

# VECTOR SURVEILLANCE IN NEW JERSEY

EEE, WNV, SLE and LAC

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CDC WEEK 32: August 4 – August 10, 2013

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## *Culiseta melanura* and Eastern Equine Encephalitis

SITE/Boxes	Inland / Coastal	Historic Population Mean	Current Weekly Mean	Total (Collected) Tested*	Total Pools (Submitted) Tested*	EEE Isolation Pools	MFIR
Bass River (Burlington Co.)/5	Coastal	0.00	0.80	24 (28)	6 (7)		
Green Bank (Burlington Co.)/25	Coastal	4.32	1.28	118 (150)	10 (11)		
Corbin City (Atlantic Co.)/25	Coastal	0.98	0.44	134 (145)	10 (11)		
Dennisville (Cape May Co.)/50	Coastal	6.94	0.20	147	9		
Winslow (Camden Co.)/50	Inland	2.53	1.84	1191	28		
Centerton (Salem Co.)/50	Inland	3.13	0.42	637	19		
Turkey Swamp (Monmouth Co.)/43	Inland	2.09	1.40	273 (333)	11 (13)		
Glassboro (Gloucester Co.)/50	Inland	0.72	0.18	247	11		

\*Current week (in parentheses) results pending.

**Remarks:** Two additional pools positive for EEE have been detected in the past week. Both pools were from Cape May collected on 3 August, and both were not from the traditional resting box sites. One pool was of *Cs. melanura*, the second pool was *Culex salinarius*. To date, 5 positive EEE pools have been collected in New Jersey, all from Cape May County.

**Traditional Resting Box Sites:** To date 2771 *Cs. melanura* from 104 pools have been tested from the traditional resting box sites with an additional 5 pools of 107 mosquitoes to be tested. There has been no detection of EEE in samples collected at these sites.

**Additional *Cs. melanura*:** One hundred fifty-five additional pools containing 3953 *Cs. melanura* have been tested from other sites using other traps in addition to resting boxes. A total of 4 positive *Cs. melanura* pools from Cape May County have been detected. Note that MFIR value is a “rough estimate” as other data already completed may be pending for entry to the West Nile database and not reflected in the tables below.

<b>Additional <i>Cs. melanura</i> trapped by counties</b>				
*traps with positives indicated in <b>BOLD</b> .				
<b>County</b>	<b>Trap types*</b>	<b>Number collected (pools)</b>	<b>Number of positives pools</b>	<b>MFIR</b>
Burlington	CO <sub>2</sub>	2145 (53)		
Cape May	Gravid, RB	383 (41)	4	10.44*
Gloucester	RB	335 (33)		
Monmouth	CO <sub>2</sub>	14 (2)		
Ocean	CO <sub>2</sub> , RB	44 (20)		
Salem	CO <sub>2</sub>	32 (6)		
<b>TOTAL</b>		<b>3953 (155)</b>	<b>4</b>	<b>1.01*</b>

**Additional Species:** The table below indicates non-*Cs. melanura* mosquitoes tested for EEE. First positive in a non-*Cs. melanura* species was detected this past week in a pool collected 3 August in Cape May County.

