

# VECTOR SURVEILLANCE IN NEW JERSEY EEE, WNV, SLE, LAC, DENV, CHIK, ZIKV, and JCV

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Data download 12:55 pm 26 October



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**NOTE: County/species tables for arboviruses are now in a supplemental file [here](#)**

## Arbovirus Summary

- In 2020, there are **ten** positive EEE pools in *Culiseta melanura*.
- There are 239 positive WNV pools, in *Culex Mix* (229), in *Culex pipiens* (4), *Culex restuans* (1), *Culiseta melanura* (2), *Aedes albopictus* (2), and *Aedes canadensis canadensis* (1).
- There are 6 positive JVC pools in *Aedes cantator* (2), *Aedes taeniorhynchus* (1), *Anopheles quadrimaculatus* (1) and *Coquillettidia perturbans* (2).
- There is one EEE horse case reported. There are no WNV horse cases.
- There are 3 human WNV cases; in Essex County (1) and Monmouth County (2).
- There is one WNV positive Red-tailed Hawk (*Buteo jamaicensis*) in Cumberland County (regular surveillance of birds is no longer done in NJ).
- Note: Data download times are noted and do not necessarily reflect all pools submitted and analyzed to that point in time. This report may vary from other reports from the same dataset as they are all snapshots in time.

## Culiseta melanura and Eastern Equine Encephalitis

SITE/Boxes	Inland or Coastal	Historic Population Mean	Current Weekly Mean	Total Tested* (Collected)	Total Pools Tested* (Submitted)	EEE Isolation Pools	MFIR
Bass River (Burlington Co.)/5	Coastal	0.06	0.20	10 <sup>‡</sup>	3		
Green Bank (Burlington Co.)/25	Coastal	0.11	0.04	37 <sup>‡</sup>	10		
Corbin City (Atlantic Co.)/25	Coastal	0.15	0.00	306 <sup>‡</sup>	20	2	6.536
Dennisville (Cape May Co.)/50	Coastal	0.01	0.00	47	9		
Winslow (Camden Co.)/50	Inland	0.10	0.14	222 <sup>‡</sup>	12	3	13.514
Centerton (Salem Co.)/50	Inland	0.12	0.10	126	12	1	7.937
Turkey Swamp (Monmouth Co.)/49	Inland	.05	0.00	48 <sup>‡</sup>	17		
Glassboro (Gloucester Co.)/50	Inland	0.07	0.04	58	14		

\*Current week (in parentheses) results pending. ‡ corrected from previous week NC=No Collection NR=Not Recorded

**Remarks:** Currently 10 positive EEE pools have been detected, all in pools of *Culiseta melanura*. The latest positive pool was detected in Camden County on 21 October, at the Winslow traditional resting box site. One horse case in Atlantic County has been detected.

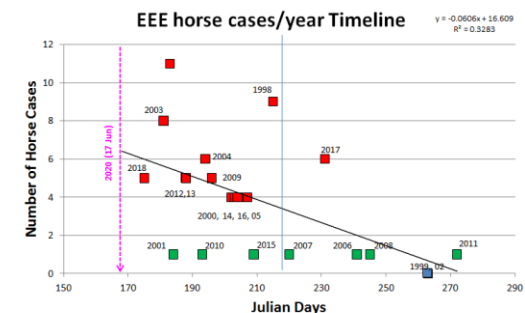
Statewide: 7,105 *Cs. melanura* from 676 pools have been tested, with an overall *Cs. melanura* MFIR of 1.407. 175,974 specimens in 7880 pools from 40 other species have also been tested, with no positive pools detected. Overall MFIR for all species statewide is 0.050.

**Traditional Resting Box Sites:** 854 *Cs. melanura* from 96 pools has been tested, with six positive pools, the latest at Winslow collected 21 October. Previous positives include one collected at Centerton on 6 October, two at Corbin City, collected 17 June and 30 September, and two at Winslow, collected 8 and 14 September. Overall *Cs. melanura* MFIR at the traditional resting box site is 7.026.

