference by 1 (green), up to 100% greater difference by 2 (yellow), up to 150% greater difference by 3 (orange) and greater than 150% increase by 4 (red). White cells in the increase column denote increases from an historic zero and thus no value can be appropriately given. nd=no data reported.

State Summary: With recent rainfall, several floodwater species abundances were above recent historical average, along with other pestiferous species. *Aedes vexans* abundances were significantly above average in the Delaware River Basin, with minor increases seen in many of the other regions. *Aedes sollicitans* also showed significant increases in the Agricultural and Delaware Bayshore region while *Culex Mix* numbers were significantly higher in the Agricultural, Delaware River Basin, North Central Rural and the Philadelphia Metropolitan regions. Higher numbers were also seen for *Coquillettidia perturbans* in the New York Metropolitan and North Central Rural regions (the latter above a recent historical average value of zero).

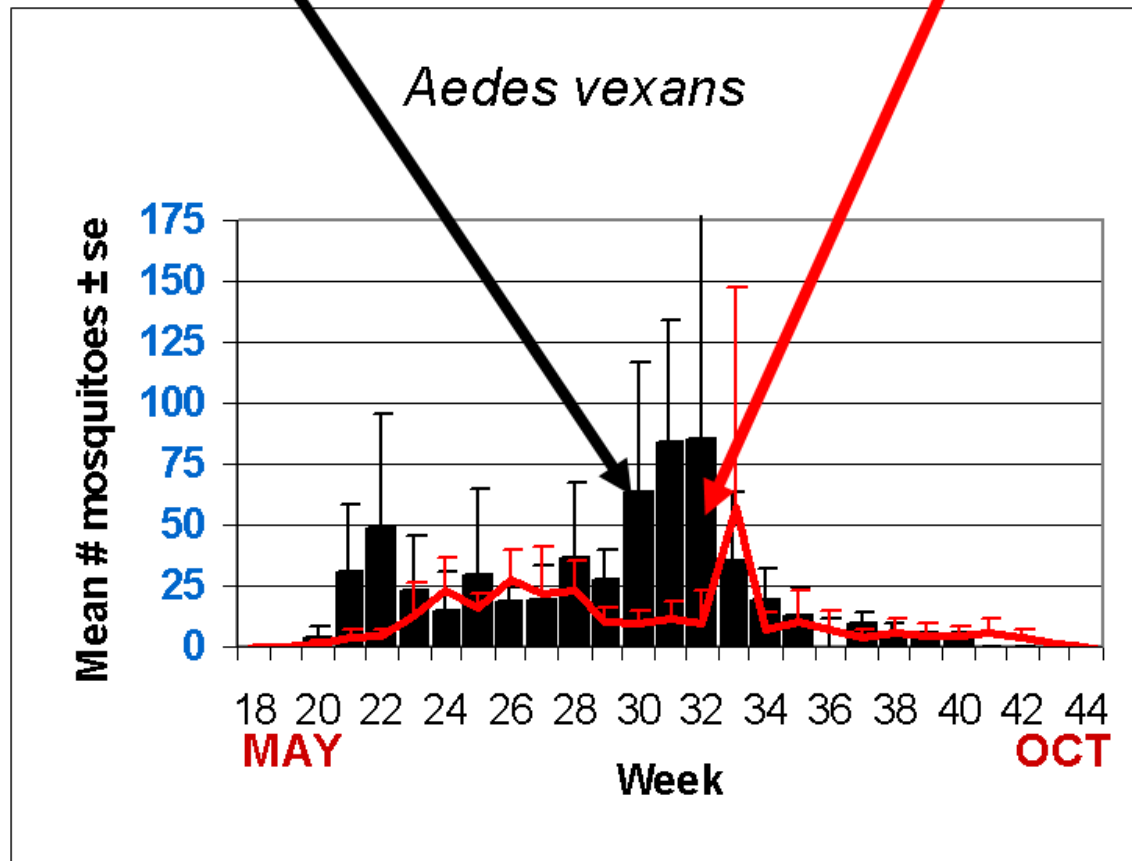
## Climate Factors



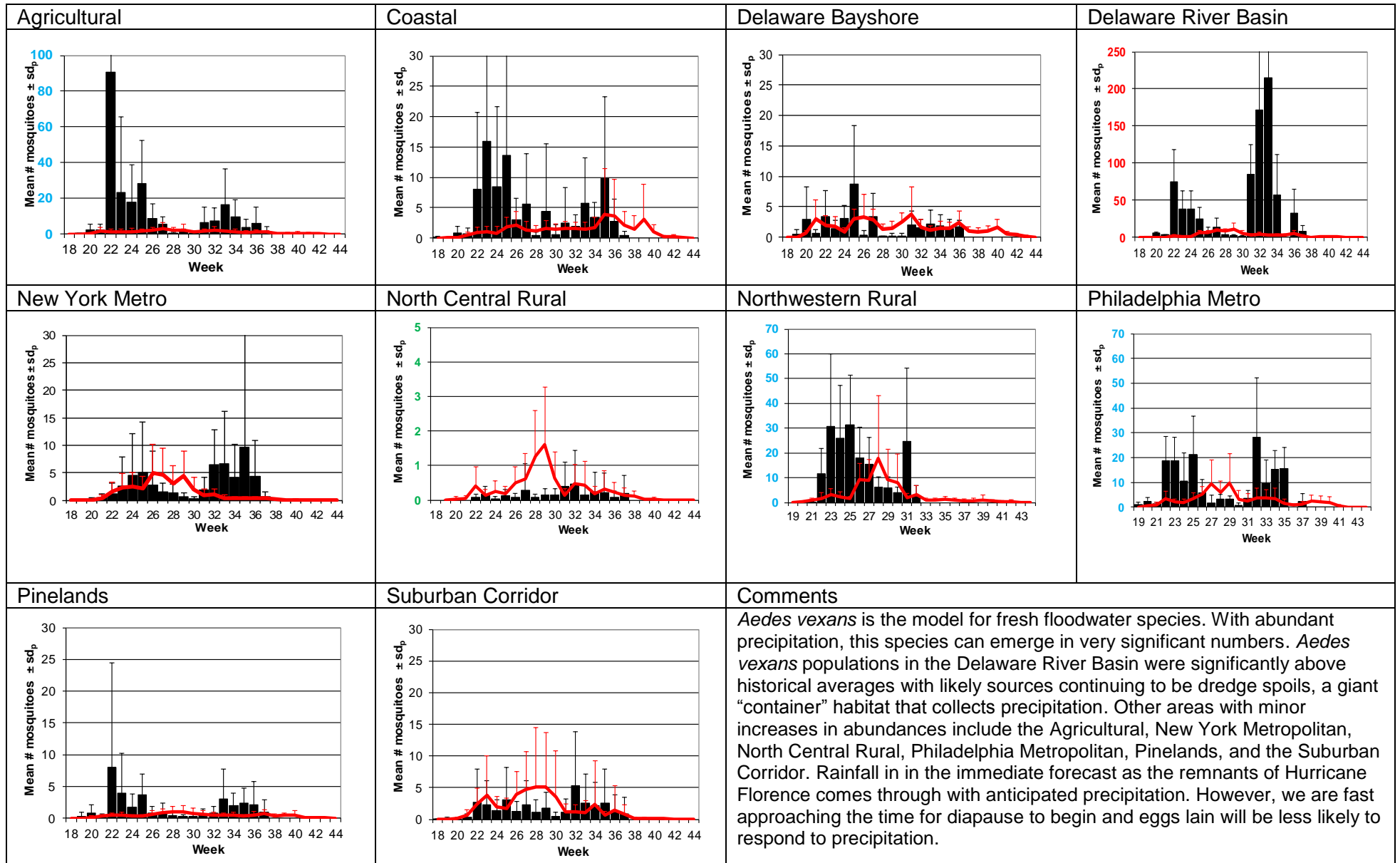
The three figures show the interpolation of average maximum (°F) and minimum temperature (°F) and total precipitation (inches) for 30 days prior to 15 September 2018 in New Jersey. Data points are from about 53 weather stations maintained through the New Jersey Weather & Climate Network and the State Climatologist. Interpolation between points was performed using ArcMap 10.1.