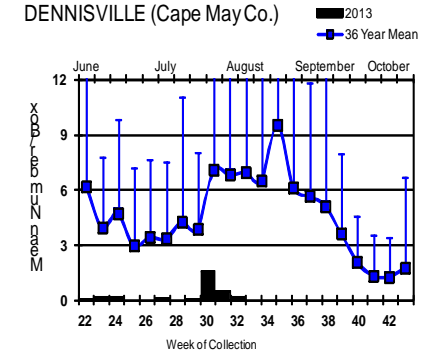
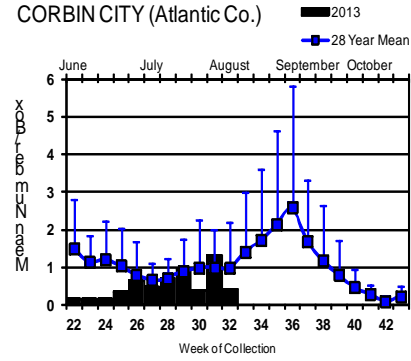
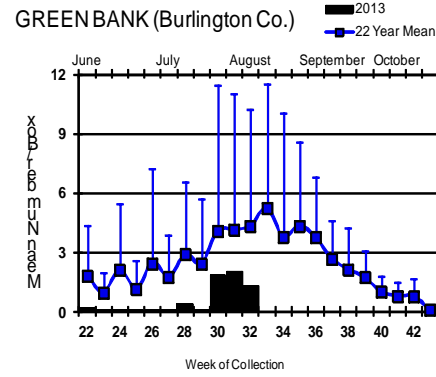
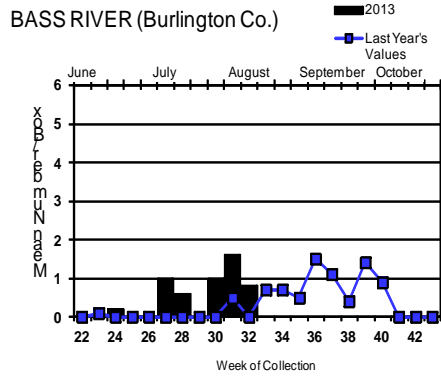
<b>Species other than <i>Cs. melanura</i></b>	<b>Pools</b>	<b>Mosquitoes</b>	<b>Positives</b>	<b>MFIR</b>
<i>Aedes atlanticus</i>	1	44		
<i>Aedes cantator</i>	8	8		
<i>Aedes sollicitans</i>	1	10		
<i>Aedes sticticus</i>	2	3		
<i>Aedes triseriatus</i>	1	17		
<i>Anopheles bradleyi</i>	1	1		
<i>Anopheles punctipennis</i>	2	50		
<i>Coquillettidia perturbans</i>	4	103		
<i>Culex erraticus</i>	15	466		
<i>Culex pipiens</i>	128	1278		
<i>Culex restuans</i>	2	2		
<i>Culex salinarius</i>	18	200	1	5.00
<i>Culex</i> spp.	43	209		
State Total	<b>157</b>	<b>1723</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>0.58</b>

**Horses and Humans:** Currently there is no reported horse, other livestock or human cases.

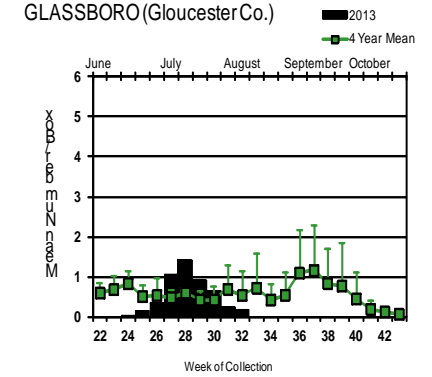
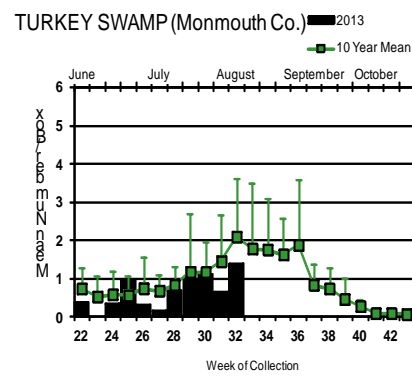
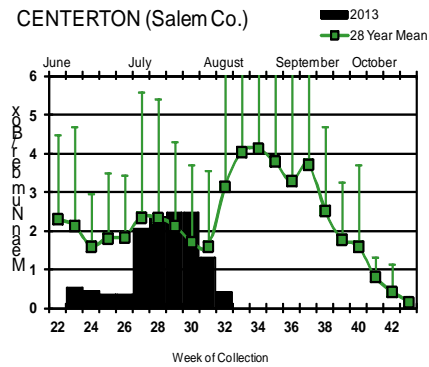
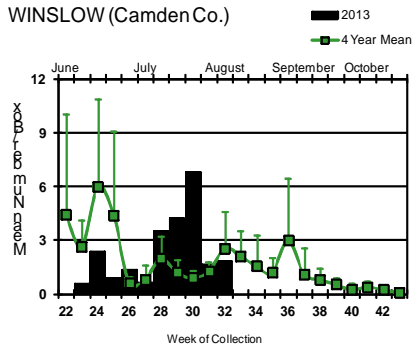
**Horses and Vaccinations:** The fate of unvaccinated equids reinforces the necessity of maintaining a vaccination schedule for arboviruses. For vaccination schedules recommended by the American Association of Equine Practices, see: [http://www.aaep.org/vaccination\\_guidelines.htm](http://www.aaep.org/vaccination_guidelines.htm)

# Culiseta melanura Population Graphs

## Coastal





## Inland



*Cs. melanura* numbers decreased at all traditional resting box sites, with the exception of Turkey Swamp. Light trap data showed similar decrease after significant populations in several areas that were well above historical values.