Additional <i>Cs. melanura</i> trapped by counties *traps with positives indicated in <b>BOLD UNDERLINED.</b>					
County	Trap types*	Pools	Mosquitoes	Positives	MFIR
Atlantic	BGS, CO2, RB	69	1175	3	2.553
Bergen	CO2, RB	7	63		
Burlington	ULVT	74	1630	1	0.613
Camden	GRA	1	1		
Cape May	GRA, RB	102	174		
Cumberland	CO2, RB	18	90		
Gloucester	RB	84	2032		
Middlesex	CO2, GRA, LT, RB	16	92		
Monmouth	CO2, Other	4	12		
Morris	CO2, RB	40	355		
Ocean	CO2, GRA, RB	19	61		
Salem	CO2, GRA, Other, RB	39	125		
Sussex	CO2, GRA, RB	107	441		
<b>TOTAL</b>		<b>580</b>	<b>6251</b>	<b>4</b>	<b>0.640</b>

**Additional County-set *Cs. melanura*:** Counties maintain trap sites for *Cs. melanura* in other areas, using a variety of traps. Currently, four positive pools of *Cs. melanura* have been detected: one in Burlington County, sampled 10 August and three in Atlantic County, sampled 13 August, 17 September, and the latest on 6 October.

**Graph below** indicate start times to detection of EEE in *Culiseta melanura* from 1998 to 2020. This year is the earliest collected during that time period, suggesting multiple horse cases could occur this year. \*Note\* - first horse case had date on onset late into the season.



**Horses and Humans:** Currently one horse has been reported with EEE. Last year eleven horses (plus 1 deer and 1 alpaca) were reported with EEE. All equids had either an incomplete or no vaccination history. **Horse owners are urged to make sure their horses are up to date on their vaccinations. Horse cases are known to occur through October and sometimes into November (see link below).** Other sensitive species are non-native birds, such as Ostriches/Emus and Gallinaceous birds such as pheasants of Eurasian origins.

Case	Animal	Age	Sex	County	Date of Onset	Euthanized ?	Vaccinated?	Comment
1	thoroughbred	4	female	Atlantic	7 Sep	yes	No history	

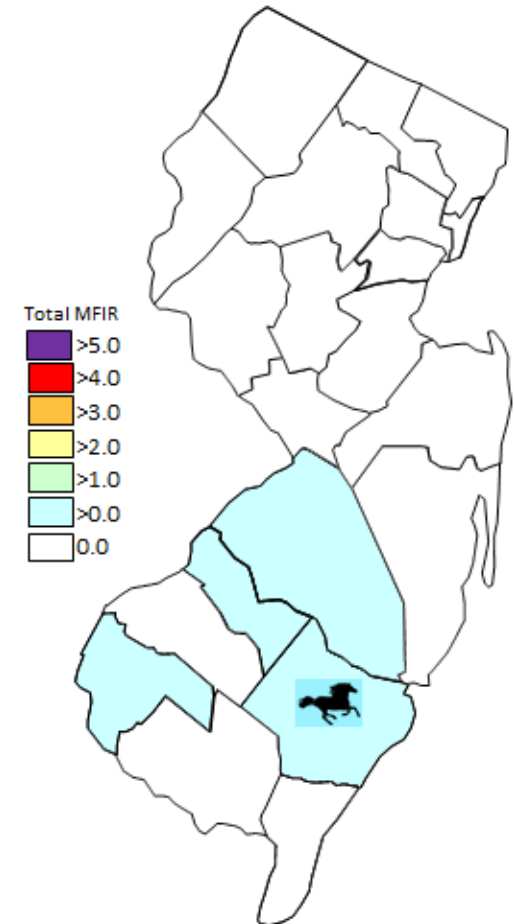
**Horses and Vaccinations:** The fate of unvaccinated equids reinforces the necessity of maintaining a vaccination schedule for arboviruses. For vaccination schedules recommended by the American Association of Equine Practices, see: [http://www.aaep.org/vaccination\\_guidelines.htm](http://www.aaep.org/vaccination_guidelines.htm)