**The Species Graphs:** The species graph pages include a graph with two plots for each of the ten regions defined on the first page (Agricultural, Coastal, Delaware Bayshore, Delaware River, New York Metro, North-Central, Northwestern, Philadelphia Metro, Pinelands, and Suburban Corridor). Below is an example of one graph from one species within one region. The bar plot show the average number of mosquitoes per trap within the region (weekly means) and line plots show the historical trend as the average number of mosquitoes from the previous 5 years (5-year average). In general, historical data are running means from the previous 5 years, but on occasion, will include data from fewer years. Adjustments are made to account for year discrepancies. Data for this week are from Bergen, Burlington, Cumberland, Hudson, Hunterdon, Monmouth, Passaic, Salem, and Union counties. Data for the previous week are from Atlantic, Bergen, Burlington, Cape May, Cumberland, Hudson, Hunterdon, Middlesex, Monmouth, Passaic, Salem, Somerset, and Union counties.

## Weekly Means Against 5-year Average

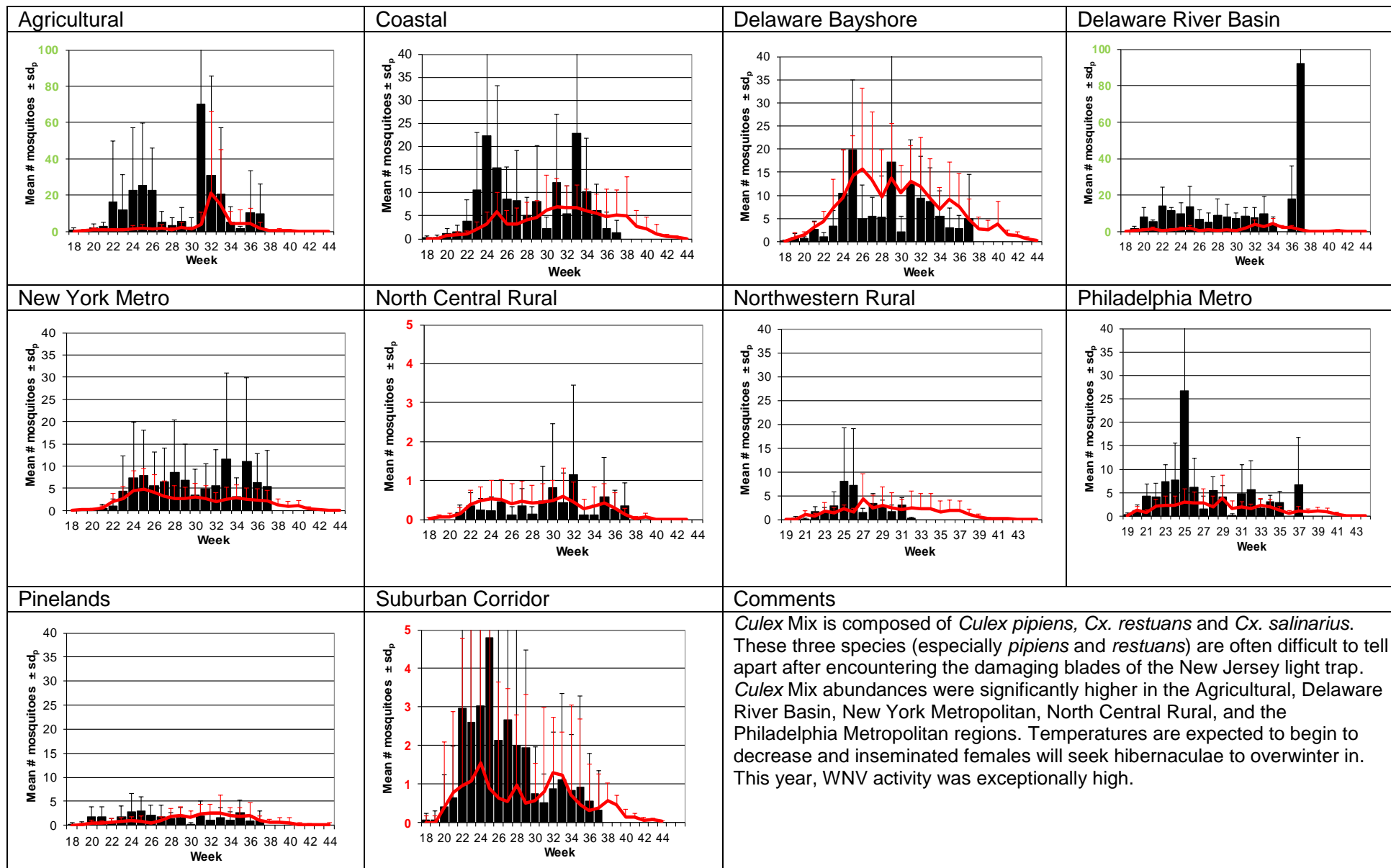


# Aedes vexans - Fresh Floodwater Species Multivoltine Aedine (Ae. vexans Type)

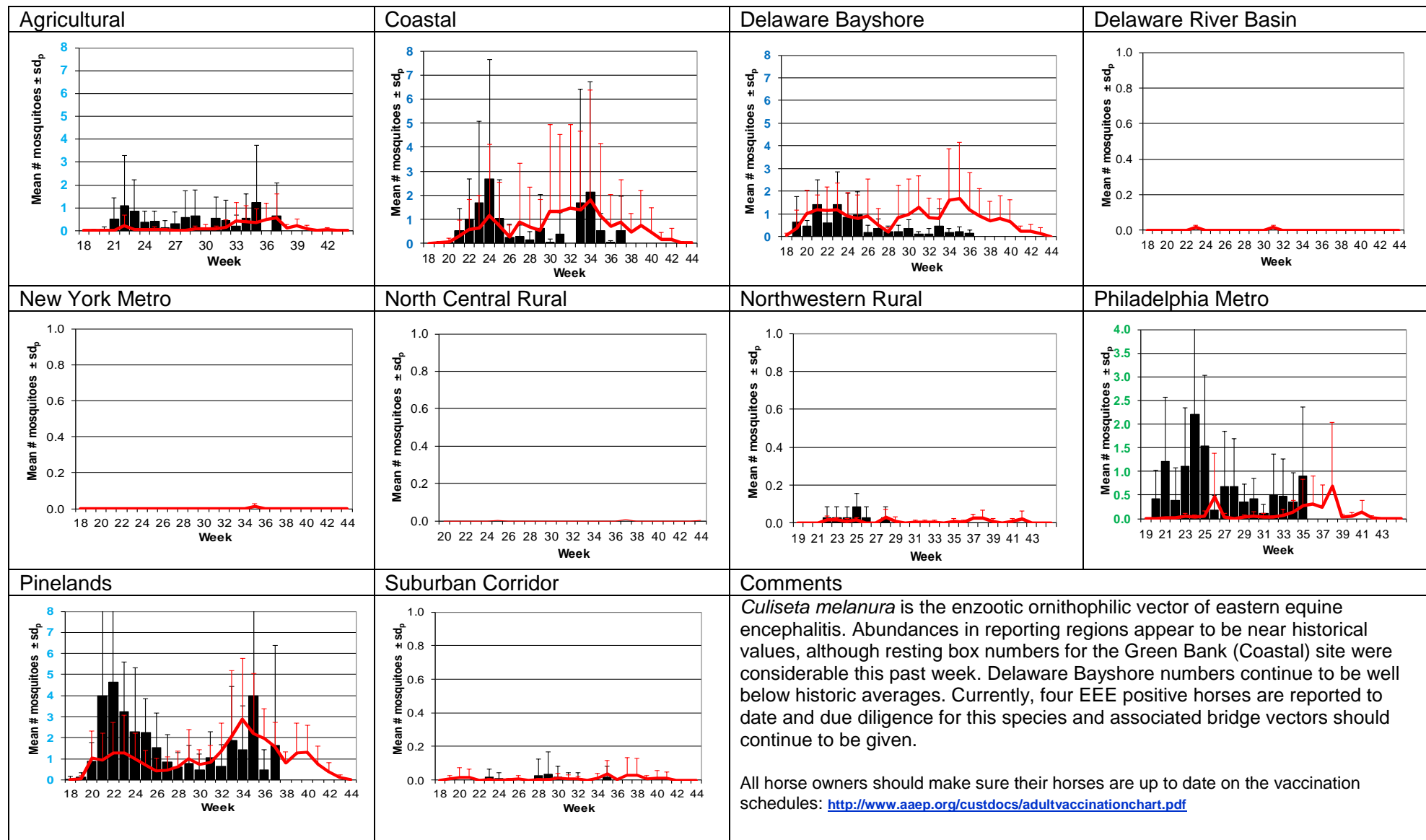


# Culex Mix – Permanent Water Species

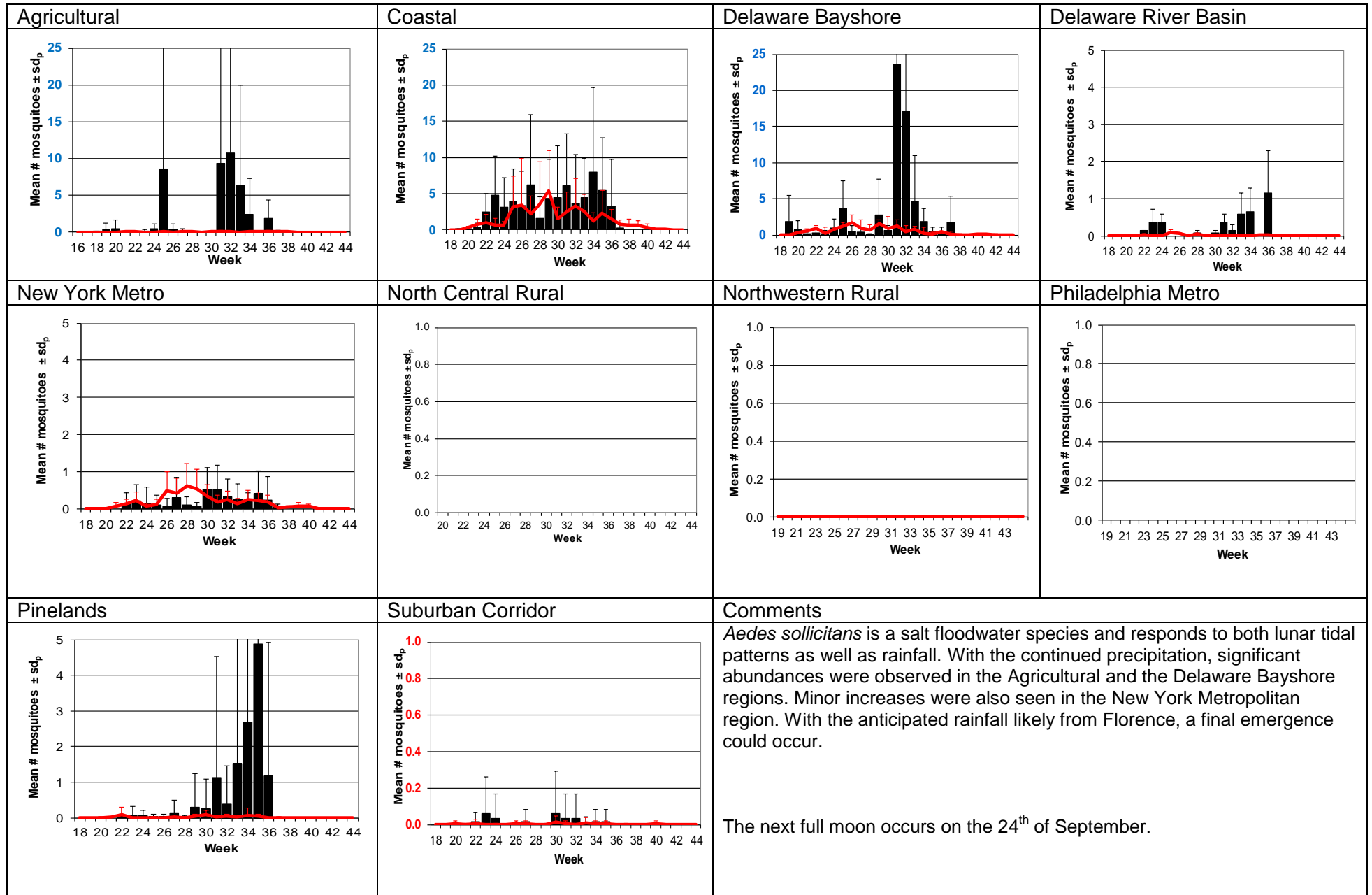
## Multivoltine *Culex/Anopheles* (*Cx. pipiens* Type)