Note axis change (from 12 to 6) on Bass River, Corbin City, Centerton, Turkey Swamp and Glassboro sites.


 = Positive pool(s) detected (red = melanura, purple = other).

EEE in US (2013 cumulative cases): (Black or Red = previous + new reported cases occurring)

- equine: 4(AL) 1(AR) 25(FL) 10(GA) 2(LA) 2(MA) 1(MS) 7(NC) 1(TX) 1(SC)
- mosquito pools: 2(CT) 1(GA) 3(MA) 1(ME) 5(NJ) 1(VT)
- sentinel: 3(AL) 86/3 wild(FL) 1(GA) 1(NC)
- human: 2(FL) 1(GA)

## West Nile Virus in US

West Nile in US (2013 cumulative cases): Single black values indicate no change from previous week. Black values / red values equals previous week/**New totals**.

Note: Data reported by all states should be considered provisional and subject to change. Sources for this table can be found [here](#).

	Birds	Mosquito Pools	Sentinels	Horses	Humans
Alabama					1
Alaska					
Arizona	0	103/166	0	0	3/5
Arkansas				0	0
California	452/581	1007/1171	96/160	3/5	14/18
Colorado		95/266		1	1/2
Connecticut		8/21			
Delaware			1		
DC		1/5			
Florida			52/55	1	
Georgia	0	15/28		0	1
Hawaii					
Idaho		38/47		2	2
Illinois	12/18	311/511		0	0
Indiana	0	39/101		0	1
Iowa		1	1/3		2/3
Kansas		0			0
Kentucky					
Louisiana		47/63	24/31	1/3	1/8
Maine		0		0	0
Maryland		1			
Mass.		43/80		0	0
Michigan	3/8	1		0	1
Minnesota	1	5/9			3/16
Mississippi		30/33		0	8/12
Missouri		0		0	0

	Birds	Mosquito Pools	Sentinels	Horses	Humans
Montana		1		0	0
Nebraska		26/45			4
Nevada		4/14			6
New Hampshire		2/3			
New Jersey	5/8	57/119		0	0
New Mexico					1
New York		62/187		1	2
North Carolina					
North Dakota	3/4	6/13		0	1/8
Ohio		1/21		1	
Oklahoma					
Oregon	1	47	0	0	0
Pennsylvania	2/3	276/444		0	0
Rhode Island		1			
South Carolina					
South Dakota	1	139/172		1/2	12/21
Tennessee	0	161/239		0	1
Texas		75/108		1	4/6
Utah		24/25	0	0	0
Vermont		1/7			
Virginia					
Washington	0	3/6		0	1
West Virginia		12			
Wisconsin	20/31	1/2		0	1
Wyoming		6/25			2

\* Can include other species (e.g., dogs, cows) reported positive.

Protocol: New Jersey Department of Health (NJDH Public Health Environmental and Agricultural Laboratories, PHEAL) and the Cape May County Department of Mosquito Control tests mosquito pools using RT-PCR Taqman techniques.

### Mosquito Species Submitted and Tested for West Nile Virus Testing through 10 August 2013

Species	Pools	Mosquitoes	Positives	MFIR
<i>Aedes albopictus</i>	288	2431	1	0.41135
<i>Aedes atlanticus</i>	3	47		0
<i>Aedes atropalpus</i>	2	2		0
<i>Aedes canadensis canadensis</i>	33	725		0
<i>Aedes cantator</i>	20	98		0
<i>Aedes grossbecki</i>	1	1		0
<i>Aedes japonicus</i>	232	1573	1	0.63573
<i>Aedes sollicitans</i>	3	12		0
<i>Aedes sticticus</i>	3	5		0
<i>Aedes taeniorhynchus</i>	4	20		0
<i>Aedes triseriatus</i>	50	148		0
<i>Aedes trivittatus</i>	6	58		0
<i>Aedes vexans</i>	31	469		0
<i>Anopheles bradleyi</i>	6	16		0
<i>Anopheles punctipennis</i>	17	120		0
<i>Anopheles quadrimaculatus</i>	31	335		0
<i>Coquillettidia perturbans</i>	10	164		0
<i>Culex erraticus</i>	18	476		0
<i>Culex pipiens</i>	378	11469	25	2.17979
<i>Culex restuans</i>	294	3928	12	3.05499
<i>Culex salinarius</i>	21	217		0
<i>Culex spp.</i>	1854	81991	151	1.84167
<i>Culex territans</i>	5	6		0
<i>Culiseta melanura</i>	270	6670	2	0.29985
<i>Orthopodomyia signifera</i>	2	2		0
<i>Psorophora ciliata</i>	2	3		0
<i>Psorophora columbiae</i>	13	151		0
<i>Psorophora ferox</i>	19	298		0
<i>Psorophora howardii</i>	1	10		0
<b>State Total</b>	<b>3617</b>	<b>111445</b>	<b>192</b>	<b>1.723</b>