There are no human cases of EEE currently reported. For more information, see DOH Vectorborne Surveillance reports: <https://www.nj.gov/health/cd/statistics/arboviral-stats/>

Species other than <i>Cs. melanura</i>	Pools	Mosquitoes	Positives	MFIR
<i>Aedes abserratus</i>	11	29		
<i>Aedes albopictus</i>	1164	8826		
<i>Aedes atlanticus</i>	48	563		
<i>Aedes canadensis canadensis</i>	66	905		
<i>Aedes cantator</i>	36	828		
<i>Aedes cinereus</i>	1	16		
<i>Aedes excrucians</i>	2	2		
<i>Aedes grossbecki</i>	1	4		
<i>Aedes infirmatus</i>	3	3		
<i>Aedes japonicus</i>	323	1310		
<i>Aedes mitchellae</i>	1	4		
<i>Aedes provocans</i>	1	1		
<i>Aedes sollicitans</i>	38	849		
<i>Aedes sticticus</i>	7	176		
<i>Aedes stimulans</i>	14	32		
<i>Aedes taeniorhynchus</i>	43	1517		
<i>Aedes thibaulti</i>	1	5		
<i>Aedes triseriatus</i>	215	596		
<i>Aedes trivittatus</i>	9	151		
<i>Aedes vexans</i>	109	1130		
<i>Anopheles barberi</i>	2	4		
<i>Anopheles bradleyi</i>	65	1378		
<i>Anopheles crucians</i>	34	392		
<i>Anopheles punctipennis</i>	162	2228		
<i>Anopheles quadrimaculatus</i>	133	2004		
<i>Anopheles walkeri</i>	2	7		
<i>Coquillettidia perturbans</i>	215	4861		
<i>Culex erraticus</i>	292	3203		
<i>Culex Mix</i>	3530	127201		
<i>Culex pipiens</i>	710	12094		
<i>Culex restuans</i>	327	2024		
<i>Culex salinarius</i>	178	2059		
<i>Culex territans</i>	1	2		
<i>Culiseta inornata</i>	17	108		
<i>Culiseta morsitans</i>	13	48		
<i>Orthopodomyia signifera</i>	12	15		
<i>Psorophora ciliata</i>	3	5		
<i>Psorophora columbiae</i>	32	603		
<i>Psorophora cyanescens</i>	1	5		
<i>Psorophora ferox</i>	52	784		
<i>Psorophora howardii</i>	1	1		
<i>Uranotaenia sapphirina</i>	6	74		
<b>State Total</b>	<b>7881</b>	<b>176047</b>		

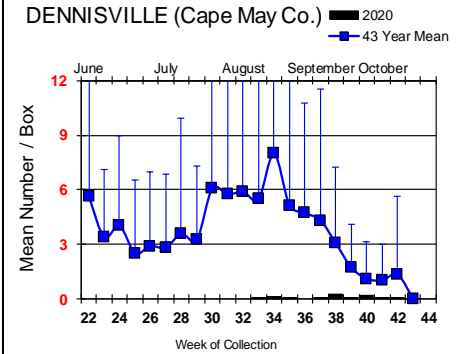
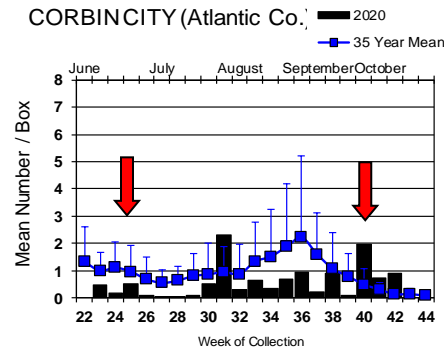
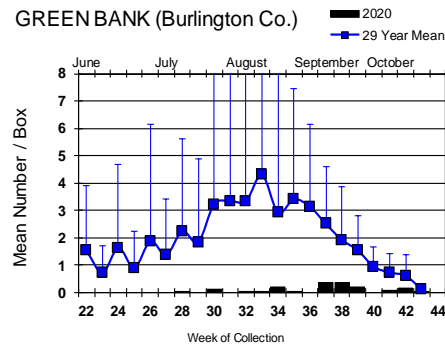
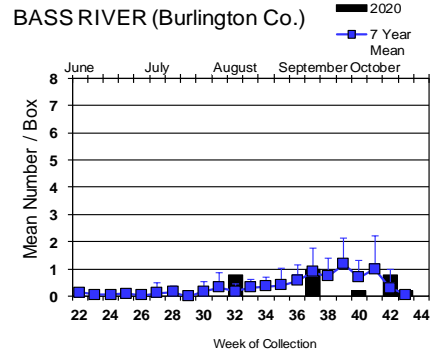
**Additional Species:** 40 additional species were tested for EEE. No positive pools have been detected to date.