## *Culiseta melanura* – Miscellaneous Group Unique (*Cs. melanura* Type)

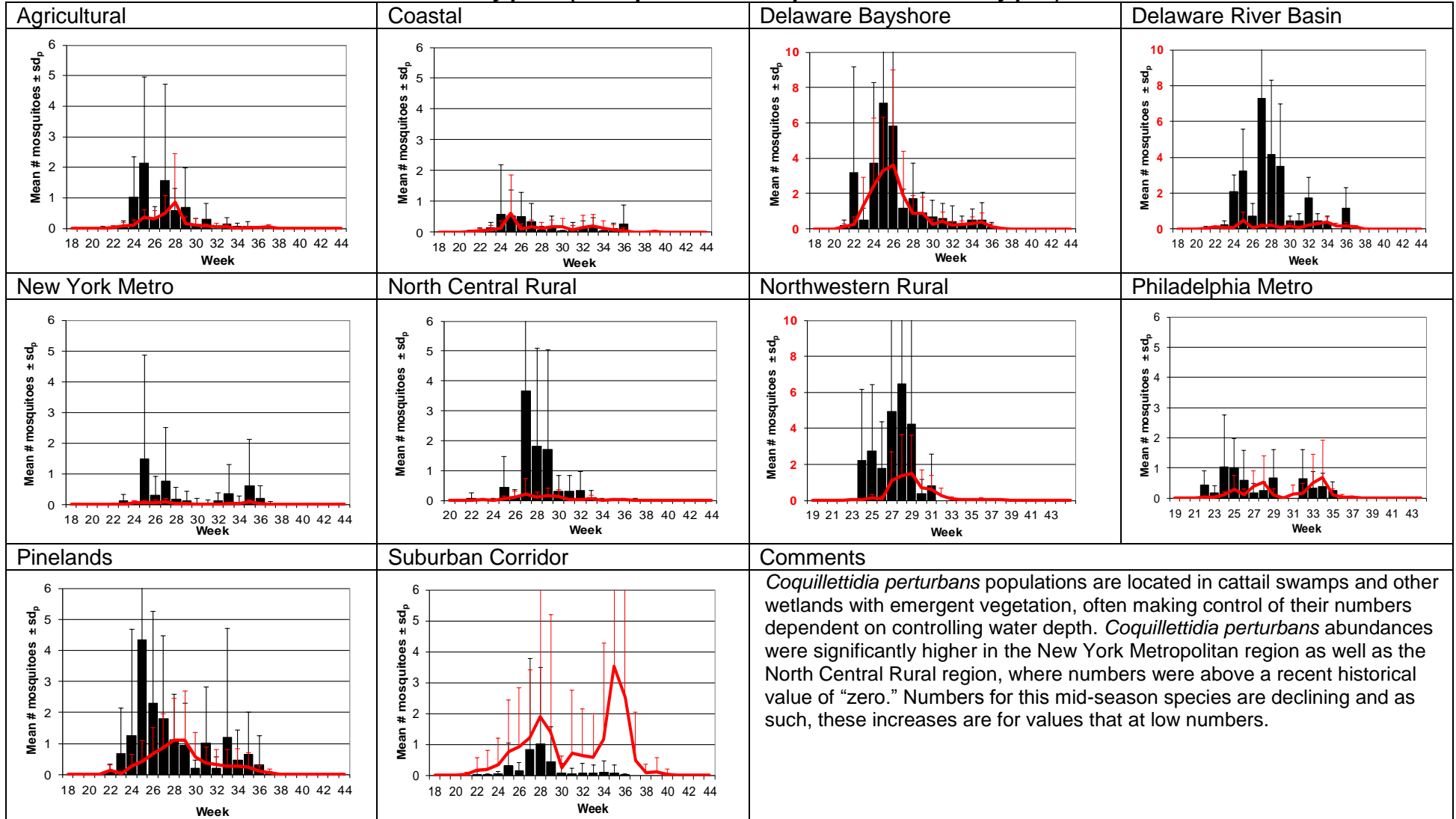


# Aedes sollicitans - Salt Floodwater Species Multivoltine Aedine (Ae. sollicitans Type)



# *Coquillettidia perturbans*

## Monotypic (*Coquillettidia perturbans* Type)



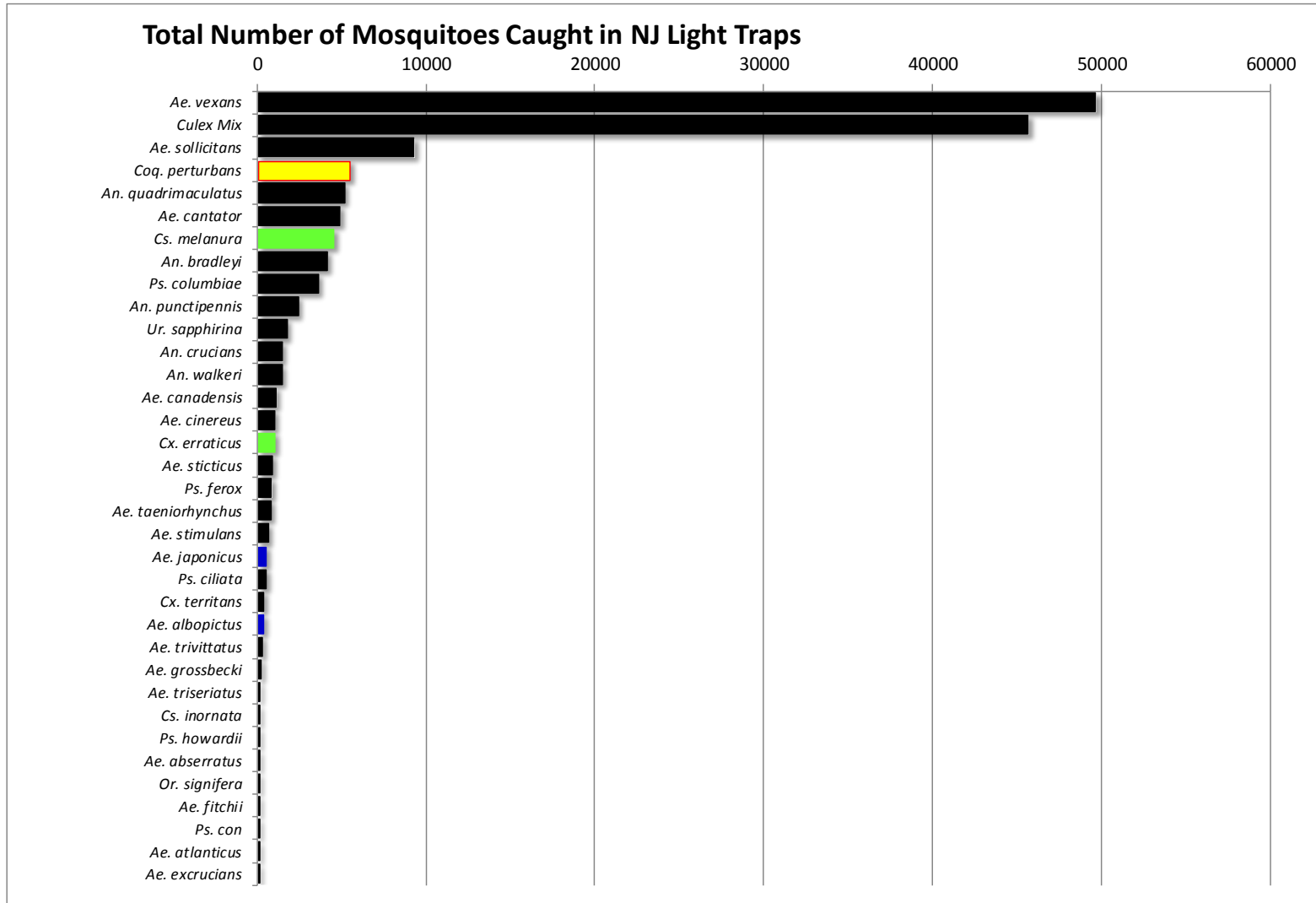