**Remarks:** To date, 3617 pools of 111445 mosquitoes from 28 species have been tested, with 192 positive pools detected. First positive was detected in a pool collected on 26 June in Middlesex County. Positive pools continue to be detected in the enzootic vectors, but potential bridge vectors are also being detected. Both *Aedes albopictus* and *Ae. japonicus* are found positive nearly every year in New Jersey.

**Humans, Horses and Wild Birds:** No human cases have been reported. See <http://www.state.nj.us/health/cd/westnile/techinfo.shtml> for further information.

Last year the first horse was detected in mid July. No horse or other livestock have been reported positive in 2013 to date.

Bird testing began in mid-April. Eight positive birds have been reported, mostly corvids. To date, 76 birds have been tested. Testing includes: American Crow (*Corvus brachyrhynchos* 0/3), Fish Crow (*C. ossifragus* 3/14), unidentified Crow (*Corvus* spp. 1/2), Blue Jay (*Cyanocitta cristata* 3/7), Hawk/Raptor (0/9) and other avian species (1/42). Counties submitting birds are Bergen, **Burlington**, **Cape May**, Cumberland, Essex, Gloucester, **Hunterdon**, Mercer, **Monmouth**, Morris, **Ocean**, Salem, Sussex, Union and Warren.

2013 Positive Mosquito pools to date / Total Mosquito Pools Submitted	This time last year
192 / 3617 (0.036)	570 / 4395 (0.117)
2013 Positive Birds to date / Total Birds Submitted	This time last year
8 / 76 (0.071)	45 / 141 (0.302)

### WNV Results by County through 10 August 2013

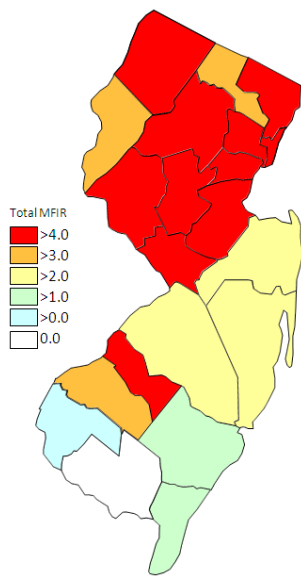
County	Species	Pools	Mosquitoes	Positives	MFIR
<b>Atlantic</b>		<b>91</b>	<b>1824</b>		
	<i>Aedes albopictus</i>	7	83		
	<i>Aedes canadensis canadensis</i>	3	73		
	<i>Aedes cantator</i>	3	36		
	<i>Aedes grossbecki</i>	1	1		
	<i>Aedes japonicus</i>	4	13		
	<i>Aedes sticticus</i>	2	3		
	<i>Aedes taeniorhynchus</i>	3	19		
	<i>Aedes triseriatus</i>	2	8		
	<i>Aedes vexans</i>	7	162		
	<i>Anopheles bradleyi</i>	3	7		
	<i>Anopheles punctipennis</i>	1	11		
	<i>Anopheles quadrimaculatus</i>	2	6		
	<i>Coquillettidia perturbans</i>	3	25		
	<i>Culex</i> spp.	29	1068		
	<i>Culiseta melanura</i>	15	174		
	<i>Psorophora ciliata</i>	1	1		
	<i>Psorophora columbiae</i>	1	1		
	<i>Psorophora ferox</i>	3	123		
	<i>Psorophora howardii</i>	1	10		
<b>Bergen</b>		<b>105</b>	<b>6982</b>	<b>28</b>	<b>4.010</b>
	<i>Aedes japonicus</i>	3	32		
	<i>Culex</i> spp.	102	6950	28	4.029
<b>Burlington</b>		<b>137</b>	<b>5903</b>	<b>9</b>	<b>1.525</b>
	<i>Aedes albopictus</i>	2	49		
	<i>Aedes atlanticus</i>	1	44		
	<i>Aedes japonicus</i>	4	42		
	<i>Aedes triseriatus</i>	1	17		
	<i>Coquillettidia perturbans</i>	1	71		
	<i>Culex pipiens</i>	2	15		
	<i>Culex restuans</i>	1	1		
	<i>Culex salinarius</i>	1	51		
	<i>Culex</i> spp.	55	2326	8	3.439
	<i>Culiseta melanura</i>	69	3287	1	0.304
<b>Camden</b>		<b>163</b>	<b>5686</b>	<b>15</b>	<b>2.638</b>
	<i>Aedes albopictus</i>	21	125		
	<i>Aedes japonicus</i>	17	70		
	<i>Culex</i> spp.	98	4358	15	3.442
	<i>Culiseta melanura</i>	27	1133		
<b>Cape May</b>		<b>720</b>	<b>5910</b>	<b>6</b>	<b>1.015</b>