**Overall MFIR rates, human and animal cases per county:**

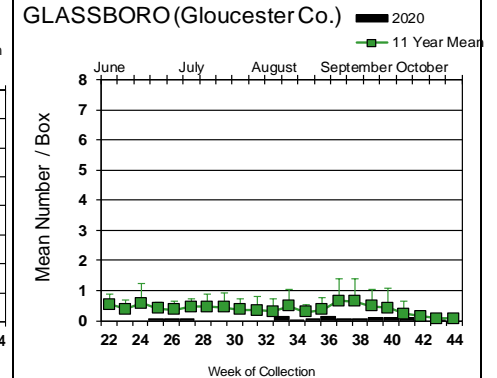
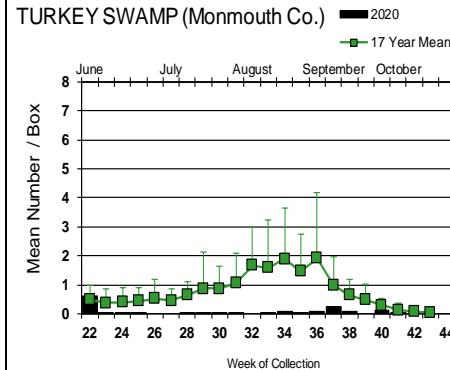
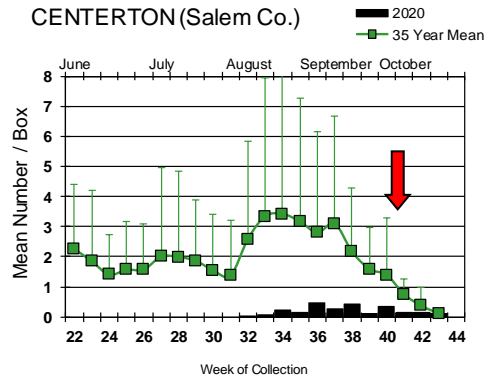
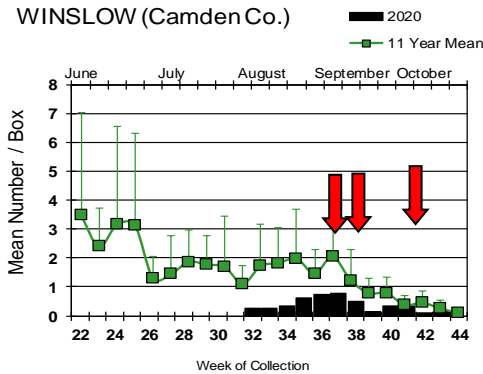


# Culiseta melanura Populations

## Coastal



## Inland



*Culiseta melanura* populations have been rising at a few site, sometimes above historical averages (Corbin City and Bass River). First positive EEE pool has been detected at Corbin City, on 17 June. Two more positive melanura pools detected at Winslow during CDC weeks 37 and 38. Next positive was detected at Corbin City on 30 September followed by a positive at Centerton during week 41 and finally a third positive at Winslow on 14 October. Although cooler weather is beginning, *Culiseta melanura* is a cold-hardy species, with equine bloodmeals occasionally showing up in this ornithophilic species. Horse cases have been recorded into November in New Jersey.