WNV

EEE

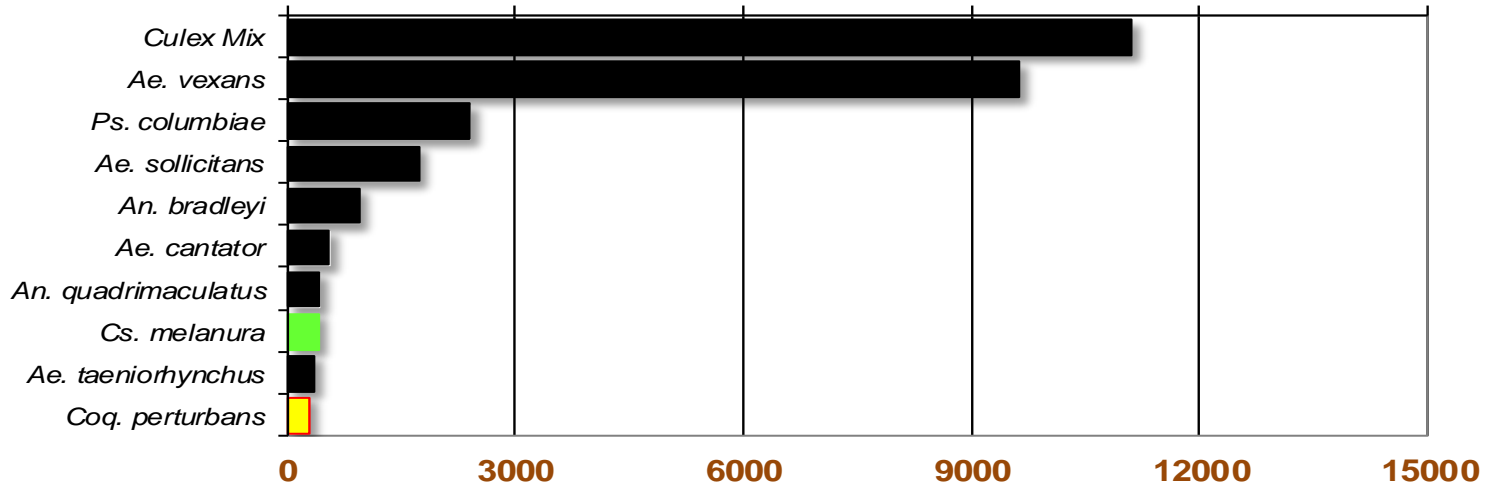
**Top Ten Mosquito Species/Region -** ■ *Ae. albopictus*, ■ *Ae. japonicus* (invasives); ■ *Cs. melanura* or *Cx. erraticus* ■ *Coq. perturbans*

Note: In early season when fewer species are caught, graphs may show less than ten species/region or 25 statewide.