	<i>Aedes albopictus</i>	46	87		
	<i>Aedes atropalpus</i>	2	2		
	<i>Aedes canadensis canadensis</i>	1	1		
	<i>Aedes cantator</i>	9	9		
	<i>Aedes japonicus</i>	55	113		
	<i>Aedes sollicitans</i>	1	10		
	<i>Aedes triseriatus</i>	14	16		
	<i>Aedes vexans</i>	2	2		
	<i>Anopheles bradleyi</i>	1	1		
	<i>Anopheles punctipennis</i>	1	1		
	<i>Anopheles quadrimaculatus</i>	18	298		
	<i>Culex erraticus</i>	16	469		
	<i>Culex pipiens</i>	192	2011	5	2.486
	<i>Culex restuans</i>	248	2159		
	<i>Culex salinarius</i>	16	148		
	<i>Culex spp.</i>	43	151		
	<i>Culex territans</i>	5	6		
	<i>Culiseta melanura</i>	50	422	1	2.370
	<i>Orthopodomyia signifera</i>	2	2		
	<i>Psorophora ferox</i>	1	2		
<b>Essex</b>		<b>110</b>	<b>1897</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>0.527</b>
	<i>Aedes albopictus</i>	38	163		
	<i>Aedes japonicus</i>	31	356		
	<i>Culex spp.</i>	41	1378	1	0.726
<b>Gloucester</b>		<b>248</b>	<b>10574</b>	<b>20</b>	<b>1.891</b>
	<i>Aedes albopictus</i>	13	452		
	<i>Aedes japonicus</i>	12	173		
	<i>Aedes triseriatus</i>	1	30		
	<i>Aedes vexans</i>	2	87		
	<i>Anopheles punctipennis</i>	4	82		
	<i>Coquillettidia perturbans</i>	1	29		
	<i>Culex pipiens</i>	165	9030	20	2.215
	<i>Culiseta melanura</i>	47	603		
	<i>Psorophora ferox</i>	3	88		
<b>Hudson</b>		<b>98</b>	<b>4771</b>	<b>20</b>	<b>4.192</b>
	<i>Culex spp.</i>	98	4771	20	4.192
<b>Hunterdon</b>		<b>180</b>	<b>8502</b>	<b>3</b>	<b>0.353</b>
	<i>Culex spp.</i>	180	8502	3	0.353
<b>Mercer</b>		<b>120</b>	<b>3134</b>	<b>14</b>	<b>4.467</b>
	<i>Aedes albopictus</i>	30	273		
	<i>Aedes japonicus</i>	10	46	1	21.739
	<i>Aedes triseriatus</i>	2	4		
	<i>Aedes vexans</i>	5	124		
	<i>Culex pipiens</i>	17	411		
	<i>Culex restuans</i>	42	1765	12	6.799
	<i>Culex salinarius</i>	1	5		
	<i>Culex spp.</i>	13	506	1	1.976
<b>Middlesex</b>		<b>151</b>	<b>5756</b>	<b>14</b>	<b>2.432</b>
	<i>Aedes albopictus</i>	9	131		