= Positive pool(s) detected (red = melanura, purple = other species).

EEE in US (2020 cumulative cases): (Black or Red = previous + new reported cases occurring)

- equine: **20+1deer**(FL) **1**(GA) **4**(IN) **5**(LA) **38**(MI) **7**(NC) **1**(MN) **1**(NJ) **7**(NY) **13**(SC) **4**(VA) **16**(WI)
- mosquito pools: **2**(CT) **1**(FL) **1**(LA) **66**(MA) **10**(NJ) **1**(RI)
- sentinel: **41+1duck**, **2**sparrows(FL)
- human: **1**(IN) **5**(MA) **2**(MI)

### West Nile Virus Positive Organisms in US, 2020

West Nile in US (2020 cumulative cases): Single black values indicate no change from previous week. Black values / red values equals previous week/**New totals**. Note: Data reported by all states should be considered provisional and subject to change. Sources for this table can be found [here](#).

	Birds	Mosquito Pools	Sentinels	Horses*	Humans
Alabama					<b>4/6</b>
Alaska					
Arizona		<b>94</b>	<b>27</b>		<b>7</b>
Arkansas					<b>1/2</b>
California	<b>314/333</b>	<b>2534/2598</b>	<b>123/129</b>	<b>16/17</b>	<b>123/135</b>
Colorado		<b>66</b>			<b>32/34</b>
Connecticut		<b>143</b>			<b>6</b>
Delaware					
Florida	<b>17</b>	<b>18</b>	<b>219/259</b>	<b>10/11</b>	<b>34/41</b>
Georgia					
Hawaii					
Idaho	<b>1</b>	<b>22</b>		<b>2</b>	<b>5</b>
Illinois	<b>10</b>	<b>2345</b>		<b>1</b>	<b>30/34</b>
Indiana	<b>0</b>	<b>55</b>		<b>1/3</b>	<b>1</b>
Iowa					<b>1</b>
Kansas					<b>2</b>
Kentucky				<b>2</b>	
Louisiana	<b>5</b>	<b>397/433</b>		<b>4</b>	<b>16</b>
Maine					<b>0</b>
Maryland(+DC)		<b>3</b>		<b>1</b>	<b>1</b>
Mass.		<b>97</b>			<b>8</b>
Michigan	<b>7</b>	<b>45</b>			<b>29</b>
Minnesota					<b>0</b>
Mississippi		<b>91</b>			<b>7</b>
Missouri		<b>0</b>		<b>0</b>	<b>1</b>

	Birds	Mosquito Pools	Sentinels	Horses*	Humans
Montana					<b>0</b>
Nebraska		<b>21</b>		<b>2</b>	<b>8/11</b>
Nevada					<b>0</b>
New Hampshire		<b>2</b>			<b>0</b>
New Jersey		<b>239</b>		<b>0</b>	<b>3</b>
New Mexico					<b>3</b>
New York					<b>3</b>
North Carolina					
North Dakota					<b>4/6</b>
Ohio		<b>666</b>		<b>0</b>	<b>2</b>
Oklahoma					<b>0</b>
Oregon	<b>1</b>	<b>3</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>0</b>
Pennsylvania		<b>623</b>			<b>8</b>
Rhode Island					<b>0</b>
South Carolina					
South Dakota		<b>6</b>			<b>8</b>
Tennessee					
Texas	<b>1</b>	<b>1329/1352</b>	<b>1</b>		<b>48</b>
Utah		<b>42/44</b>			
Vermont					<b>0</b>
Virginia					<b>0</b>
Washington	<b>0</b>	<b>11</b>		<b>0</b>	<b>2</b>
West Virginia					
Wisconsin					
Wyoming		<b>1</b>		<b>1</b>	<b>0</b>

\* Can include other species (e.g., dogs, cows) reported positive.