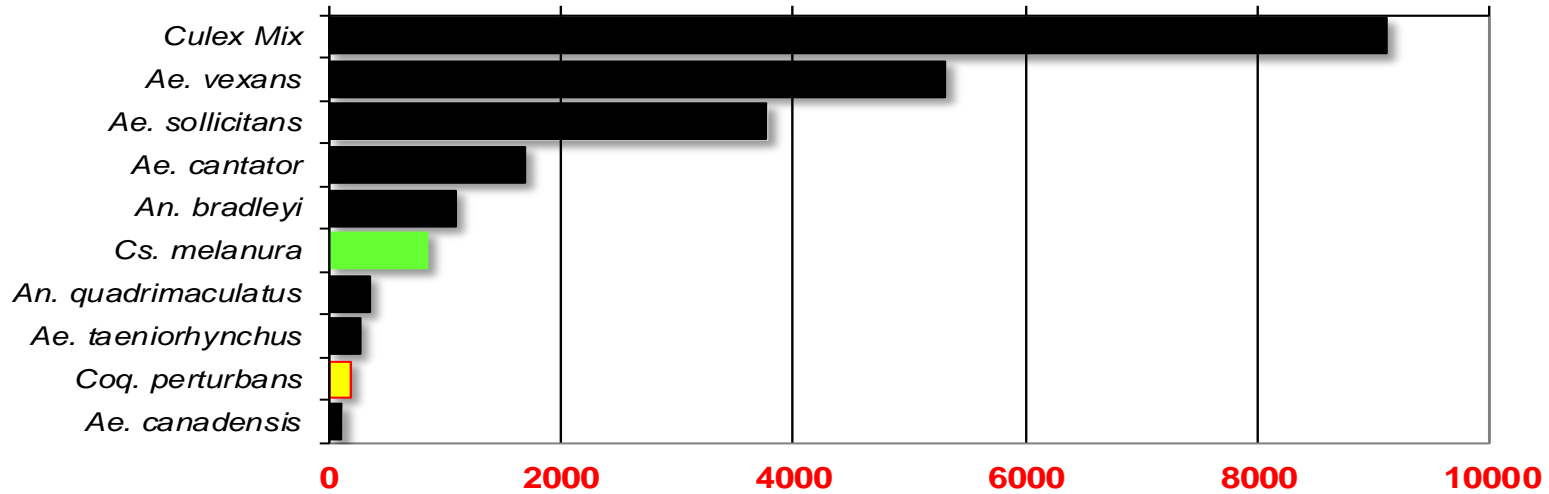
# Agricultural

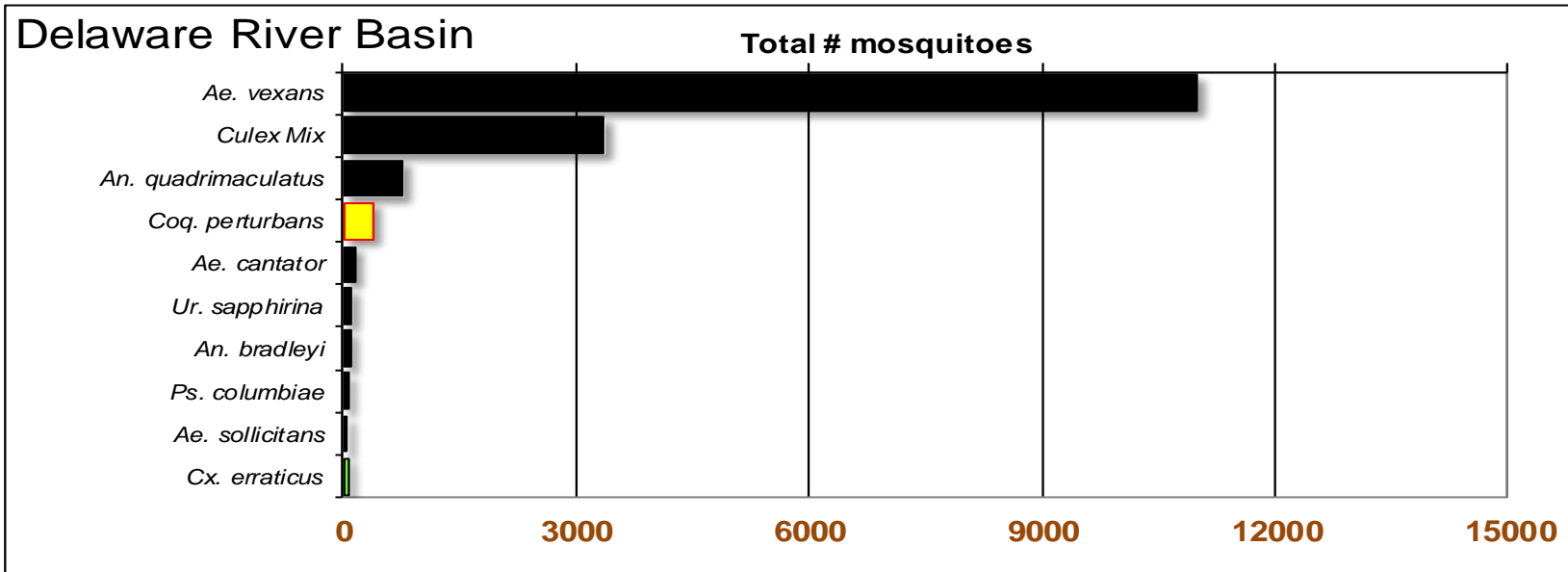
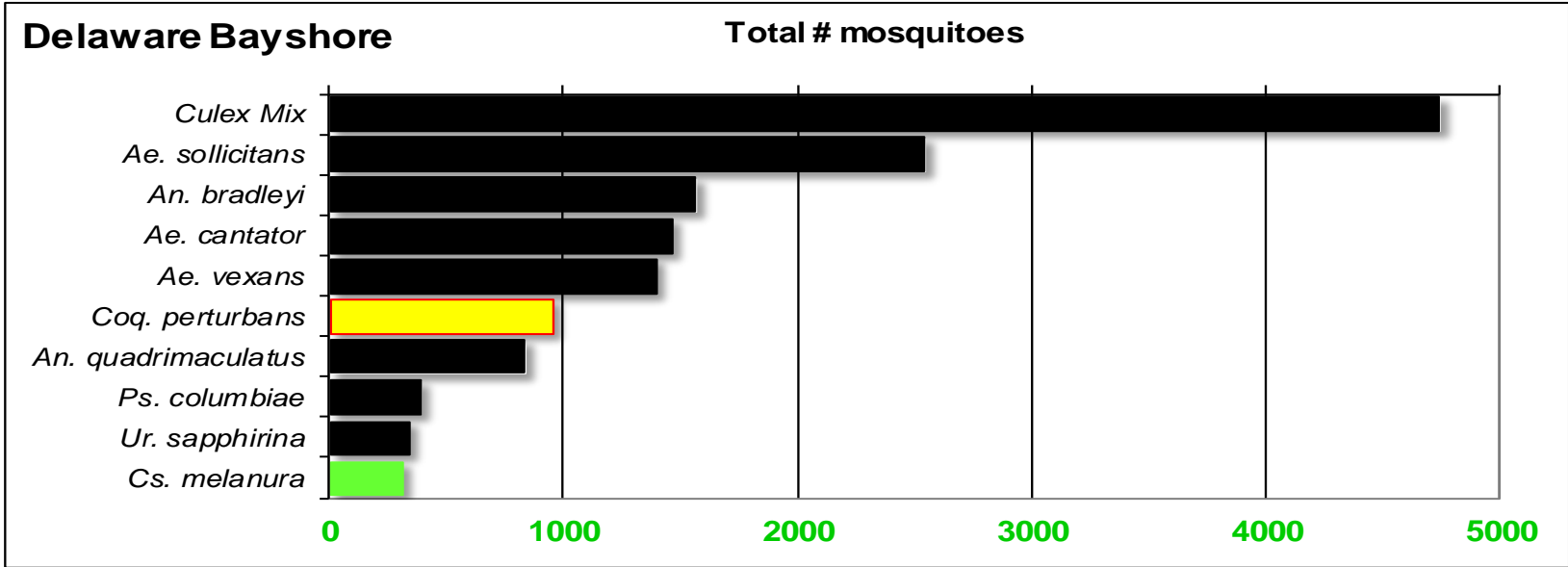
Total # mosquitoes