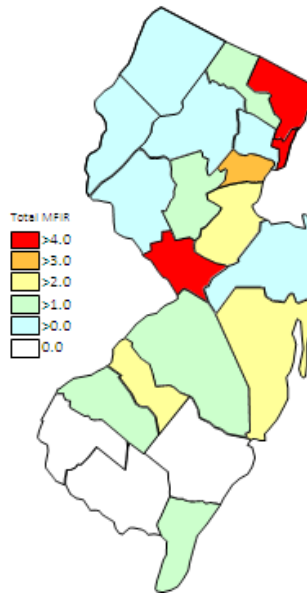
<i>Aedes japonicus</i>	4	20		
<i>Culex</i> spp.	138	5605	14	2.498
<b>Monmouth</b>	<b>191</b>	<b>2315</b>	<b>2</b>	<b>0.864</b>
<i>Aedes albopictus</i>	29	291		
<i>Aedes atlanticus</i>	2	3		
<i>Aedes canadensis canadensis</i>	15	245		
<i>Aedes cantator</i>	6	20		
<i>Aedes japonicus</i>	21	88		
<i>Aedes sollicitans</i>	1	1		
<i>Aedes taeniorhynchus</i>	1	1		
<i>Aedes triseriatus</i>	11	34		
<i>Aedes trivittatus</i>	5	8		
<i>Aedes vexans</i>	5	14		
<i>Anopheles punctipennis</i>	6	17		
<i>Anopheles quadrimaculatus</i>	1	1		
<i>Coquillettidia perturbans</i>	1	5		
<i>Culex erraticus</i>	1	6		
<i>Culex restuans</i>	2	2		
<i>Culex</i> spp.	55	1138	2	1.757
<i>Culiseta melanura</i>	20	329		
<i>Psorophora columbiae</i>	3	68		
<i>Psorophora ferox</i>	6	44		
<b>Morris</b>	<b>215</b>	<b>9703</b>	<b>8</b>	<b>0.824</b>
<i>Culex</i> spp.	215	9703	8	0.824
<b>Ocean</b>	<b>191</b>	<b>2874</b>	<b>7</b>	<b>2.436</b>
<i>Aedes albopictus</i>	48	466	1	2.146
<i>Aedes canadensis canadensis</i>	13	393		
<i>Aedes cantator</i>	2	33		
<i>Aedes japonicus</i>	23	86		
<i>Aedes triseriatus</i>	2	4		
<i>Aedes vexans</i>	7	14		
<i>Anopheles punctipennis</i>	2	3		
<i>Coquillettidia perturbans</i>	2	3		
<i>Culex salinarius</i>	3	13		
<i>Culex</i> spp.	69	1815	6	3.306
<i>Culiseta melanura</i>	20	44		
<b>Passaic</b>	<b>129</b>	<b>4535</b>	<b>5</b>	<b>1.103</b>
<i>Aedes albopictus</i>	10	41		
<i>Aedes japonicus</i>	14	157		
<i>Aedes triseriatus</i>	6	11		
<i>Aedes trivittatus</i>	1	50		
<i>Aedes vexans</i>	1	50		
<i>Anopheles punctipennis</i>	1	1		
<i>Culex</i> spp.	94	4223	5	1.184
<i>Psorophora ferox</i>	2	2		
<b>Salem</b>	<b>114</b>	<b>1632</b>		
<i>Aedes albopictus</i>	16	73		
<i>Aedes japonicus</i>	12	61		
<i>Aedes sollicitans</i>	1	1		
<i>Aedes sticticus</i>	1	2		