Protocol: New Jersey Department of Health (NJDH Public Health Environmental and Agricultural Laboratories, PHEAL) and the Cape May County Department of Mosquito Control tests mosquito pools using RT-PCR Taqman techniques.

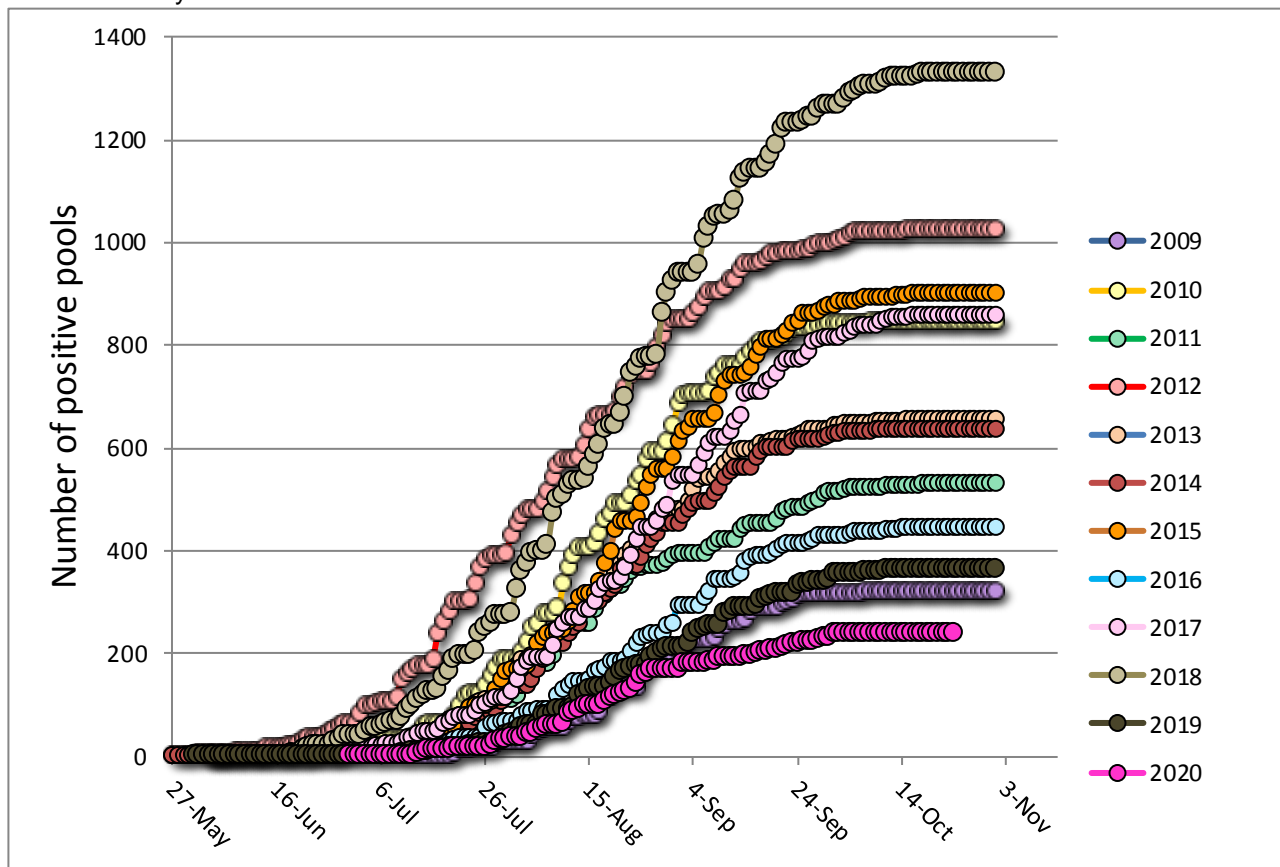
## Mosquito Species Submitted and Tested for West Nile Virus through 26 October 2020