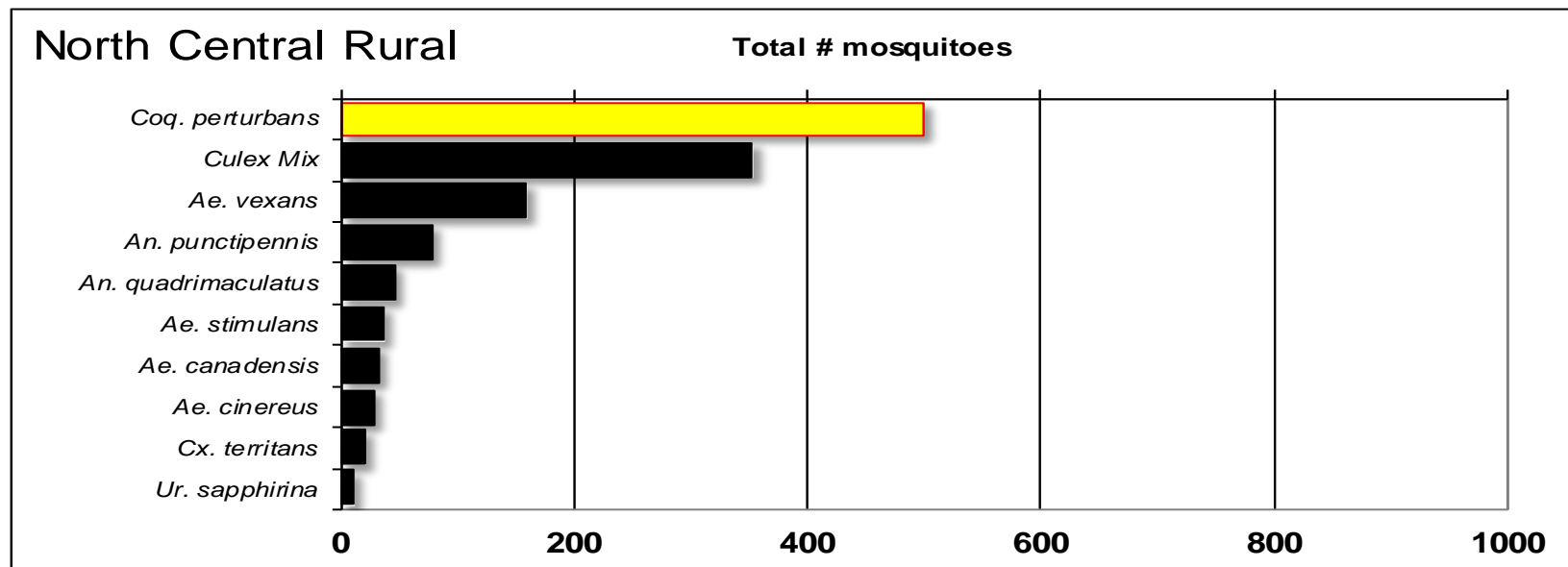
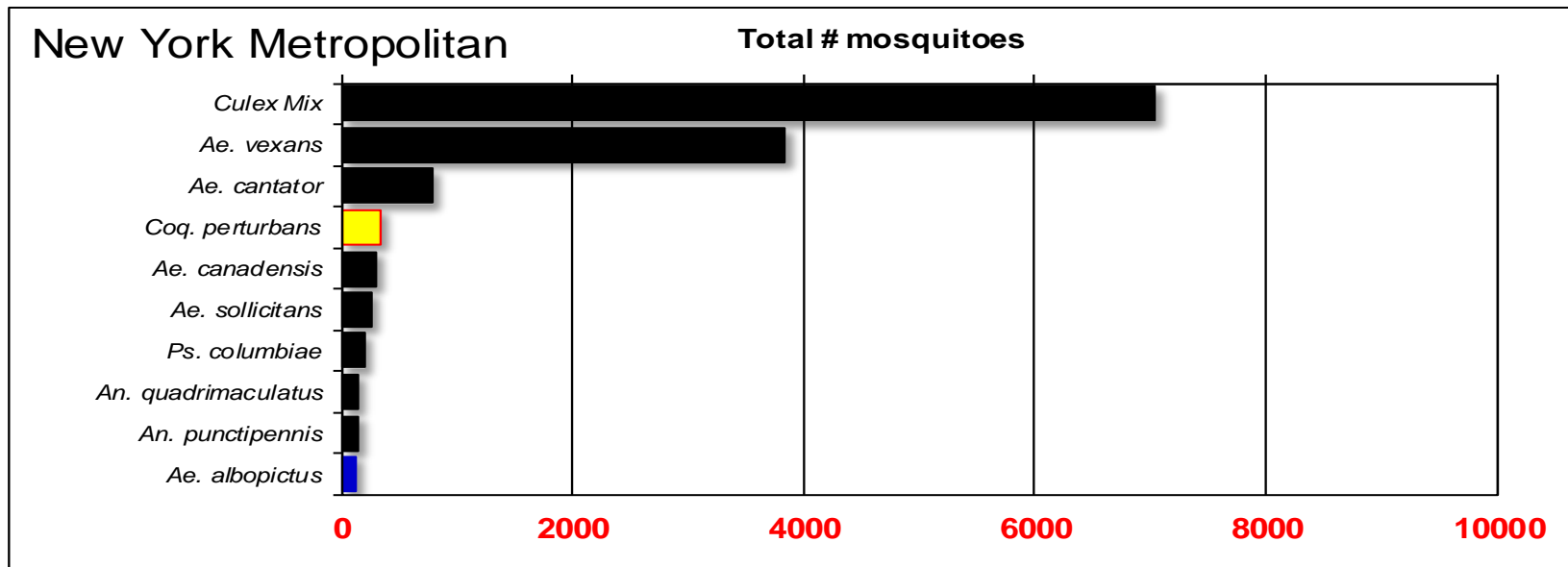