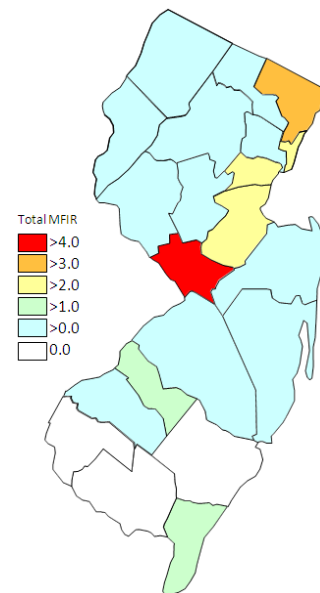
	<i>Aedes triseriatus</i>	9	18		
	<i>Anopheles bradleyi</i>	2	8		
	<i>Anopheles punctipennis</i>	2	5		
	<i>Anopheles quadrimaculatus</i>	10	30		
	<i>Coquillettidia perturbans</i>	2	31		
	<i>Culex erraticus</i>	1	1		
	<i>Culex pipiens</i>	2	2		
	<i>Culex restuans</i>	1	1		
	<i>Culex spp.</i>	36	1147		
	<i>Culiseta melanura</i>	24	648		
	<i>Psorophora ciliata</i>	1	2		
	<i>Psorophora columbiae</i>	9	82		
	<i>Psorophora ferox</i>	4	39		
<b>Somerset</b>		<b>173</b>	<b>4717</b>	<b>6</b>	<b>1.272</b>
	<i>Aedes albopictus</i>	11	77		
	<i>Aedes japonicus</i>	15	147		
	<i>Aedes triseriatus</i>	2	6		
	<i>Aedes vexans</i>	2	16		
	<i>Culex spp.</i>	143	4471	6	1.342
<b>Sussex</b>		<b>155</b>	<b>7296</b>	<b>4</b>	<b>0.548</b>
	<i>Aedes japonicus</i>	3	90		
	<i>Culex spp.</i>	151	7176	4	0.557
	<i>Culiseta melanura</i>	1	30		
<b>Union</b>		<b>125</b>	<b>7084</b>	<b>24</b>	<b>3.388</b>
	<i>Aedes albopictus</i>	8	120		
	<i>Aedes japonicus</i>	4	79		
	<i>Culex spp.</i>	113	6885	24	3.486
<b>Warren</b>		<b>182</b>	<b>9831</b>	<b>6</b>	<b>0.610</b>
	<i>Aedes canadensis canadensis</i>	1	13		
	<i>Culex spp.</i>	181	9818	6	0.611
<b>Grand Total</b>		<b>3617</b>	<b>111445</b>	<b>192</b>	<b>1.723</b>



Cumulative WNV activity in 2012.



WNV activity to 10 August 2013.



WNV activity last week, 2013.

### Saint Louis Encephalitis (SLE) to 10 August 2013.

New Jersey will be selectively testing for SLE this year. SLE has had previous activity in New Jersey, most notably in 1964 and 1975 (CDC's SLE [website](#)), the latter prompting the surveillance reporting by Rutgers. SLE is a flavivirus and has a similar transmission pattern to West Nile, with *Culex* species as the predominant vectors.

No pools have been detected positive for SLE in 2013.

County	Species	Pools	Mosquitoes	Positives	MFIR
<b>Burlington</b>		<b>21</b>	<b>744</b>		
	<i>Aedes albopictus</i>	2	49		
	<i>Aedes japonicus</i>	1	8		
	<i>Culex pipiens</i>	18	717		
<b>Cape May</b>		<b>124</b>	<b>1260</b>		
	<i>Culex pipiens</i>	124	1260		
<b>Grand Total</b>		<b>145</b>	<b>2034</b>		

### La Crosse Encephalitis (LAC) through 10 August 2013.

New Jersey will be selectively testing for La Crosse (LAC) virus this year. New Jersey has had 3 cases of this encephalitic disease since 1964 (see CDC's LAC [website](#)). The mortality is low but like other encephalitides, LAC can have both personal (lasting neurological sequelae) and economic impacts. LAC is a bunyavirus with a transmission cycle involving mosquitoes such as *Aedes triseriatus* and small mammals such as squirrels and chipmunks. LAC can not only infect *Aedes albopictus* but transovarial transmission was also demonstrated. (Tesh and Gubler 1975 Laboratory studies of transovarial transmission of La Crosse and other arboviruses by *Aedes albopictus* and *Culex fatigans*. American Journal of Tropical Medicine and Hygiene 24(5):876-880).

No pools have been detected positive for LAC in 2013.

<b>County</b>	<b>Species</b>	<b>Pools</b>	<b>Mosquitoes</b>	<b>Positives</b>	<b>MFIR</b>
<b>Burlington</b>		<b>1</b>	<b>17</b>		
	<i>Aedes triseriatus</i>	1	17		
<b>Cape May</b>		<b>10</b>	<b>12</b>		
	<i>Aedes triseriatus</i>	10	12		
<b>Salem</b>		<b>7</b>	<b>16</b>		
	<i>Aedes triseriatus</i>	7	16		
<b>Grand Total</b>		<b>18</b>	<b>45</b>		