Species	Pools	Mosquitoes	Positives	MFIR
<i>Aedes abserratus</i>	11	29		
<i>Aedes albopictus</i>	1174	9121	2	0.219
<i>Aedes atlanticus</i>	48	563		
<i>Aedes canadensis canadensis</i>	66	905	1	1.105
<i>Aedes cantator</i>	36	828		
<i>Aedes cinereus</i>	1	16		
<i>Aedes excrucians</i>	2	2		
<i>Aedes grossbecki</i>	1	4		
<i>Aedes infirmatus</i>	3	3		
<i>Aedes japonicus</i>	330	1396		
<i>Aedes mitchellae</i>	1	4		
<i>Aedes provocans</i>	1	1		
<i>Aedes sollicitans</i>	38	849		
<i>Aedes sticticus</i>	7	176		
<i>Aedes stimulans</i>	14	32		
<i>Aedes taeniorhynchus</i>	43	1517		
<i>Aedes thibaulti</i>	1	5		
<i>Aedes triseriatus</i>	314	987		
<i>Aedes trivittatus</i>	9	151		
<i>Aedes vexans</i>	109	1130		
<i>Anopheles barberi</i>	2	4		
<i>Anopheles bradleyi</i>	65	1378		
<i>Anopheles crucians</i>	34	392		
<i>Anopheles punctipennis</i>	162	2228		
<i>Anopheles quadrimaculatus</i>	133	2004		
<i>Anopheles walkeri</i>	2	7		
<i>Coquillettidia perturbans</i>	215	4861		
<i>Culex erraticus</i>	292	3203		
<i>Culex</i> spp.	3529	127128	229	1.801
<i>Culex pipiens</i>	710	12094	4	0.331
<i>Culex restuans</i>	327	2024	1	0.494
<i>Culex salinarius</i>	178	2059		
<i>Culex territans</i>	1	2		
<i>Culiseta inornata</i>	17	108		
<i>Culiseta melanura</i>	676	7105	2	0.281
<i>Culiseta morsitans</i>	13	48		
<i>Orthopodomyia signifera</i>	12	15		
<i>Psorophora ciliata</i>	3	5		
<i>Psorophora columbiae</i>	32	603		
<i>Psorophora cyanescens</i>	1	5		
<i>Psorophora ferox</i>	52	784		
<i>Psorophora howardii</i>	1	1		
<i>Uranotaenia sapphirina</i>	6	74		
<b>Grand Total</b>	<b>8672</b>	<b>183851</b>	<b>239</b>	<b>1.300</b>

**Remarks:** To date 8,672 pools of 183,851 mosquitoes from 42 species have been tested. 239 positive WNV pools have been detected by RTPCR this year, 229 pools in *Culex Mix*, 4 in *Culex pipiens*, 2 pools in *Aedes albopictus* and 1 in *Aedes canadensis canadensis* and 2 in *Culiseta melanura*. The pools were in Atlantic, Bergen, Burlington, Camden, Gloucester, Hudson, Hunterdon, Mercer, Middlesex, Monmouth, Morris, Passaic, Salem, Somerset, Union, and Warren counties (earliest collected 30 June).

**Humans, Horses and Wild Birds:** No horses have been reported infected with WNV in 2020. Three human case of WNV has been reported: first case in Essex County, the second and third in Monmouth County. Last year, eight human cases were reported. No horses were detected with WNV in 2019. See DOH reports on arbovirus activity for further information: <https://www.nj.gov/health/cd/statistics/arboviral-stats/index.shtml>

Birds are no longer routinely tested in New Jersey. One positive Red-tailed Hawk (*Buteo jamaicensis*) was found 6 October in Cumberland County.



Above is a graph showing cumulative number of positive pools for the previous 11 years, inclusive of the most active (2018) and least active (2009) years. 2020 is represented in PINK.

Go [here](#) for the table supplement of arbovirus by county by mosquito species.