# Coastal

Total # mosquitoes

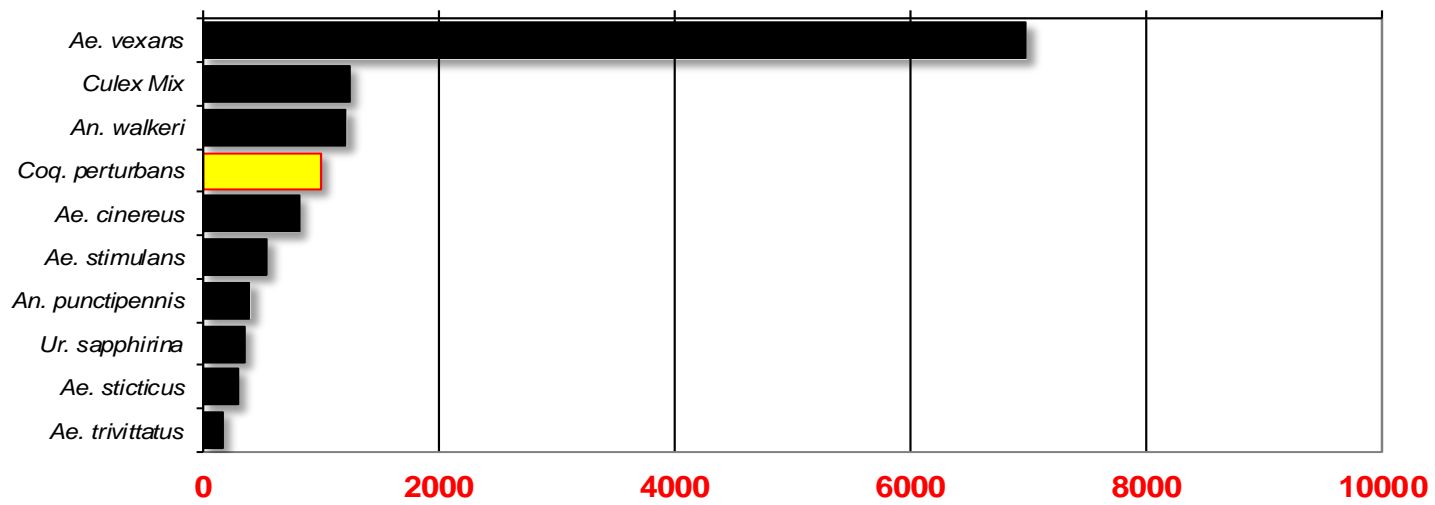






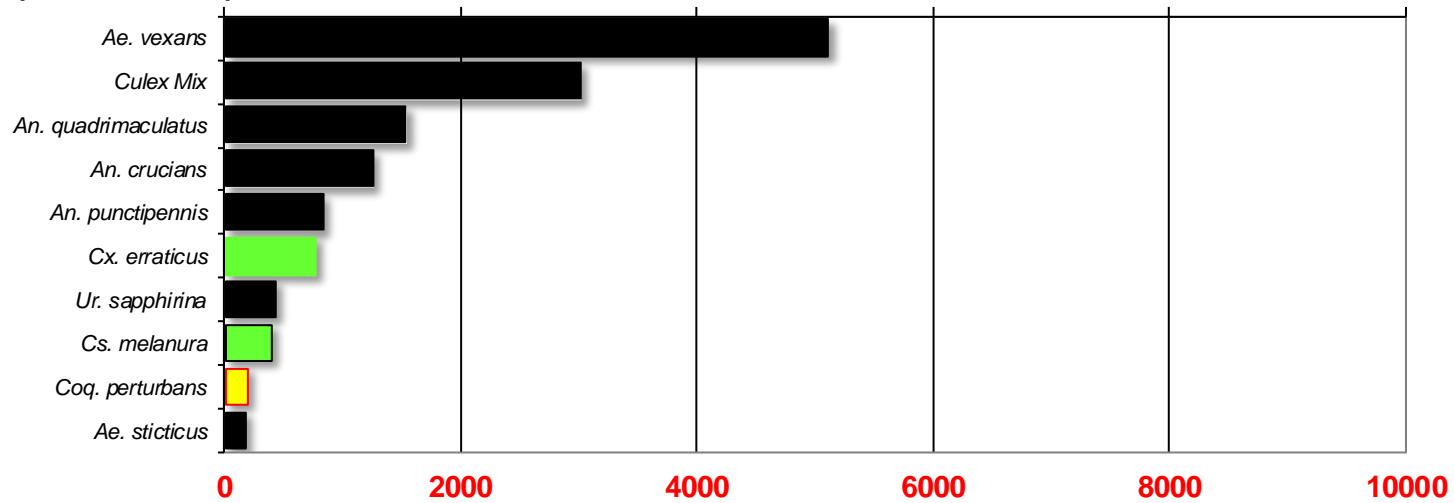
## Northwest Rural

Total # mosquitoes



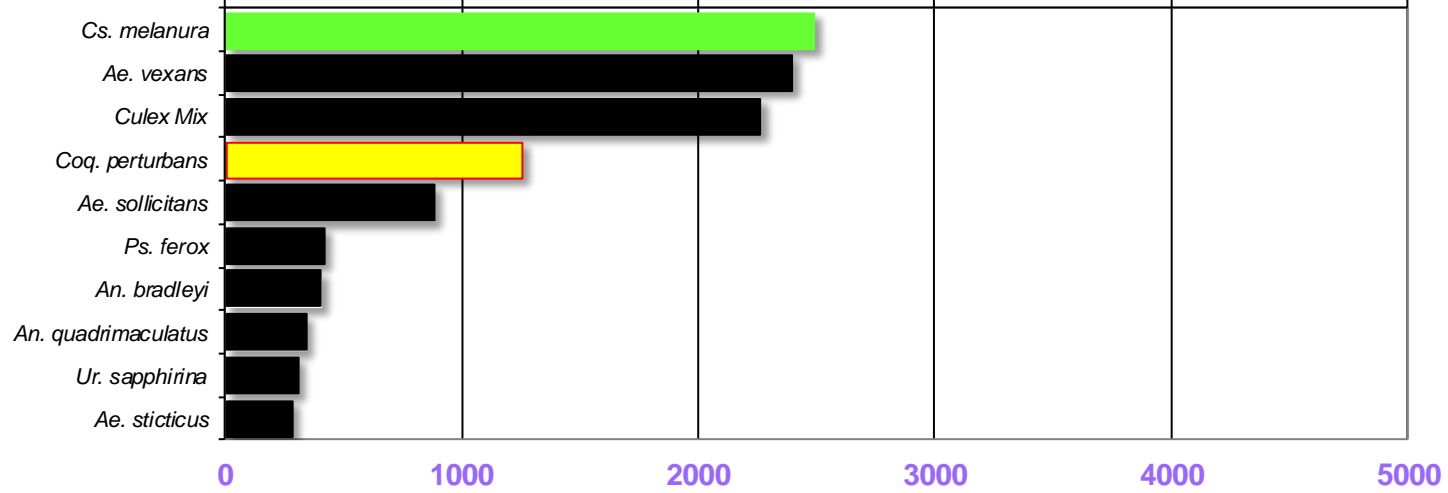
## Philadelphia Metropolitan

Total # mosquitoes



## Pinelands

Total # mosquitoes



## Suburban Corridor

Total # mosquitoes

